

Norming and scaling sensitive behaviour in a student population at the University of KwaZulu-Natal.

Masters in Psychology

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I, Hafsah Shaik, declare that

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A cknowledgements

Thank you to all those that have assisted with this project. I appreciate all that was contributed towards the completion of this project and my accomplishments in life.

Abstract

This research aimed to norm and scale sensitivity amongst the student population at the University of KwaZulu-Natal (Pietermaritzburg campus). The focus of this research was to validate the sensitivity of a range of sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours used in previous research at the University. This is essential in order to determine if the behaviours studied at the University were in fact sensitive for the student population.

A pilot study was used in order to inform the questionnaire wording and social desirability scale used to norm and scale sensitivity amongst the student population. This research also made use of direct response options for comparison with the findings obtained from the norming option. A quantitative between subjects' experimental research design, utilizing purposive sampling of students between the ages of 18 - 35 was used as a means of norming and scaling sensitivity at UKZN.

This research was able to validate sensitivity for a wide range of behaviours previously considered to be sensitive by researchers at the University. A total of 44 out of the 186 behaviours previously studied at the University was considered sensitive by the student population. However, this study was not able to find a definitive link between social desirability bias and the results obtained.

Contents

List of Tables and Figures	i
Abbreviations and Symbols	ii
Chapter 1 - Introduction	1
Chapter 2 – Literature Review	3
2.1 Sensitive research	3
2.1.1 Perceptions of sensitivity	3
2.1.2. Perceptions of Sensitive Questions	5
2.1.3. Threats posed by research questions	6
2.2 The problem with sensitive research	7
2.2.1 Disclosure rates	8
2.2.2 Social desirability bias	10
2.3. (2013) Norming Study	13
2.4 Pilot Study	20
2.4.1 Structure of the Pilot Study	20
2.4.2 Results of the Pilot Study	25
2.4.3 Overview of the Pilot Study Results	26
Chapter 3 – Rationale and Aim	28
3.1 Rationale	28
3.2 Aims	28
3.3 Research Questions	29
3.4 Hypotheses	29
Chapter 4- Methodology	30
4.1 Research Design	30
4.2 Recruitment - Norming Study	31
4.3 Informed Consent	31
4.4 Data Collection	32
4.5 Data Analysis	34
Chapter 5 –Results	37
5.1 Sample	37
5.3 Social Desirability	42
Chapter 6 – Discussion	45

6.1 Norming Study45	
6.2 Social Desirability Scale49	
6.3 Implications for practical application50	
6.4 Limitations of the research50	
Chapter 7 – Conclusion51	
References	
Appendices	
Appendix 1 – 2013 Norming Study Questionnaire56	
Appendix 2 – 2013 Norming Study – Factor loadings	
Appendix 3 – Pilot Study66	
Appendix 3 A - Questionnaire66	
Appendix 3 B – Pilot study data69	
Appendix 4 – Information Form	
Appendix 5 - Consent form	
Appendix 6 – 2015 Norming Study Questionnaire	
Appendix 7 – Letter from CFC91	
Appendix 8 – SHREC Approval93	
Appendix 9 – Gatekeeper Approval94	
Appendix 10 – Current Norming Study Factor Loadings95	

List of Tables and Figures

Tables

Table 1	-	Social desirability scales – psychological properties
Table 2	-	Modes of Survey
Table 3	_	Norming items with shared factor loadings (2013)
Table 4	-	Pilot Study – Criterion Questions
Table 5	-	Pilot Study – Norming Options
Table 6	-	Pilot Study – Social desirability scales
Table 7	-	Current Norming Study – Pairwise hypotheses
Table 8	-	Data analysis of questions
Table 9	-	KMO and Bartlett's test
Table 10	_	Current Norming Study – Percentages and factor loadings
Table 11	_	Current Norming Study – Reliability statistics
Table 12	_	Social Desirability scale – Reliability statistics
Table 13	_	Current Norming Study – Least sensitive behaviours

Figures

- Figure 1: Relationship between studies
- Figure 2: Item distribution for UCT Type II
- Figure 3: Norming study Age distribution
- Figure 4: Norming study Gender distribution
- Figure 5: Norming Study Race distribution
- Figure 6: Norming Study Year of study
- Figure 7: Norming Study Religion distribution
- Figure 8: Norming Study Religious Commitment
- Figure 9: Norming Study Scree plot

Abbreviations and Symbols

Abbreviations

ACASI Audio Computer Assisted Self Interview

AIDS Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome

FTFI Face-to-Face Interview

HIV Human Immunodeficiency Virus

ICVI Informal Confidential Voting Interview

RRT Randomised Response Technique

SDS Social Desirability Scales

SRQ Self-Report Questionnaire

UCT Unmatched Count Technique

UKZN University of KwaZulu-Natal (Pietermaritzburg campus)

Symbols

Sensitive Items

* Criterion 1

** Criterion 2

Chapter 1 - Introduction

Researchers are faced with a methodological issue with regards to the term "sensitive" as it is often defined through the use of descriptions which are ambiguous and which are reliant on the researcher's perceptions of sensitivity. These descriptions include; risky, private, stressful, taboo, sacred, illegal, stigmatising and/or as behaviours which have consequences for those involved. This results in the term "sensitive" being used as though it were self-explanatory and common-sensical. Researchers who contribute to these common sense assumptions (by not explicitly defining sensitivity) include (Faberow, 1963; Sieber & Stanley, 1988; Lee & Renzetti, 1990; Tourangeau & Yan, 2007).

This has led to numerous studies being conducted as 'sensitive research' by various researchers (Dalton, Wimbush, & Daily, 1994; Labrie & Earleywine, 2000; Gregson, et al., 2004; Chaudhuri & Christofides, 2007; Coutts & Jann, 2008; Van der Elst, Okuku, Nakamya, Muhaari, & Davies, 2009; Langhaug, Sherr, & Cowan, 2010), who based on the available literature, consider various behaviours such as the "private aspect of alcohol, drug related, financial, abortion, criminal and sexual behaviours" to be considered as *sensitive* and thus in the domains of *sensitive research* (Shaik, 2013).

The University of KwaZulu-Natal (Pietermaritzburg campus) has conducted a series of studies investigating many of the behaviours regarded as sensitive by the above mentioned researchers, especially the behaviours which are considered to be risky sexual behaviours. Studies which were conducted amongst the student population and which emanated from the authors mentioned above, include coercive sex (sex which may be considered as forced sex) (Joubert, 2011), transactional sex (sex in exchange for goods) and coercive sex (Shaik, 2012), risky sexual practices and sex under intoxication (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013), to name a few.

These studies have produced significant findings in terms of sensitive research; however, the need still arises to discover what is *sensitive*. In so doing, researchers may be able to accurately differentiate between sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours in conjunction with their participants views of sensitivity.

This study has utilised a range of sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours which have been previously used in studies conducted amongst the student population at the University of KwaZulu- Natal (Pietermaritzburg campus) in an attempt to verify the behaviours regarded as sensitive.

Previous research by Masters' students (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013) has been conducted in an attempt to norm and scale sensitivity within a student population by measuring a range of sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours amongst the student population. However, factors such as a lengthy questionnaire and confusion resulting from the question posed may have hindered the results.

Therefore, this study has utilised a pilot study, which was conducted by Honours students (Kikia & Phillip, 2014), in order to discover the preferred question format, by testing the 2013 norming question along with a range of other norming options, and two social desirability short-form scales, namely the Hays et al. (1989) 5 item Social Desirability Scale and the Reynolds (1982) 13 item Social Desirability Scale in order to establish the most efficient question format for norming and scaling sensitivity and the most reliable social desirability scale.

The results of the pilot study revealed that the preferred question format for norming sensitivity is "I would NOT want anyone to know the following about me, because it is so sensitive." The scale most efficient in detecting social desirability bias for the student population was the Reynolds (1982) 13 item social desirability scale.

This study is important as it is the first of its kind to utilise a pilot study in an attempt to investigate how best to ask the norming question amongst the student population. This is important in terms of dealing with the concerns raised in the norming study (disclosure rates as a form of validity) (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013), as well as to inform research into sensitive behaviours at UKZN.

Overall research into sensitive issues is important to social science and public health researchers as obtaining criterion validity can be costly and somewhat impossible for researchers. This means that researchers have to rely on self-reports obtained from participants (as a form of validity) in order to inform future research and draw conclusions on important topics such as HIV transmission, STI's, corruption and other similar issues.

Chapter 2 - Literature Review

It is of fundamental importance to understand how sensitive research and sensitive issues have been described by researchers in order to understand some of the assumptions held by researchers. This review will highlight the problems with these assumptions as well as look at why research into these topics is important. This review will then highlight the challenges of conducting sensitive research, such as disclosure rates of sensitive behaviours and the problem of social desirability bias. This review will conclude by discussing the norming study (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013) and the pilot study (Kikia & Phillip, 2014) conducted at UKZN, in an attempt to inform the rationale for this study.

2.1 Sensitive research

Research into sensitive behaviours is important as many address society's most pressing issues such as racism, risky behaviours related to drugs, sex, alcohol, abortion, religious and political issues. Research into these issues creates awareness, informs intervention programmes, the public and future research aimed at benefiting individuals (Dickson-Swift, Liamputtong, & James, 2008).

When researching sensitive behaviours, researchers often find research which is out-dated (Lee & Renzetti, 1990) (Faberow, 1963), dictionary descriptions of sensitive behaviours (Noland, 2012), problems associated with sensitive research (Tourangeau & Yan, 2007), ethical considerations of doing sensitive research (Draucker, Martsolf, & Poole, 2009), methods used for researching sensitive behaviours and disclosure rates for sensitive behaviours (Chaudhuri & Christofides, 2007) to name a few, all of which will be reviewed below. However, very little research has been conducted in order to establish *what is sensitive* and/or which provides distinct criteria through which sensitivity may be defined and which can be used with confidence by researchers wanting to study sensitive behaviours.

2.1.1 Perceptions of sensitivity

When posing the question, "what is sensitive research?" various common-sensical explanations are provided, which overlap with the dictionary definition of what is sensitive, namely something which is "kept secret" or something which is capable of "endangering the security" of an individual (Oxford dictionaries online, 2004, para. 3). These descriptions also provide insight into the types of questions used in sensitive research (Section 2.1.2) and the threats associated with each of these questions (Section 2.1.3).

These descriptions include the assumption that sensitive research deals with topics which are "taboo" (as cited in Dickson-Swift, Liamputtong, & James, 2008, p. 2), or which cause discomfort to individuals when discussing them, due to them creating a sense of guilt or shame in an individual (Noland, 2012, para 9). Defining sensitivity in these terms can lead to much confusion as the definition of taboo is ambiguous, where some researchers define taboo as topics which "are laden with emotion or which inspire feelings of awe or dread" (as cited in Dickson-Swift, Liamputtong, & James, 2008, p. 2).

However for others the definition of taboo is heavily culturally determined and is subject to norms and social approval, as taboo may also mean gay, incest, mixed marriages and the like in some countries. This in itself proves problematic as cultural and social norms differ for various people and places and there would be no clear indication of what taboo is, and therefore there would be confusion in terms of what sensitivity would be. Suggesting discomfort implies that the topic delves into a person's private sphere, thereby implying that this information should be "kept secret".

Delving into individuals' private spheres may result in danger to both the researcher and those researched, especially if the information obtained is incriminating or illegal. This is in accordance with the second half of the dictionary definition, namely "endangering a person's security." Researchers who utilise this assumption regard sensitive issues, as those issues which contain "consequences or implications" or "poses a threat to those involved" or as issues which are "intimate, discreditable or incriminating" (Draucker, Martsolf, & Poole, 2009; Sieber & Stanley as cited in Dickson-Swift, Liamputtong, & James, 2008, p. 1; Lee & Renzetti, 1990). However, a lot of health and social science research fits into this category, especially research dealing with sex, sexual abuse, drug use, violence, death, birth and cancer (Dickson-Swift, Liamputtong, & James, 2008).

Furthermore, this definition is not very useful as most research has consequences attached to it, either positive (such as creating awareness or informing research) or negative (such as stigmatisation or endangering the security of those involved). Draucker, Martsolf, and Poole, (2009) further suggest that sensitive issues "challenge social value," however these values differ from person to person.

Defining research that delves into a person's private sphere as sensitive will not be useful in terms of defining sensitivity. This is because each person has a different private sphere and this varies for each individual and their state of affairs. Topics are sometimes deemed as sensitive because of the feelings that they evoke and the perception of risks that they pose and these risks are perceived differently by various people such as gatekeepers, ethics committees, researchers and participants (Draucker, Martsolf, & Poole, 2009).

Since this research aims to determine what is sensitive for the student population, sensitivity will be defined as those behaviours which have low disclosure rates (despite taking measures to ensure anonymity) and which are indicated as sensitive by the students in question (through the use of the questionnaire). These questions may pose some kind of threat and/or consequences (See review below) and thus, that may be the cause of low disclosure rates despite the assurance of anonymity, however further qualitative research may be required to determine the cause.

2.1.2. Perceptions of Sensitive Questions

Research suggests that there are three types of sensitive questions, namely, *intrusive* questions, questions which *pose* a threat to disclosure and questions which elicit social desirability bias (Tourangeau & Yan, 2007).

Intrusive questions are questions which touch on taboo topics and invade a person's private sphere. These are sometimes regarded as sensitive as these questions are regarded as "an invasion of privacy" and may sometimes be regarded as offensive by the participant. This categorisation is mostly based on the content of the question rather than on the location of the interview (Tourangeau & Yan, 2007). Exploring such questions can result in emotional distress, especially if the issue is related to a traumatic event (Draucker, Martsolf, & Poole, 2009).

The second concept deals with the consequences associated with providing a truthful response to the questions posed. Such questions are sensitive due to the consequences that may be attached to the responses should a third party become aware of the responses provided. However, participants vary in terms of how much they worry about confidentiality and if they feel they have anything to hide and/or any consequences related to their disclosure (Tourangeau & Yan, 2007). Such perceptions affect the overall credibility of research

findings and are a major problem in terms of research into sensitive behaviours as they affect disclosure rates (See Section 2.2.1).

The final concept deals with social desirability. This deals with the extent to which a question requires an answer that may be perceived as socially unacceptable. This concept delves into society's norms of acceptability and unacceptability where deviations from these norms are somewhat unacceptable (Tourangeau & Yan, 2007). However, once again these norms are socially constructed and differ for various people and places.

Just as the interpretation (intrusive, disclosure and/or social desirability) of sensitive questions posed differ from person to person, so does the possible threats (See review below) posed by the responses obtained differ from person to person. These factors all hinder the quality and credibility of the data obtained (See Section 2.2).

2.1.3. Threats posed by research questions

Literature also suggests that these questions (intrusive, disclosure and/or social desirability questions reviewed above) pose some kind of threat to the participants. These threats include; *intrusive threat, threat of sanction* and *political threat*. Intrusive threat deals with parts of a person's life that are private, stressful or sacred and these include sexual and/or religious practices (Lee, 1993).

Threat of sanction deals with deviance (not conforming to social norms) and these studies might divulge facts that are "stigmatizing or incriminating in some ways to the participant" (Tourangeau & Yan, 2007). These include studies related to drug abuse which may have some form of illegal behaviour attached to them. Political sanction on the other hand involves researching areas that deal with social conflict, such as police brutality (Lee, 1993).

What is clear from the above reviews, relating to sensitive research and sensitive questions is that researchers utilise what can be labelled as 'the common sense approach' to what constitutes sensitivity by associating emotions, response/nonresponse rates and/or consequences attached to behaviours to determine whether the behaviours should be treated as sensitive or not. This has many problems attached to it, which include, the lack of a distinct definition in terms of sensitivity, which leads to variability depending on context such as political, cultural and social factors, and confusion resulting from ambiguity.

This may be because of sensitivity being treated as something which need not be defined or because of the nature of the research and/or research emanating from current situations which people are not quite ready to disclose information on thus resulting in the research being considered as "sensitive".

Sometimes research is considered as sensitive based on participant's responses to questions, where researchers regard behaviours as sensitive due to participants low/ lack of responses in terms of the behaviour in question. Sensitivity could also be analysed as a scale. Where some behaviours may be considered as more or less sensitive than other behaviours in question. Analysing sensitivity on a scale may prove useful for the development of future research methods such as the Unmatched Count Technique II (Chaudhuri & Christofides, 2007) (See Section 2.3). This may be achieved through statistics (based on factor loadings), disclosure rates and/or non-response rates, researchers may categorise behaviours on a scale from low sensitivity to high sensitivity. This in itself is one of the many problems researchers face, some of which will be reviewed below.

2.2 The problem with sensitive research

Sensitive research is reliant on self- disclosures (revealing private information in the form of thoughts, feelings and/or experiences) obtained from the people being researched in order to draw conclusions about matters which may be deemed important. These disclosures or non-disclosures obtained from participants are sometimes the only form of information that a researcher may have available. These disclosure rates determine the quality and credibility of the research conducted, as disclosure rates are often used as a form of validity (Labrie & Earleywine, 2000).

Disclosure rates that are laden with errors in terms of under reporting, non-responses, over-reporting and/or social desirability bias (See review below) can have major problems for researchers. These problems exist in terms of the research itself, policy developers and the people being researched. These problems include; an unstable foundation for future research, inaccurate theory building as well as service personnel and policymakers being misguided in terms of the development of effective programs (Lee & Renzetti, 1990).

2.2.1 Disclosure rates

Researchers still struggle to measure sensitive and or stigmatising behaviours which are important in terms of understanding health risks. This difficulty is mostly prevalent in questions related to "drug use, sexual behaviours and illegal behaviours which are usually thought of as sensitive" (Dickson-Swift, Liamputtong, & James, 2008). These behaviours tend to produce reasonably higher non-response rates and/or larger measurement errors in responses than questions on other topics (Tourangeau & Yan, 2007). This is further highlighted as the history of respondents is unknown and therefore regardless of the response format used one may never know the truthfulness behind the responses obtained (Lee & Renzetti, 1990).

Furthermore, sometimes disclosure rates of certain behaviours such as sexual activity, drug abuse, criminal and mental or emotional states can only be researched using self – reports obtained from participants (Brener, Billy, & Grady, 2003). Researchers are unable to validate these self-reports in terms of their accuracy and are often faced with low disclosure rates that cannot be easily explained from the data obtained. Therefore it is important to know whether the behaviours studied are in fact sensitive, as this may affect their ability to admit to the behaviour or to have a full mental recollection of the behaviour.

Participants sometimes struggle to recall all their past behaviours or at times may even misreport their engagement in these behaviours, such as male sexual bragging (Korb, 2011). Further contributing factors which result in the validity and reliability of the study being questionable result from factors such as individuals' perceptions of the questions, ranging from individuals not understanding the item, not considering the item to be sensitive, experiencing feelings of discomfort and embarrassment because of the question, being unfamiliar with the terms used or the contextual meaning of the terms and social desirability responding (Dickson-Swift, Liamputtong, & James, 2008).

Another contributing factor may be due to the fear of the consequences of admitting to such behaviours; which make it difficult to obtain data on sensitive issues. Regardless of the assurances offered by researchers in terms of confidentiality and guarantees of nondisclosure, participants may still be suspicious of these assurances and this in itself may impact on misreporting of illegal and/or socially undesirable behaviours (Lee & Renzetti, 1990). Validating the responses obtained is also problematic as it can be costly and impractical,

requiring biological endpoints or external validation such as case records and in many cases external validation may not be possible (Shaik, 2013).

Whilst little information is available on gender differences in terms of disclosure, some studies have found no differences (Ong & Weiss, The impact of anonymity on responses to "sensitive" questions, 2000), whilst other studies have found that survey formats may influence males more than females, for example, where anonymity and confidentiality are prioritised in research, men tend to disclose more than women and women tend to disclose decreased rates of involvement of the behaviours in question (Dickson-Swift, Liamputtong, & James, 2008).

With the advancement of technology and considering that many people are prone to disclosing information which is of a *sensitive* nature about themselves on social media, researchers have found that people still have a tendency to skew their levels of disclosure in a socially desirable direction (Dickson-Swift, Liamputtong, & James, 2008). Due to the nature of sensitive behaviours researched and the trend for participants to represent themselves in a favourable way, it then becomes important to include a social desirability scale to deal with such biases (Coutts & Jann, 2008).

Therefore it becomes imperative to develop a study which validates participants' perceptions of behaviours, in terms of sensitivity and non-sensitivity, whilst monitoring the effect of social desirability bias on disclosure rates. This would assist with the question of whether or not the behaviours researched are in fact sensitive for the participants in question and if the responses obtained have been hindered by some form of bias.

This is important as disclosure rates are sometimes used a measure of validity and these disclosure rates are often used to distinguish the efficiency of one method over another in terms of reporting behaviours which are related to issues such as sex, drugs, abortion, death, corruption and the like (Dalton, Wimbush, & Daily, 1994).

The following section will review the effect of social desirability bias and the two shortened versions of the Crowne and Marlowe (1960) social desirability scales, namely the Hays et al., (1989) five item social desirability scale and the Reynolds (1982) thirteen item social desirability scale.

2.2.2 Social desirability bias

In order to avoid stigmatisation, participants may deny engaging in behaviours which are deemed socially undesirable. This is known as social desirability bias (McCosker, Barnard, & Gerber, 2001). "Social desirability bias is detected when individuals present themselves as honourable, virtuous and moral by denying traits which are undesirable yet common, such as jealousy or anger and/or by displaying an increase in traits such as never being late or never lying to others" (Crowne & Marlowe, 1960).

The idea behind social desirability bias is, that participants are afraid to disclose information that might lead to them being judged by society (McCosker, Barnard, & Gerber, 2001). This is visible in questions pertaining to issues which are considered to be personal and which infringe on a person's private life, and may prevent researchers from compiling accurate information for studies (McCosker, Barnard, & Gerber, 2001).

This particular bias influences studies as it causes a decrease in reports of behaviours which are deemed socially undesirable, such as behaviours that may bring about distress, including "shame, remorse and embarrassment" and/or an increase in reports of behaviours that are considered desirable (Hays, Hayashi, & Stewart, 1989). This can result in research being weakened which can lead to incorrect or untrue categorizing of relationships in research.

Questions that deal with activities that are considered desirable by individuals are most likely to be influenced by social desirability bias (Brener, Billy, & Grady, 2003). In agreement with this view, Van der Mortel (2008) has found that responses which are considered favourable are prevalent when social value is placed on the items being asked in the questionnaire. This is because there are community and social expectations attached to the behaviours that people feel the need to conform to.

On the other hand, some respondents may respond positively to such questions in an attempt to gain attention or self-deception (Van der Mortel, 2008). This may be true for alcohol use, drug abuse, and sexually related behaviours, which tend to have a prevalence of positive responses which are sometimes deemed status amongst certain populations and places (Brener, Billy, & Grady, 2003). Gender differences in reporting also have an impact in terms of social desirability bias, especially in terms of questions related to sexual activity, such that men are most likely to over-report their lifetime partners while women under-report them, which in turn leads to biases in survey estimates (Langhaug, Sherr, & Cowan, 2010).

In an attempt to deal with these issues, social desirability scales can be added to questionnaires (Catania, Mcdermott, & Pollack, 1986). Two such scales will be reviewed below, as they will form part of this study, these include, the Hays et al., (1989) five item social desirability scale and the Reynolds (1982) thirteen item social desirability scale due to the short nature and ease of administration possessed by the scales.

2.2.2.1 Overview of the social desirability scales

Since World – War II researchers have been attempting to measure the propensity for individuals to describe themselves in a favourable way using many social desirability scales (Johnson & Fendrich, 2002). One such scale which has been used is the Crowne and Marlowe (1960) scale, which was developed in an attempt to recognize behaviours which are alleged to be ideal but which are carried out only once in a while. This scale consisted of a total of thirty-three items. However, due to its length many short versions of the scale have been derived from it. Such as the Hays et al., (1989) five item social desirability scale or the Reynolds (1982) eleven, twelve and thirteen item scale which can be included in studies, in order to measure the threat of social desirability bias in studies. These scales have produced significant correlations between positive self-evaluation and over-reporting.

The Hays et al., (1989) scale was derived from the Reynolds (1982) scale. These items were derived from form A of the Crowne and Marlowe (1960) scale. These items were selected due to them having the highest item to item correlation. These scales are considered to cover the "most practical concerns" of researchers who utilise self-report data (Hays, Hayashi, & Stewart, 1989).

These scales consist of a range of questions which were intended to calculate the probability of an individual responding in a favourable way, as opposed to an honest way (Catania, Mcdermott, & Pollack, 1986). These questions were related to character and "attitudes", and a failure to provide responses which were regarded as socially unfavourable regarding these questions, indicated that the individual was not suitable as a participant (Johnson & Fendrich, 2002).

The scales can be administered by the interviewer (verbally at the beginning or end of an interview) and in most cases attached to the interview sheet as part of the questionnaire. They require minimal time to complete due to their simple format. Respondents are required to

rank each item in the scale according to the Likert scale format with response options which range from "strongly disagree to strongly agree" (Hays, Hayashi, & Stewart, 1989). The rationale for this type of scale is based on the opinion that it is problematic for participants to offer direct responses (true or false) to such questions. Based on these responses, only the most extreme responses are considered to be an indication of social desirability bias (Hays, Hayashi, & Stewart, 1989).

Table 1: Social Desirability Scales - Psychometric properties						
Psychometric Properties Scales						
	Hays et al., (1989) Reynolds (1982)					
Format	5 item scale	13 item scale				
Scale	1 to 4	1 to 4				
Reliability	.66 / .68	.68 / .76 / .89				
Validity	Not established	Not established				

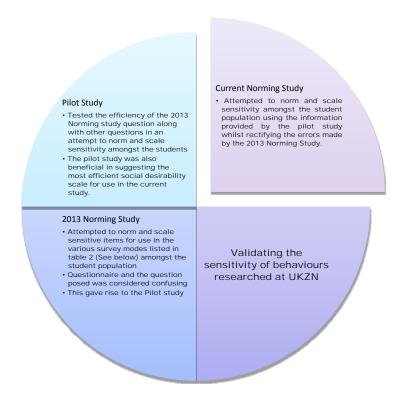
Both scales contain satisfactory reliability coefficients (Reynolds, 1982; Hays et al., 1989). However, for both the scales, their validity had not been established in studies conducted using the scales (Reynolds, 1982; Hays et al., 1989). Some studies have also found that regardless of achieving high social desirability ratings people tend to still admit to behaviours which defy social norms. These include studies related to risky sexual behaviours which have utilised the Hays et al. (1989) five item social desirability scale (Fynn, 2013, Shaik, 2012; Shaik, 2013) and a study related to cocaine use (Johnson & Fendrich, 2002), which utilised the Reynolds (1982) eleven item scale.

Why this may be the case requires further investigation, as the scales have produced satisfactory results in other studies (Kozma & Stones, 1987; Welte & Russell, 1993) and are still widely used to date. Therefore, these scales were compared through the means of a pilot study and the most efficient scale, as determined by the pilot study was utilised in this norming study together with the questionnaire wording as chosen by the student population at the University of KwaZulu-Natal.

Due to no known literature being available in terms of *norming and scaling sensitivity*, this study will review the results of the 2013 norming study conducted by (Fynn, 2013; Shaik

2013) and the pilot study which informed the design of this study(See figure 1 and write-up below 2.3 & 2.4). This will serve to highlight the rationale of the current study in terms of choosing a norming question and social desirability scale that may have been better adapted to assist with norming and scaling sensitivity amongst the student population at UKZN.

Figure 1- Relationship between the studies



2.3. (2013) Norming Study

The purpose of the 2013 norming study was to norm and scale a range of sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours amongst the student population at the University of KwaZulu-Natal for use in a range of wider studies conducted which utilised various modes of survey, namely the Unmatched count technique (UCT Type I and Type II), Self-Report questionnaire (SRQ), Audio Computer Assisted Self Interview (ACASI), Face-to- face interview (FTFI) and the Informal Confidential Voting Interview (ICVI), all of which were utilised by researchers for various other studies (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013). The following table (Table 2) has been provided in an attempt to provide a brief overview of each of the modes of survey utilised before proceeding to discuss the format of the norming study and the problems experienced.

Table 2: Modes of Survey

Mode of	Description of modes of survey			
Survey				
UCT Type	Indirect assessment technique			
I	• Participants are given a series of statements and are required to indicate			
	only the number of statements which are true for them and not which			
	statements are true for them			
	 Consists of about 5 to 6 items 			
	Only one item is the item of interest			
	• Items are made up of mostly non-sensitive <i>unrelated</i> items (items are not			
	related to the sensitive item)			
UCT Type	Indirect assessment technique			
II	• Participants are given a series of statements and are required to indicate			
	only the number of statements which are true for them and not which			
	statements are true for them			
	 Consists of about 5 to 6 items 			
	• Only one item is the item of interest			
	• Items are made up of mostly non-sensitive <i>related</i> items (items are not			
	related to the sensitive item)			
	Based on Chaudhuri and Christofides (2007) suggestion			
SRQ	Direct assessment technique			
	Forced choice format			
	• True and false response options			
ACASI	Direct Assessment technique			
	Computer functions as interviewer			
	Makes use of an audio format to interact with the interviewee by			
	providing the instructions, question and response options via audio			
	through a headset			
	Respondent responds by pushing a button based on the instructions			
FTFI	Direct Assessment technique			
	Traditional form of interview format			
	• Interviewer asks interview questions and is able to probe answers			
	provided.			

ICVIDirect Assessment techniqueBlend of FTFI and SRQ

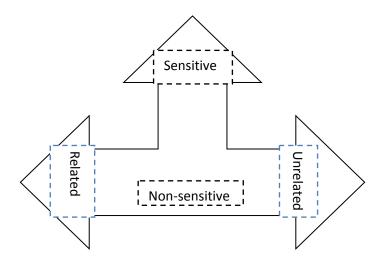
- Utilises wooden box with screen and a means of confidentiality as the device prevents the interviewer from viewing the response
- Interviewer is present however participant responds on a piece of paper which is inserted into a wooden box.

The 2013 norming study attempted norm and scale the behaviours used in previous studies at UKZN, before including them in the modes of survey listed above. The study experienced a few problems due to its length and the norming question posed, therefore a subsequent study was required in order to address some of the problems experienced. This current norming study, with the use of the pilot study, is an attempt to address the issues experienced with the 2013 norming study, all of which will be reviewed below.

The items which were being normed and scaled were extracted from various studies (Chaudhuri & Christofides, 2007; Coutts & Jann, 2009; Dalton et al., 1994; Gregson et al., 2004; LaBrie & Earleywine, 2000; Langhaug, et al., 2010; Van der Elst, et al., 2009) and were previously used by various other researchers at the university for the modes of survey comparative studies mentioned above (Alledhan, 2011; Joubert, 2011; Pienaar, 2003). These items were also chosen due to their relevance to social science and public health research, given the prevalence of high risk sexual behavior implicated in HIV and STI transmission in Sub-Saharan Arica. Apart from attempting to gain consensus among the population for the behaviours regarded as sensitive in the domains of risky sexual behaviours and sex under intoxication, the 2013 norming study also aimed to extract items from the non-sensitive category for use in the UCT Type II (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013)

This attempt was the first of its kind and was based on a suggestion made by Chaudhuri and Christofides (2007), of including items related to the behaviour in question, thereby creating a UCT Type II. This meant that the UCT Type I would have non-sensitive items that were general and unrelated to the behaviour in question and that the UCT Type II would have items that were non-sensitive but that were related in some ways to the behaviour in question (See figure 2 below).

Figure 2 – Item extraction for UCT Type II



For instance the UCT Type I would enquire about hobbies and preferences whereas the UCT Type II would enquire about health related issues such as condom use, visits to the doctor and their degree of physical contact with a partner, such as light or heavy petting (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013).

Based on the above aim and rationale the 2013 norming study was constructed with this question, "If the item were true for me, I would not want anyone to know about it." Sensitivity was operationalised in the norming study by asking participants to indicate which of the behaviours, *if they were true for the participant*; they would not like anyone to know about it (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013). The 2013 norming study was a paper and pencil rating sheet and consisted of a total of 186 items and a four point Likert scale with the following options:

- True for me
- Partially true for me
- Partially NOT true for me
- Not true at all for me

Since the question seemed lengthy, the question was posed with an example of what was expected and four counter balanced versions of the questionnaire were created with the question printed at the top of each page as a reminder to the participants (See Appendix 1).

The questionnaires were handed out to 360 participants and the results were analysed using factor analysis in order to achieve categories of sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours. Items with factor loadings of .4¹ or greater were included into the study (See Appendix 2). The use of .4 factor loadings was mainly influenced by the data obtained which determined the minimum and maximum values.

Based on the aim of the study, which was to have two categories of non-sensitive items, that is non-sensitive related and unrelated items, the non-sensitive category was split into two. The higher the factor loading in the sensitive category, the more sensitive the item was considered to be, likewise for the non-sensitive category, the higher the loading the least sensitive the item was considered to be. All general items were considered to be non-sensitive unrelated and all health and wellbeing items were considered to be non-sensitive related items (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013).

After providing insight in terms of the format and statistical procedures conducted, this research will now provide an overview of the results obtained in an attempt to shed some light in terms of the achievements and the limitations of the norming study with regards to the overall aim of the study (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013). The 2013 norming study achieved the following:

- ➤ 127 items for use in the modes of survey based on factor loadings
- > Two categories; sensitive and non-sensitive
- ➤ 36 sensitive items
- ➤ 91 non-sensitive items
- ➤ Non-sensitive category was able to be divided into related and unrelated items for use in the UCT Type II
- ➤ 20 sensitive items were extracted for use in the modes of survey, 15 were left out on the basis of repetition

17 | Page

¹ See data analysis section for more information (section 4.5)

> 20 non-sensitive related and non-sensitive unrelated items were extracted for use in the modes of survey

With the above achievements came a few limitations, such as not enough items for use in the modes of survey, especially with regards to the UCT Type II.

To elaborate, for credibility purposes items with factor loadings of .4 and above were only selected for use in the study. Anything below had to be discarded. Items such as "felt ready the first time I had sex," "know where to buy condoms", "am comfortable receiving gifts from my sexual partner", "am concerned about contracting a sexually transmitted disease", "am comfortable with casual sex," "first had sex between the ages of 14 and 18" and "have engaged in heavy petting (including genital contact" to name a few featured below the .4 in terms of correlating highly with sensitivity and non-sensitivity, thereby limiting our options for UCT type II and the overall modes of survey(Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013) (See Appendix 2).

Apart from the achievements and limitations some interesting findings were also present in the norming study in terms of the sensitivity category. Such as the item "Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to," which has previously featured in studies (Joubert, 2011, Shaik, 2012) on coercive sex and considered to be sensitive did not feature in the list of sensitive items due to having a factor loading of below .4.

The top five sensitive items for the student population were:

- 1. "Have had sex with someone when I was so drunk that I do not remember it" (.773)
- 2. "Have forced someone to have sex with me" (.772)
- 3. "Have had sexual intercourse when so under the influence of alcohol that I was unable to consent" (.761)
- 4. "Have engaged in sexual intercourse while under the influence of alcohol that I later regretted" (.746)
- 5. "Have tried to get someone else intoxicated in the hopes of having sexual intercourse with them" (.745)

Some items had the same factor loadings, such as (See table 3):

Table 3: Norming Items with shared factor loadings (2013)

Factor loading	Item
	"Have been in a sexual relationship for goods (e.g. cell phone, fashionable
.693	clothes"
.093	"Have been in a sexual relationship in exchange for things I need (e.g. food
	transport, accommodation, fees)
.651	"Have raped someone together with one or more of my friends"
.031	"Have had sex with a teacher or lecturer"
	"Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to
.640	have sexual intercourse with me"
	"Have had sex with someone who was in an authority position in relation to me"
.462	"Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month"
.702	"Have been pressurised to have sex without a condom"

The top five *least sensitive* items for the population in ascending order were:

- 1. "Use the contraceptive pill" (.435)
- 2. "Only use condoms with a new partner" (.445)
- 3. "Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month" and "Have been pressurised to have sex without a condom" (.462)
- 4. "Had sex the first time when I did not really feel like doing it" (.465)
- 5. "Had sex when I was younger than 14" (.466)

What is also interesting is that the items dealing with behaviours which are deemed stigmatizing and can pose serious health risks for those involved, such as "Had unprotected sex whilst knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection" (.702) featured in the top 10 sensitive behaviours but was considered less sensitive than having sex drunk or having unprotected sex (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013). This in itself is a clear indication of how important it is for researchers to know what is *sensitive* when researching sensitivity, as it becomes difficult to explain disclosure rates obtained in terms of their association to sensitivity or some other variable which may have been overlooked.

While the study produced some interesting findings in terms of the results reviewed above, many participants complained about the length and format of the questionnaire, in terms of the question posed (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013).

Many found the scale to be contradictory to the question for the following reasons:

- The question asks the participants; *if the item were true for them* they would *not* want anyone to know about it, but
- The scale provides response options such as "true for me" and "not true for me" with in between response options such as "partially true for me" and "partially not true for me"

Apart from the overall feedback obtained in the field when handing out and collecting questionnaires the main problem experienced as stated above was in terms of generating a sufficient amount of items for use in the UCT Type II (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013).

Therefore the question used in the 2013 norming study was piloted along with a range of other questions to ensure that this norming study is able to deal with and eliminate confusion and to produce a range of items that can be used with confidence, in terms of their sensitivity ratings, in the survey modes mentioned above.

2.4 Pilot Study

2.4.1 Structure of the Pilot Study

The pilot study was conducted by Honours students Kikia and Phillips (2014) and was designed to inform the norming study. The design of the pilot study (See Appendix 3) had to facilitate the following two objectives:

- 1. To discover which question format would be best suited when attempting to norm and scale a range of sensitive behaviours among the student population. This included the question posed in the 2013 norming study.
- 2. To determine which social desirability scale was most efficient for use in future studies with this student population.

This pilot study attempted to achieve the above mentioned objectives by making use of the following:

- Criterion questions (questions with direct response options)
- Norming questions (questions with indirect response options)
- Two Short form social desirability scales

Criterion Questions and Norming Options

There were two criterion questions includes in the pilot questionnaire. Criterion questions are questions which utilised a direct response format with only two response options (See tables below). The use of these criterion questions was based on the suggestion that it is sometimes difficult for participants to offer direct responses to items related to their actions (Hays, Hayashi, & Stewart, 1989). These criterion questions were necessary in order to validate the norming questionnaire and to validate the social desirability scale. The inclusion of these criterion questions was necessary in order to achieve a direct link between sensitivity and the norming option. The norming options were standardized and utilised a Likert scale with four response options.

The format of the Criterion questions and the norming options can be viewed below:

Table 4: Pilot Study - Criterion questions							
Number: Criterion: Choice 1: Choice 2:							
1	These items are (for me):	Sensitive	Non- Sensitive				
2	These items are true (for me):	True	False				

Number	Type of Questionnaire	Choice	Choice	Choice	Choice
		1	2	3	4
1	I regard the following as so sensitive that if it were	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	true about me, I would not want anyone to know about it	Agree			Disagree
2	I would not want anyone to know the following about	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
2	me, because it is so sensitive	Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
3	I regard the following as sensitive information that one	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	should not disclose to anyone.	Agree			Disagree
4	I regard the following as sensitive information that one	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	should not disclose to researchers.	Agree			Disagree

5	I regard the following as non-sensitive in that I would	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	be willing to disclose this information to anyone	Agree			Disagree

Criterion Option 1

Criterion option 1 included the following options, namely the one with response options "sensitive" and "non-sensitive" was used to validate the 2013 study and its findings and/or provide insight into how best to phrase the question of "what is sensitive?' among the student population, thereby achieving the objective of norming and scaling sensitivity. The pilot study questionnaire also contained a criterion question to validate the efficiency of the social desirability scales utilised (Kikia & Phillip, 2014). This criterion question had the following response options, "true for me" and "false for me."

The first of the norming questions was used in the 2013 study, the other four questions are phrased differently for purposes of being able to establish the boundaries of disclosure in terms of sensitive information whilst being able to establish if the students are willing to disclose sensitive information about themselves and to whom (Kikia & Phillip, 2014).

This was important as previously (2013 norming study), sensitivity was personalised (true about me) which resulted in many problems, so now it is hoped that by generalising sensitivity (the following is so sensitive) and including the criterion question (sensitive/ non-sensitive) we may be able to either validate the previous norming study, or inform this current study on how best to ask the student population the question of *what is sensitive* for them.

The pilot study also attempted to use theoretical validation, which will also be used in this current study. People are sometimes reluctant to disclose information which is deemed socially inappropriate (Droitcour et al., 1991). This implies that people are prone to upholding the norms held by society. So if participants explicitly state that a behaviour is sensitive, then disclosure rates should be low for the behaviour in question. However if the behaviour is not sensitive then the behaviour could be disclosed openly (Droitcour et al., 1991). This type of theoretical validation further motivated for the use of the first Criterion question aimed at validating the norming options.

Criterion Option 2

The second Criterion question which was aimed at validating the social desirability scales, made use of the following theoretical validation, those who regard behaviours as sensitive

and who do not wish to disclose the behaviour to anyone should then score high in terms of social desirability in an attempt to portray themselves in a favourable light (Hays et al. 1989). Therefore if students regard the item as sensitive then theoretically it is believed that such behaviours have consequences attached to them and therefore individuals are unwilling to admit to such behaviours so they should respond by saying "false" to the item and then score high on the social desirability scale (Kikia & Phillips, 2014).

While this theoretical validation may prove useful in explaining the results obtained, the pilot study and the current norming study will be heavily reliant on the statistical results obtained.

Social Desirability Scales

The pilot study also compared the two shortened versions of the Crowne and Marlowe (1960) scale, namely the Hays et al., five item (1989) scale and the Reynolds (1982) thirteen item social desirability scale in an attempt to determine which of the scales is best suited for use in the norming study as a measure of social desirability. The comparison of the scales will be discussed below (Section 2.4.2).

Table	e 6: Pilot Study – Social Desirability Scales		
No.	Item		Scales
		Hays	Reynolds
1.	I sometimes feel resentful when I don't get my way.	√	V
2.	On a few occasions, I have given up doing something because I thought too little of my ability.		V
3.	There have been times when I felt like rebelling against people in authority even though I knew they were right.		V
4.	No matter who I'm talking to, I'm always a good listener.	V	V
5.	I can remember "playing sick" to get out of something.		V
6.	There have been occasions when I took advantage of someone.	V	V
7.	I'm always willing to admit it when I make a mistake.		V
8.	I sometimes try to get even rather than forgive and forget.	V	V
9.	I am always courteous (polite), even to people who are disagreeable (unpleasant).	V	V
10.	I have never been irked (irritated) when people expressed ideas		V

	very different from my own.	
11.	There have times when I was quite jealous of the good fortune	V
	of others.	
12.	I am sometimes irritated by people who ask favours of me.	V
13.	I have never deliberately said something that hurt someone's	1
	feelings.	

Behaviours

The following 15 behaviours which were considered as sensitive by various researchers (Chaudhuri & Christofides, 2007; Coutts & Jann, 2009; Dalton et al., 1994; Gregson et al., 2004; LaBrie & Earleywine, 2000; Langhaug, et al., 2010; Van der Elst, et al., 2009) were used in the pilot study:

- indicates behaviours considered to be Sensitive by researchers

Questions

- #1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month
- 2. Use the contraceptive pill
- #3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent
- #4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop)
- 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick
- 6. Am comfortable with my sexual desires
- #7. Have raped someone
- 8. Am HIV positive
- 9. Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling)
- #10. Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection
- 11. Have used a condom the last time I had sex
- 12. Know how to prevent pregnancy
- 13. Have been drunk on more than one occasion
- 14. Look after my body
- 15. Sometimes drink alcohol socially

2.4.2 Results of the Pilot Study

Through analysing the frequencies obtained, correlation analysis (norming options), ANOVA and reliability statistics (social desirability scales), it was found that participants found only the following four behaviours to be sensitive:

- #3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.
- #4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop)
- #7. Have raped someone

#10. Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection

Based on the responses obtained for Criterion 2, "These items are true (for me)" utilizing a binomial scale with options "(True) (False)," it was established that disclosure rates for each of these five behaviours was fairly low (See Appendix 3).

In terms of frequencies for the norming options utilised in the pilot study (See Appendix 3), the majority of participants chose options in the negative direction, which is "strongly disagree and disagree," thereby implying that regardless of the behaviour being considered as sensitive, participants did not feel that the behaviour need *not* be disclosed, thus implying that it was ok to disclose the behaviour in question (Phillips & Kikia).

From the correlation analysis conducted, it was found that criterion 1 correlated more with option 2 of the norming questions. Since the aim of this study is to norm and scale sensitivity, the option with the most correlations between the sensitive options is regarded as the best option. Option 2 ("I would not want anyone to know the following about me, because it is so sensitive") had a total of 28 correlations of which 7 were correlations between the sensitive behaviours. Based on the correlations below, the pilot study has found option 2 as the best questionnaire wording for norming and scaling sensitivity amongst the student population (See Appendix 3).

The reliability statistic (Cronbach's alpha), for the Hays 5 item social desirability scale was .599 as can be seen above, a satisfactory alpha would be in the range of .7 or higher. However taking into consideration the small size of the scale an alpha of .599 may be deemed acceptable especially considering the ANOVA conducted was significant with a significance

level of 0.00 (p= 0.00) which is lower than alpha of 0.05 (See Appendix 3). This indicates that there is a difference in social desirability bias between the participants.

On the other hand, Cronbachs alpha for the Reynolds 13 item scale was significantly higher (.664) than that of the Hays 5 item scale and closer to the .7 range. Like the Hays scale, the Reynolds scale also produced significant findings for ANOVA with a p = 0.00 and intra class correlations were also 0.00. Both scales had significant differences present in terms of the sample (See Appendix 3).

The mean however, for Reynolds 13 item social desirability scale was also higher, with a mean of 17.99, therefore based on the mean and the reliability statistic of the Reynolds scale being higher than that of the Hays scale, the Reynolds 13 item scale was considered to be the most efficient of the two scales in terms of assessing social desirability bias. Whilst the Reynolds scale has more items and the higher scores may be attributed to its size, the frequencies in terms of obtaining disclosure rates of favourable characteristics for the common questions between the scales indicated that the Reynolds 13 item scale was better. Therefore this decision is based on the frequencies obtained, the mean, Cronbachs alpha and the significance obtained in the ANOVA conducted.

2.4.3 Overview of the Pilot Study Results

According to the theoretical validation, behaviours considered as sensitive should have low disclosure rates. People who wish to portray themselves in a favourable light should not disclose such information about themselves as these behaviours may have consequences attached to them (Droitcour et al., 1991).

Therefore frequencies were analysed as a means of making a comparison between theory and the findings. The statistical findings in terms of the analyses conducted depict these theoretical beliefs. Disclosure rates for all the behaviours considered as sensitive for the participants were fairly low when assessed in accordance with Criterion 2 (true/false) that is asking participants to directly disclose their involvement in the behaviour.

One confounding factor is that though participants regard the behaviour as sensitive, they do not feel that the behaviour should *not* be disclosed. This may be due to various factors, such as participant's exposure to these behaviours, familiarity with the items or the studies using these items and/ or some bias or other factors not taken into consideration.

In terms of social desirability bias, participants mostly responded positively to the social desirability items, thus indicating that these participants are prone to social desirability bias, this is further supported when considering the low disclosure rates for the sensitive behaviours.

Limitations of the pilot study

Based on these finding it is considered necessary to include the criterion in the norming study. Since it is unclear why participants responded to the norming options as such, further research is required, in order to determine if respondents would do the same for the other behaviours previously used or if this is only the case for these behaviours and this sample. A larger study, with more participants and more *sensitive* and *non-sensitive* behaviours may be beneficial. Therefore the norming study has utilised the preferred norming option and scale along with both criterion options as a means of directly and indirectly norming and scaling a wider range of sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours for use by other researchers in Masters and PhD studies.

The Criterion options were repeated in case participants found it difficult to utilise direct response options in terms of the behaviours in question and as a means of validating the results obtained from this study.

Chapter 3 - Rationale and Aim

3.1 Rationale

Ong and Weiss (2000) have reviewed two assumptions with regards to validating responses to sensitive questions. The *first* being that dishonesty in responses is *predictable* and the belief that *greater reports* of behaviours which are regarded as *stigmatising* indicate that responses obtained are most likely to be *accurate*.

This enables a researcher to conclude with some sense of confidence in terms of the efficiency of one method over another depending on which enables more reports of stigmatising behaviours (Ong & Weiss, 2000).

The rationale for this study lies with the *second* assumption, to validate self-reports based on an assumption that the researcher has *knowledge* of which behaviours are regarded as *stigmatising* and thus based on this, a researcher may utilise question sensitivity as an essential factor (Ong & Weiss, The impact of anonymity on responses to "sensitive" questions, 2000). However this would then imply that not only does the researcher know *what is sensitive* to the participants, but that the *participants* are in *agreement* with the researcher (Dickson-Swift et al., 2008).

Therefore this research set out to find out "what is sensitive?" by presenting a range of behaviours to the student population which can be categorised as either sensitive or non-sensitive. This is important as it addresses the question of whether the behaviours previously researched at UKZN amongst the student population are in fact sensitive or non-sensitive behaviours, and if they are sensitive, would the students disclose these behaviours to others. This study builds on the 2013 norming study and attempts to address the issues presented in the 2013 norming study.

3.2 Aims

In an attempt to find out what is sensitive for the student population, this research had the following aims:

- 1. To norm and scale a range of sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours among the student population at UKZN (Pmb campus) using direct (criterion options) and indirect (norming) response options
- 2. To assess if the student population would disclose information about themselves which they regard, and have indicated as sensitive for them

3. To measure social desirability bias

3.3 Research Questions

Based on these aims this research attempted to answer the following questions:

- 1. Which behaviours are considered sensitive and non-sensitive for the student population?
- 2. Does sensitivity affect disclosure?
- 3. Are these findings affected by social desirability bias?

3.4 Hypotheses

This research attempted to test the following hypotheses between each of the questions posed:

 H_0 : There is no significant difference between perceptions of sensitivity and disclosure H_1 : There is a significant difference between perceptions of sensitivity and disclosure

Table 7: Pairwise hypotheses		
Comparison	\mathbf{H}_{0}	\mathbf{H}_{1}
Per of Sensitivity/disclosure	H0: μPer of Sensitivity = μ Disclosure	H1: μ Per of Sensitivity ≠ μDisclosure

Chapter 4- Methodology

The methodology below discusses other studies which informed the design of this study. In order to assist and/or remind the reader the studies will be explained hereunder:

2013 norming study – previous norming study conducted at UKZN Pietermaritzburg campus (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013).

Pilot Study – The 2014 pilot study which informed the design of this study (Kikia & Phillip, 2014).

Criterion questions – question posed using direct response options (sensitive/non-sensitive and true/ false) used for validating the responses obtained from the norming option in the pilot study and this research.

Norming option – question posed using Likert scale response options (strongly agree/agree/strongly disagree/disagree) as a means of norming and scaling sensitivity.

4.1 Research Design

A quantitative cross sectional between subjects' survey research design was used in this study. Paper and pencil rating sheets which utilised Likert scales were used for this study.

This study made use of the criterion questions and the norming question empirically determined as most efficient in the pilot study (Kikia & Phillip, 2014). This study also included the social desirability scale which was approved by the pilot study as mentioned and reviewed previously (See section 2.4).

This replication of the pilot study was done in order to directly (sensitivity criterion option) and indirectly (norming option) norm and scale a wider range of behaviours researched at UKZN in terms of sensitivity and disclosure. These behaviours were previously considered to be sensitive and this current norming study was carried out in order to verify the sensitivity of these behaviours. The results of this study will inform future Masters and PhD studies at the university and may be able to highlight the difficulty of making assumptions about sensitivity which may render survey data on sensitive behaviours questionable. This study also tested a variation of the design utilised in the 2013 norming study, by:

- Conducting a pilot study to ensure the question used was understood by the students in order to limit confusion
- Providing a worked example of what should be done after every twenty behavioural items
- Including the response options in the Likert scale instead of using numbers, along with each behaviour to limit confusion

4.2 Recruitment - Norming Study

For purposes of representation this study attempted to access a large number of students across the University. The paper and pencil format of the study enabled researchers to access students from all parts of the UKZN Pietermaritzburg campus, including all sections of the campus. Students were approached at lecture venues, libraries, pathways and on the lawn. This was done to ensure that the researcher accessed as many students as possible so that a consensus of opinion in terms of sensitivity may be reached through a sample of as many students as possible.

In keeping with this objective, this study made use of purposive sampling in order to access the sample of students at the University. This sampling method was applicable to this research as the focus of this research was on the UKZN students (purposive). All students aged 18 and older were encouraged to participate. There were no limitations in terms of gender, year of study or race. Data collection took place from July 2015 to October 2015. The norming study consisted of a sample of 314. The student samples consisted of male and female students between the ages of 18-24 and were from all race and religious groups. The sample will be discussed in detail in the results.

4.3 Informed Consent

In keeping with ethical standards, researchers explained to and provided participants with an information sheet and a consent form which was signed by the participant and returned to the researcher (See Appendix 4 and 5). The research purpose, process and the participants' rights were explained to the participant both in the information sheet and verbally. This involved explaining the following vital points to the participants:

- That their participation is 100% voluntary
- That their responses are 100% confidential
- That this research does not involve any form of deception
- That they may withdraw at any time with no consequences and they would still be entitled to an incentive
- That they may choose not to respond to questions that make them uncomfortable in any way

Participants were also told that they may be referred for counselling to their nearest campus based counselling centre should they feel the need to be counselled. In doing so autonomy was maintained as researchers were honest with the participants, and participants fully

understood the aims and objectives of the study. Justice was also maintained as participants were treated fairly and no form of deception was used in this research. Beneficence was also maintained as no personal information was obtained from the participant; the consent form only required a date and a signature. The questionnaires only required the participants' age, gender, race and year of study and none of this information could be used to identify any of the participants as names and student numbers were not required (See Appendix 6).

Participation was incentivised in the form of a raffle. The raffle prize was varying amounts of cash ranging from R20 to R100. Participants were informed that the draw would take place once the study was completed. In an attempt to maintain autonomy and beneficence and still compensate participants through the raffle, participants only had to provide an email address on a piece of paper and slot it into a shoe box.

To ensure non-maleficence participants were referred to student counselling services either at the College Counselling Service or The Child and Family Centre in instances where the study might have caused distress or harm due to the items being used in the study with are based on items considered to be sensitive in the domains of risky behaviours (See Appendix 7).

The research at the end of the study will be kept for 5 years by my supervisor Mr. Vernon Solomon and the University. The data will be stored for further analysis along with the data from the set of related studies as part of an ongoing PhD research conducted by the supervisor, after which it will be stored by the supervisor in a password protected folder. The study received HSSREC approval (HSS/0040/015M— see Appendix 8) and Gatekeeper approval (See appendix 9).

4.4 Data Collection

The surveys designed for data collection required the following demographic information, participants' age, gender, year of study, race, religion and religious commitment. This information was required on each questionnaire for research (religion and religious commitment) and demographical purposes (age, gender, year of study, race).

The norming study utilised a total of 186 sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours. This norming study was also able to test a design issue in terms of the 2013 norming study, by making significant changes to this study. Such as:

- Including a worked example after every 20 questions
- Utilizing a pilot study to test the question posed

 Including the response options in the response boxes instead of using numbers as response options

The limitations of the 2013 norming study were:

- 1) The study was lengthy
- 2) The study did not include the response options that were convenient for the participants
- 3) The question was also deemed confusing

All these factors were considered when designing this study in order to achieve the desired goal of this study, which was to norm and scale sensitivity across the student population.

The items used in this study were also used in the 2013 norming study conducted by Fynn and Shaik (2013) and were derived from a review of literature, (South African risk studies, and local studies, as well as historical research conducted by Dalton et al. (1994) in his study, 'Using the unmatched count technique (UCT) to estimate base rates for sensitive behavior," Dunkle, K.L., Jewkes, R., Nduna et al. (2004) in their study "Transactional sex with casual and main partners among young South African men in the rural Eastern Cape: Prevalence, predictors and associations with gender-based violence" and LaBrie and Earleywine, (2000) in their study "Sexual risk behaviours and alcohol: Higher base rates revealed using the unmatched-count technique,") to name a few.

These items are related to the behaviours of interest at UKZN. Hereunder are the *sensitive* items which were normed and scaled in this study along with a range of other non-sensitive items:

"I regret having had sex"

"I have had sex with a teacher or lecturer,"

"I have had more than two sexual partners in the last three months,"

"I have had sex with a partner who was 10 or more years older than me at the time," I am HIV positive"

"I have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, genital herpes, genital ulcer, idrop),"

"I have had unprotected sex whilst knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection"

"I have refused to use a condom,"

- "I have been in a sexual relationship in exchange for goods (e.g. cell phone, fashionable clothes)
- "I have had sex with someone who wasn't a regular partner because I've needed material things (e.g. rent, food, cosmetics)"
- "I have been forced to have sex"
- "I have forced someone to have sex with me,"
- "I have had to slap, kick or bite someone to stop them from having sex with me,"
- "I have raped someone,"
- "I have raped someone together with one or more of my friends,"
- "I have engaged in sexual intercourse whilst under the influence of alcohol that I later regretted,"
- "I have had sex with someone when I was so drunk that I do not remember it,"
- "I have had sexual intercourse when so under the influence of alcohol that I was unable to consent"
- "I have had sexual intercourse without a condom being used whilst I was under the influence of alcohol"
- "I have tried to get someone else intoxicated in the hopes of having sexual intercourse with them)"

This norming study also utilised the Reynolds thirteen item social desirability scale which was empirically determined as most efficient by the pilot study in an attempt to minimise the effects of social desirability bias.

4.5 Data Analysis

The data from this study was analysed using IBM SPSS™ Version 23, statistical software as it was economical and contained the necessary statistical functions for analysis of the data obtained. A summary of the analyses performed for this study can be seen in the table below.

Table 8: Summary of Data analysis			
Question	Method of data entry	Data analysis	
Criterion 1	Counts obtained by tallying responses	Counts, mean scores,	
(sensitive/ non-		standard deviations and	
sensitive)		reliability coefficients	
Criterion 2	Counts obtained by tallying responses	Counts, mean scores,	

(True/ False)		standard deviations and
		reliability coefficients
Norming Option	Extreme scores combined in order to produce	Factor analysis, Counts
	dichotomous data (agree/ disagree)for	mean scores, standard
	comparison with Criterion question, factor	deviations and reliability
	loadings obtained with Likert scale items	coefficients
Social	Extreme scores combined in order to produce	Counts, mean scores,
Desirability	dichotomous data (agree/ disagree) for	standard deviations and
Scale	comparison with Criterion question	reliability coefficients

In order to achieve the aims of this study, perceptions on sensitivity and disclosure were analysed by tallying the responses obtained using the Count option on SPSS. This was done as perceptions of sensitivity and disclosure made use of direct response options, therefore participants were explicitly indicating if the behaviour in question was sensitive or not and/or if the behaviour was true or false for them. In order to ensure that the correct conclusions were drawn, any behaviour with a 40% endorsement or more (126 counts or more) was regarded as an indication of sensitivity and/or disclosure of the behaviour in question. This endorsement was heavily influenced by the data obtained. Mean scores, standard deviations and reliability coefficients were also carried out as a means of assessing the two response options.

In terms of the norming option, factor analysis was carried out using principal components analysis. Since the aim of this study was to norm and scale sensitivity, it was essential to ensure that the question posed was able to measure sensitivity and that any other factors present be brought to light (Lorenzo-Seva, 2013). Items that correlated .4 or higher were regarded as sensitive. The .4 factor loading was chosen as it represents the bulk of the data and was in keeping with the factor loadings previously chosen in the 2013 norming study. Since there is no known literature in terms of norming and scaling sensitivity, the data had to be analysed in a way that insured a comparison between the 2013 study (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013) and the criterion options. To enable a comparative analysis between the direct response options, namely sensitivity and disclosure, the responses of the norming option were dichotomised by combining the two extremes (Hays, Hayashi, & Stewart, 1989). This provided agree and disagree response formats which were tallied and compared to the direct

response options and as a means of ensuring the results were able to be accurately compared by eliminating wrongful classifications.

The social desirability scale utilised in the norming study, was analysed by calculating a reliability coefficient. Cronbachs alpha, which was calculated as part of establishing the reliability of the scale utilised. Mean scores were then calculated and the two extreme scores of the data was dichotomised in order to achieve a social desirability score. This enabled or possibly eliminated wrongful classifications, in terms of obtaining marginal classifications for social desirability (Hays et al, 1989).

Chapter 5 - Results

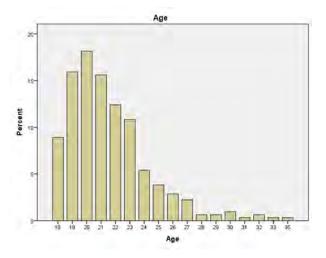
5.1 Sample Characteristics

378 participants were recruited for the 2015 norming study, of which 314 surveys were analysed. 64 had to be discarded due to being incomplete. This sample (314 participants) was adequate as the Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin Measure of Sampling Adequacy was .872, which is statistically regarded as sufficient.

Table 9: KMO and Bartlett's Test				
Kaiser-Meyer-Olkin Measure of Sampling Adequacy872				
Bartlett's Test of Sphericity	56331.171			
	df	17205		
	Sig.	.000		

Participants recruited for this study were between the ages of 18 and 35, with majority of the participants being in the ages of 19 -23 (See figure 3 below).

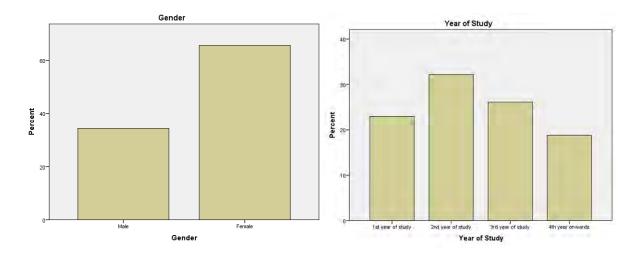
Figure 3 – Age distribution



More females than males (See figure 4 below) participated in this study and a large amount of participants were in their first 3 years of study at UKZN (Pmb) (See figure 5 below).

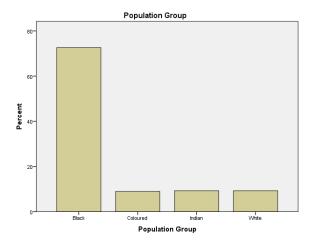
Figure 4 - Gender distribution

Figure 5 - Year of study



Participants were mostly from the Black population group, however the study was able to recruit a fair amount of Indian, coloured and white participants, with a small amount of participants opting not to disclose their population group (See figure 6 below).

Figure 6 – Population group



Majority of the participants believed in the Christian faith, with most participants indicating that they were strongly committed to their religions, as can be seen in the graphical representations below (Figure 7 & 8).

Figure 7 – Religious groups

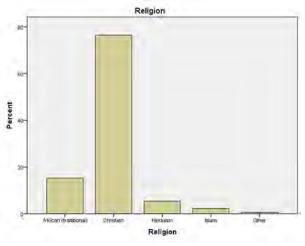
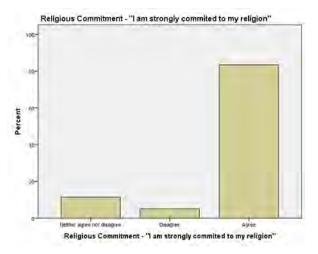


Figure 8 – Religious commitment



5.2 Norming Study

Percentages were obtained for the two direct response options utilised in the study, namely sensitivity and disclosure; these were compared to the percentages obtained from the norming option. Factor loadings were also provided for the norming option as a means of directly

comparing the sensitivity rates obtained to that of the 2013 norming study. A table with the complete percentages and factor loadings for all 186 behaviours can be seen in the appendix section (See appendix 10). (For the behaviours chosen as sensitive, see table 10 below).

Behaviour		Sensitivity	Disclosure	Norming Option
1.	Have been/ am in a sexual relationship in exchange for things I need (e.g. food, transport, accommodation, fees).	41.3%	13.7%	66.9% (.521)
2.	Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	45.1%	17.1%	35.4% (.607)
3.	Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to	51%	39.4%	45.9% (.448)
4.	Have raped someone	39%	5.4%	22.9% (.541)
5.	Am comfortable with my sexual desires	46%	71.4%	48.1% (.167)
6.	Am HIV positive	47%	9.5%	35.7% (.608)
7.	Am concerned about contracting a sexually transmitted disease	40.3%	73.7%	43.6% (.058)
8.	Have taken illegal drugs	36.5%	29.8%	34.1% (.428)
9.	Have engaged in heavy petting (including genital contact)	51.4%	59%	49.4% (.377)
10.	Know about the "morning after" pill	31.1%	76.2%	40.1% (.029)
	Have used a condom the last time I had sex	46.3%	57.1%	44.6% (.256)
12.	Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	47%	19.4%	41.7% (.526)
13.	Have raped someone together with one or more of my friends	36.2%	5.4%	30.3% (.546)
14.	Have been in a sexual relationship in exchange for goods (e.g. cell phone, fashionable clothes).	39.7%	8.9%	29.9% (.577)
15.	Regret the first time I had sex	48.9%	41.6%	48.4% (.309)
16.	Have experimented casually with various drugs	30.8%	21.6%	28.7% (.430)
17.	Have had sex with a partner who was 10 or more years older than me at the time	36.5%	14.6%	31.8% (.553)
18.	First had sex between the ages of 14 and 16	40.6%	25.4%	35% (.501)
19.	Had sex when I was emotionally ready	45.1%	49.2%	42% (.385)
20.	Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop)	42.2%	14.3%	37.3% (.621)
21.	Have taken drugs intravenously (injectable)	26.3%	8.9%	23.2% (.422)
22.	Have had sex with someone who wasn't my regular partner	43.2%	42.5%	43.3% (.511)
	Am at risk for HIV	39.7%	29.5%	40.4% (.435)
	Had sex when I was younger than 14	39.4%	11.7%	28.3% (.556)
25.	Have had more than two sexual partners in the last three months	40.6%	19%	35% (.507)
	Have refused to use a condom	41%	22.5%	35% (.480)
27.	Had sex the first time with someone when I did not really feel like doing it	45.1%	27%	41.1% (.569)
28.	Have had sex with someone who isn't a regular partner because I've needed material things (e.g. rent, food, cosmetics).	39.4%	9.2%	33.4% (.633)
20	Have had to slap, kick or bite to stop someone	39.4%	18.4%	34.1% (.555)

30. Have engaged in sexual intercourse while under the influence of alcohol that I later regretted.	39.7%	18.4%	37.6% (.540)
31. Regret having had sex	43.2%	35.9%	42% (.507)
32. Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection	41.3%	8.3%	31.5% (.610)
33. Have tried to get someone else intoxicated in the hopes of having sexual intercourse with them.	37.5%	12.1%	29% (.587)
34. Have been coerced or forced to have sexual intercourse by someone who was under the influence of alcohol.	38.7%	13%	31.2% (.609)
35. Have been pressurised to have sex without a condom	39.4%	25.7%	33.8% (.482)
36. Have forced someone to have sex with me	29.2%	5.4%	21% (.506)
37. Have had sexual intercourse when so under the influence of alcohol that I was unable to consent.	39.4%	14.9%	36% (.667)
38. Have had sex with a teacher or lecturer	32.1%	6%	24.8% (.601)
39. Have had sex with someone when I was so drunk that I do not remember it	34.9%	14.3%	30.9% (.587)
40. Have had sexual intercourse without a condom being used while under the influence of alcohol.	37.5%	20.6%	35.4% (.562)
41. Have been/am in a sexual relationship mainly for material benefits (e.g. gifts, food, clothes).	30.2%	10.8%	25.2% (.514)
42. Felt ready when I had sex the first time	43.8%	44.1%	38.9% (.400)
43. Have had sex with someone who was in an authority position in relation to me	29.8%	9.5%	28.7% (.553)
44. Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to have sexual intercourse with me.	28.6%	6.7%	22% (.531)

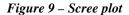
A total of 44 behaviours were identified as sensitive through this norming study either by having factor loadings of higher than .4 or due to having more than 40% consensus of opinion in terms of sensitivity. Most of the factor loadings were .4 and above and not higher than .7 as this would have indicated *redundancy*. These behaviours are deemed as risky sexual behaviours, behaviours which are frowned upon by society as well as behaviour which are regarded as incriminating in the eyes of the law, such as raping someone and indulging in substance abuse.

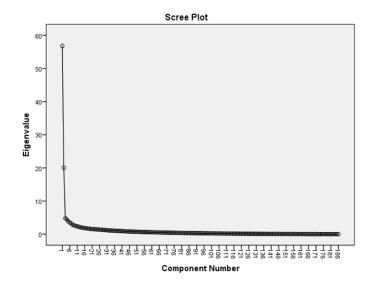
These behaviours have also been listed as sensitive in a norming study conducted in 2014 (Fynn & Shaik 2014), as well as in a range of other studies related to sensitivity (Dalton, Wimbush, & Daily, 1994; Labrie & Earleywine, 2000; Gregson, et al., 2004; Chaudhuri & Christofides, 2007; Coutts & Jann, 2008; Van der Elst, Okuku, Nakamya, Muhaari, & Davies, 2009; Langhaug, Sherr, & Cowan, 2010).

Disclosure rates for most of these behaviours were below 30% which can be considered as low, with the exception of the following behaviours, "Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to," "Am comfortable with my sexual desires," "Am concerned about contracting a sexually transmitted disease," "Have engaged in heavy petting (including genital contact)" "Know about the "morning after" pill," "Have used a condom the last time I had sex," "Regret the first time I had sex," "Had sex when I was emotionally ready," "Have had sex with someone who wasn't my regular partner," "Regret having had sex," "Felt ready when I had sex the first time" (See table 10)

Behaviours which involved sex in exchange for goods, coercion, and substance abuse, HIV or having sex with an authority figure had disclosure rates of less than 10% (See table 10). This may be an overall indication of the extreme sensitivity of the behaviour as these behaviours have serious consequences attached to them and may be harder to disclose

The factor analysis conducted for the norming option also produced a scree plot (See figure 7 below) which indicated that there were two factors which should be taken into consideration. This was also clearly visible in the component loadings table (See Appendix 10). All of the behaviours listed above were part of component 2 in the table. This was taken as an indication of behaviours being grouped as sensitive and non-sensitive by the student population, as component 2 had low disclosure rates for all the behaviours in its category.





A measure of reliability was undertaken for the study which also produced satisfactory figures, ranging from .923 - .987 as can be seen below (Table 11). This indicates that the test had internal consistency and that the items were related as a group.

Table 11: Norming Study - Reliability Statistics			
	Cronbach's	Cronbach's	N of
	Alpha	Alpha Based	Items
		on	
		Standardized	
		Items	
Sensitivity	.987	.987	186
Norming	.986	.986	186
Option			
Disclosure	.917	.923	186

5.3 Social Desirability

A reliability coefficient was calculated for the social desirability scale. The coefficient was much lower than the .7 score (which would be an ideal indication of internal consistency). The scale obtained a score of .444 as can be seen below (Table 12).

Table 12: Social Desirability - Reliability Statistics			
Cronbach's	Cronbach's	N of Items	
Alpha	Alpha Based on		
Standardized			
	Items		
.444	.439	13	

On closer inspection deleting the 13th item, "I have never deliberately said something that hurt someone's feelings," would result in an increase in the reliability coefficient considerably to .520 (See Appendix10). However, this increase is still much lower than the acceptable .7 figure which is regarded as favorable. There are no other items that could increase the overall coefficient, resulting in the impression that the scale itself has a low reliability score and may thus be problematic for the sample in question. This may be due to

the positioning of the scale in the questionnaire (right at the end of 186 items) or its inability to measure social desirability for the sample in question.

The dichotomizing of the two extreme scores led to the following percentages for each item:

Table 11: Social Desirability Scale – Item percentages			
Items		Agree	Disagree
1.	I sometimes feel resentful when I don't get my way.	58.9%	41.1%
2.	On a few occasions, I have given up doing something because I thought too little of my ability.	58.3%	41.7%
3.	There have been times when I felt like rebelling against people in authority even though I knew they were right.	50%	50%
4.	No matter who I'm talking to, I'm always a good listener.	78%	22%
5.	I can remember "playing sick" to get out of something.	69.4%	30.6%
6.	There have been occasions when I took advantage of someone.	42.4%	57.6%
7.	I'm always willing to admit it when I make a mistake.	60.2%	39.8%
8.	I sometimes try to get even rather than forgive and forget.	54.8%	45.2%
9.	I am always courteous (polite), even to people who are disagreeable (unpleasant).	65.9%	34.1%
10.	I have never been irked (irritated) when people expressed ideas very different from my own.	53.5%	46.5%
11.	There have times when I was quite jealous of the good fortune of others.	43%	57%
12.	I am sometimes irritated by people who ask favours of me.	43.6%	56.4%

According to Hays et al. (1986) participants would respond in a manner that portrays them in a favourable light. Based on this view 7 out of the 13 questions (53.8%) reflect socially desirable responding. These include, "No matter who I'm talking to, I'm always a good listener," "There have been occasions when I took advantage of someone," "I'm always willing to admit it when I make a mistake," "I am always courteous (polite), even to people who are disagreeable (unpleasant)," "I have never been irked (irritated) when people expressed ideas very different from my own," "There have times when I was quite jealous of the good fortune of others," "I have never deliberately said something that hurt someone's feelings." While this may be an indication of social desirability bias, it cannot be explicitly stated as such due to the lack of an adequate reliability coefficient for the scale. It is also

63.4% 36.6%

13. I have never deliberately said something that hurt someone's feelings.

possible that the scale may produce adequate findings in a shorter study or one of a different nature.

Chapter 6 - Discussion

6.1 Norming Study

This norming study was able to norm a total of 44 behaviours as sensitive for the student population at the University. These behaviours were considered as sensitive due to being selected as such by 40% or more of the sample in the direct responding option, with the response options, "sensitive" and "non-sensitive" or by having factor loadings of .4 or greater. The direct response option contributed a total of 20 behaviours and the norming option contributed a total of 38 behaviours in the sensitivity category. Overall this study was able to include 24 more behaviours in the category of sensitive as compared to the 2013 norming study (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013).

This study also had an advantage in using the direct response options which served as a direct indication of the perceptions of sensitivity held by the student population. It limited confusion in terms of having a constant reminder as to what was expected of the participants and it

enabled participants to directly rate the behaviours as sensitive (criterion option) even if they experienced problems with the norming option. However none were brought to the attention of the researchers.

These behaviours were also behaviours which were used in research conducted at UKZN namely, coercive sex (sex which may be considered as forced sex) (Joubert, 2011), transactional sex (sex in exchange for goods) and coercive sex (Shaik, 2012), risky sexual practices and sex under intoxication (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013) as well as research conducted by various other researchers, namely (Dalton, Wimbush, & Daily, 1994; Labrie & Earleywine, 2000; Gregson, et al., 2004; Chaudhuri & Christofides, 2007; Coutts & Jann, 2008; Van der Elst, Okuku, Nakamya, Muhaari, & Davies, 2009; Langhaug, Sherr, & Cowan, 2010).

The table below (table 12) indicates the behaviours with the highest factor loadings and/or percentages regarding the sensitivity of those behaviours which were highlighted as sensitive, which for the purposes of this study may be considered as most sensitive for the student population.

Table 12: Current Norming Study – Sensitive behaviours			
Factor Loadings	Percentages	2013 Norming Study	
1. Have had sexual intercourse when so under the influence of alcohol that I was unable to consent. (.667)	1. Have engaged in heavy petting (including genital contact) (51.4%)	"Have had sex with someone when I was so drunk that I do not remember it" (.773)	
2. Have had sex with someone who isn't a regular partner because I've needed material things (e.g. rent, food, cosmetics) (.633)	2. Regret the first time I had sex (48.9%)	"Have forced someone to have sex with me" (.772)	
3. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) (.621)	3. Am HIV positive & Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month (47%)	"Have had sexual intercourse when so under the influence of alcohol that I was unable to consent" (.761)	
4. Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection (.610)	4. Have used a condom the last time I had sex (46.3%)	"Have engaged in sexual intercourse while under the influence of alcohol that I later regretted" (.746)	
5. Have been coerced or forced to	5. Am comfortable with my	"Have tried to get someone else	

have sexual intercourse by	sexual desires (46%)	intoxicated in the hopes of
someone who was under the influence of alcohol. (.609)		having sexual intercourse with them" (.745)

The 2013 norming study had higher factor loadings for the behaviours considered as most sensitive. This may be attributed to the fact that the 2013 norming study had a slightly larger sample size (360 participants), whereas the current norming study only had 314 participants. The difference could also be attributed to other factors not taken into consideration.

All the behaviours indicated as sensitive between the direct and indirect norming options differ. This may be due to the question posed by the norming option, which asks participants if the behaviour is so sensitive that it should not be disclosed, versus only asking if the behaviour is sensitive or not.

For the 2013 norming study, the behaviours are related to sex under intoxication and duress, the current study also flags similar behaviours, with the inclusion of behaviours related to sex in exchange for goods and unsafe sexual practices as can be seen above.

Behaviours such as rape, gang rape, sex with authority figures, drug and other transactional sex related behaviours are not featured in the top 5, some of these behaviours feature in the least sensitive category whereas these behaviours have always been treated as equally sensitive (See table 13 below). Why this may be the case requires further qualitative investigating.

Table 13: Current Norming Study – least sensitive behaviours			
Factor Loadings	Percentages	2013 Factor Loadings	
1. Know about the "morning after" pill (.029)	1. Have taken drugs intravenously (injectable) (26.3%)	"Use the contraceptive pill" (.435)	
2. Am concerned about contracting a sexually transmitted disease (0.058)	2. Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to have sexual intercourse with me. (28.6%)	"Only use condoms with a new partner" (.445)	
3. Am comfortable with my sexual desires(.167)	3. Have forced someone to have sex with me (29.2%)	"Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month" and "Have been presurrised to have sex without a condom" (.462)	

4. Have used a condom the last time I had sex (.256)	4. Have had sex with someone who was in an authority position in relation to me (29.8%)	"Had sex the first time when I did not really feel like doing it" (.465)
5. Regret the first time I had sex (.309)	5. Have been/am in a sexual relationship mainly for material benefits (e.g. gifts, food, clothes). (30.2%)	"Had sex when I was younger than 14" (.466)

Even if we were to assume that there may have been some confusion resulting from the norming option, the use of percentages as comparisons between the norming option and the criterion option, verifies that participants understood what was being asked of them. This is indicated in the behaviours having percentages which deem them sensitive and having disclosure rates which are fairly low (See table 10).

While the findings of this study validate that researchers at UKZN have been researching behaviours which are in fact sensitive for the student population, what remains a mystery is the somewhat low percentages in terms of sensitivity obtained for items containing behaviours which researchers may have considered to be 'more' sensitive than others.

Such as raping someone, transactional sex items, coercive sex and under age sex, which obtained endorsements under 40% for the criterion option but had factor loadings of .5 and higher amongst the student population in this study. In terms of the previous norming study (2013), these items shared factor loadings, ranging from .4 to .6 (Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013). Both norming options were able to verify that these behaviours were in fact sensitive for the student population, although they did not feature in the top 5 they do feature in the 10 top sensitive behaviours at University.

This study achieved low disclosure rates for some of the behaviours deemed as sensitive. Behaviours which had extremely low disclosure rates and either high factor loadings or percentages of 40% or over include, "Have raped someone," "Am HIV positive," "Have raped someone together with one or more of my friends," "Have been in a sexual relationship in exchange for goods (e.g. cell phone, fashionable clothes)," "Have taken drugs intravenously (injectable)," "Have had sex with someone who isn't a regular partner because I've needed material things (e.g. rent, food, cosmetics)," "Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection," "Have forced

someone to have sex with me," "Have had sex with a teacher or lecturer," "Have had sex wih someone who was in an authority position in relation to me" and "Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to have sexual intercourse with me."

Disclosure of these behaviours may affect an individuals ability to maintain social respect (Hays et al., 1989). These behaviours may also have serious legal, social and moral consequences attached to them, thereby portraying an individual as socially undesirable (McCosker, Barnard, & Gerber, 2001). This may also be heavily influenced by religious teachings, as most of the participants indicated that they were strongly committed to their religion, and may thus feel that by admitting to the behaviours in question, they may be sinning.

While these views provide insight into the possible reasons behind the low disclosure rates obtained, researchers are still faced with a problem when using disclosure rates as an analogue of validity as one is unable to confidently report figures as factual due to a lack of biological endpoints or other external validity indices like crime stats, HIV test results, clinic reports and so on which my serve to further validate the findings of a study (Shaik, 2014). One is simply unable to determine if findings are based on over reporting, underreporting or social desirability bias.

This is especially problematic for research utilizing the rates of disclosure obtained for these behaviours as researchers struggle to explain the disclosure rates obtained for the behaviours in question. Some researchers use these disclosure rates as a form of validity (Labrie & Earleywine, 2000; Fynn, 2013; Shaik, 2013). Studies which rely on these disclosure rates require responses which are truthful and which are free from all forms of bias.

Also since this sample consisted of more females than male, one cannot be certain if these low disclosure rates are based on female's lack of reporting sexual behaviour or a true representation of the behaviour in question (Langhaug, Sherr, & Cowan, 2010).

Since this studies aim was to determine if the behaviours were in fact sensitive for the students, this study did not wish to exclude any students as their perceptions of sensitivity were important to this study.

These low disclosure rates exist despite this study having assurances of anonymity; this could either mean that participants are not comfortable disclosing the information at all. Whether this reflects a more accurate explanation or not, needs further investigating, what is evident

from the results is that this study successfully normed and scaled the above behaviours. This is statistically evident through the percentages and factor loadings obtained for both the norming and criterion questions. The results also support the theoretical validation, which claims low disclosure rates for sensitive behaviours (Droitcour et al., 1990). Therefore we can safely conclude that this research has achieved its aim which was to norm and scale sensitivity amongst the student population at UKZN.

6.2 Social Desirability Scale

This study utilised the Reynolds 13 item social desirability scale. The scale indicated that more than half of the scale (53.8%) was responded to in a socially desirable way. However, the reliability rating was way under the acceptable range of .7, the scale squared .446. This resulted in the findings of the social desirability scale being questionable. The 2013 norming study made use of the Hays 5 item social desirability scale and also had a low reliability score(.223) (Fynn & Shaik 2014). Changing the social desirability scale did not prove to be useful for this study.

The use of the Reynolds scale also produced poor results in a study related to the use of cocaine (Johnson & Fendrich, 2002). However the use of the scale has not been discouraged as it has produced favourable results in other studies (Kozma & Stones, 1987; Welte & Russell, 1993). The use of the scale most likely requires a study of a shorter length or of a different nature such as a different topic, or different question format.

Desite the reliability index, the scale has provided an indication that the population may be prone to social desirability bias which does mean that the disclosure rates should be interpreted with caution.

6.3 Implications for practical application

This study was able to shed light on the perceptions of sensitivity for the student population. Being able to explicitly state what is sensitive has always been a problem for research and researchers in general.

This study made use of behaviours which have been regarded as sensitive by various researchers, (Dalton, Wimbush, & Daily, 1994; Labrie & Earleywine, 2000; Gregson, et al., 2004; Chaudhuri & Christofides, 2007; Coutts & Jann, 2008; Van der Elst, Okuku, Nakamya, Muhaari, & Davies, 2009; Langhaug, Sherr, & Cowan, 2010) and while this study has been able to provide insight into which of these behaviours are sensitive for the student population,

there is still some discrepancy in terms of which measure (direct or indirect) is a better indication of sensitivity especially for those behaviours which are not indicated as sensitive by both.

The results should be interpreted with caution as the effects of social desirability bias were unable to be measured. There still exists much variation in terms of the behaviours chosen between the 2013 norming study and the current study as well as the difference in factor loadings obtained. While this study was able to norm and scale a wider range of behaviours for use in the various modes of survey, the lower factor loadings obtained need to be further investigated, using a bigger sample and possibly a shorter questionnaire. The use of audio and/or computer surveys to norm and scale sensitivity could possibly be considered for future research.

It seems that researchers may need to verify the behaviours regarded as sensitive with participants as this may differ for various participants and topics.

6.4 Limitations of the research

This study only made use of behaviours related to risky sexual behaviour, sex under the influence of alcohol and substance abuse, therefore sensitivity was only measured in these domains. This study was only limited to UKZN (Pietermaritzburg campus) therefore the results are only a reflection of the students at this campus and cannot be generalised to other campuses. The same applies to the population accessed, a large amount of participants, were female, black and in their third year of study, a larger sample with a wider dispersion across campuses may prove to be more beneficial.

Chapter 7 - Conclusion

This study was exploratory in nature and aimed to discover what is sensitive amongst the student population at UKZN (Pmb campus). Researchers are faced with the problem of what is sensitive, in order to validate self-reports, researchers and participants need to be in agreement with regards to what is sensitive.

This study was able to norm and scale a total of 44 behaviours as sensitive for use in future Masters and PhD studies at UKZN and other social science and health research. The behaviours normed in this research are risky sexual behaviours which have serious emotional, social and medical consequences for those involved.

This kind of research is necessary not only for validation of self-reports but to assist with the development of the modes of survey such as the UCT1 and UCT type II which require sensitive and non-sensitive behaviours. Research of this nature can shed light on the perceptions and challenges which affect the students at this university and may thus inform interventions aimed at alleviating the effects of these behaviours.

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Appendices

Appendix 1 - 2013 Norming Study Questionnaire

Norming Study Scaling Sensitive items

55 | Page

INSTRUCTIONS: Thank you for participating in this study.

We ask you to complete the following questionnaire. As explained in the information sheet we are interested to know how sensitive you think the items on the list are for you. By **sensitive** we mean that you see it as important that no one should know this about you, *IF it were true*. We ask you to rate each item on a scale according to how much you agree that you wouldn't want anyone to know this about you. Please pretend or assume that all the items are true for you when you do the ratings. **Note:** We want you pretend the item is **true** for you, however, your responses do not indicate whether it is true or not. Your responses simply indicate whether you think it would be sensitive IF it were true.

We ask you to rate the items on the following scale:

I regard the following as so sensitive that if it were true about me, I would not want anyone to know about it

(cross a box)

1.

True for me	2. Partially true for me	3. Partially NOT true for me	4. Not true at all for me			
For	eating pizza 1	2 3 X example:				
Please make sure the option you select best represents your perception of what is sensitive (rather than what you think friends/ others regard as sensitive).						
First: Please co	emplete the section on demog	raphics:				
Please tick the	applicable block:					
Age (please wri	ite):					
Gender: Male:	□□ Female: □□					
Year of study a	nt university: 1st 2nd	□ 3 rd □□□ 4 th + □□□				
What population	on group/race would you desc	cribe yourself as?				
Black	loured 🔲 🗆 Indian 🗀 🗆 Wh	nite 🔲 🗆 Other 🔲 🗆				
Norming study						
Please pretend of	or assume that all the items are t i	rue for you when you do the ratin	gs.			

I regard the following as so sensitive that **if it were true about me**, I would not want anyone to know about it

1. True for me 2. Partially true for me 3. Partially NOT true for me 4. Not true at all for me

1	Have had dental work done	1	2	3	4
2	Know where to buy condoms	1	2	3	4
3	Have more than one sibling	1	2	3	4
4	Have a favourite soccer team	1	2	3	4
5	Would consider myself a sports fan	1	2	3	4
6	Think one alcoholic drink a day is healthy	1	2	3	4
7	Have seen a doctor in the last year	1	2	3	4
8	Have been/ am in a sexual relationship in exchange for things I need (e.g. food, transport, accommodation, fees).	1	2	3	4
9	Visit the Library more than once a week	1	2	3	4
10	Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	1	2	3	4
11	Am on Facebook	1	2	3	4
12	Know where to get condoms for free	1	2	3	4
13	Know what's going on in SA politics	1	2	3	4
14	Know where to get the contraceptive pill	1	2	3	4
15	Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to	1	2	3	4
16	Am comfortable with my sexual desires	1	2	3	4
17	Have broken a limb	1	2	3	4
18	Have raped someone	1	2	3	4
19	Use the internet almost every week	1	2	3	4
20	Have hay fever	1	2	3	4
21	Have an ipad or tablet	1	2	3	4
22	Like reading the editorial section of the local newspaper	1	2	3	4
23	Have a shoe size smaller than size 6	1	2	3	4
24	Work to earn money while I am studying full time	1	2	3	4
25	Always read before going to sleep	1	2	3	4
26	Am HIV positive	1	2	3	4
27	Always have sugar in tea or coffee	1	2	3	4
28	Can type reasonably well	1	2	3	4
29	Have gone to a traditional healer when sick	1	2	3	4
30	Have been slightly drunk	1	2	3	4
31	Am concerned about contracting a sexually transmitted disease	1	2	3	4
32	Exercise regularly	1	2	3	4
33	Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling)	1	2	3	4
34	Try to eat healthily	1	2	3	4
35	Have taken illegal drugs	1	2	3	4
36				3	4
	Know the name of a Maritzburg United soccer player	1	2	ာ	4
37	Know the name of a Maritzburg United soccer player Have been aware of sexual feelings between 10 and 12 years	1	2	3	4
37 38				3	
	Have been aware of sexual feelings between 10 and 12 years	1	2	3	4

Please pretend or assume that all the items are true for you when you do the ratings

I regard the following as so sensitive that **if it were true about me,** I would not want anyone to know about it

1. True for me 2. Partially true for me 3. Partially NOT true for me 4. Not true at all for me

41	Have gone to the doctor when sick	1	2	3	4
42	Use the contraceptive pill	1	2	3	4
43	Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	1	2	3	4
44	Know the name of the Kenyan president	1	2	3	4
45	Have raped someone together with one or more of my friends	1	2	3	4
46	Am waiting for the right partner before having sex	1	2	3	4
47	Won't go in a car with a driver who has been drinking	1	2	3	4
48	Sometimes smoke cigarettes	1	2	3	4
49	Have been in a sexual relationship in exchange for goods (e.g. cell phone, fashionable clothes).	1	2	3	4
50	Regret the first time I had sex	1	2	3	4
51	Have had a wound that needed stitches	1	2	3	4
52	Have experimented casually with various drugs	1	2	3	4
53	Have asthma	1	2	3	4
54	Am a vegetarian	1	2	3	4
55	Have one or more pets	1	2	3	4
56	Have had sex with a partner who was 10 or more years older than me at the time	1	2	3	4
57	Don't drink alcohol	1	2	3	4
58	Usually choose sugar free soft drinks	1	2	3	4
59	Have travelled outside South Africa	1	2	3	4
60	Use sms's more than email	1	2	3	4
61	First had sex between the ages of 14 and 16	1	2	3	4
62	Had sex when I was emotionally ready	1	2	3	4
63	Had at least one parent who smoked cigarettes	1	2	3	4
64	Am comfortable with casual sex	1	2	3	4
65	Am waiting till marriage to have sex	1	2	3	4
66	Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, <i>idrop</i>)	1	2	3	4
67	Drink coffee	1	2	3	4
68	Have been in a car accident as a passenger	1	2	3	4
69	Have taken drugs intravenously (injectable)	1	2	3	4
70	Have sinus problems	1	2	3	4
71	Am careful with my diet	1	2	3	4
72	Have been to London	1	2	3	4
73	Live alone	1	2	3	4
74	Have my driver's license	1	2	3	4
75	Like documentaries	1	2	3	4
76	Went to a government high school	1	2	3	4
77	Have had sex with someone who wasn't my regular partner	1	2	3	4
78	Have a brother	1	2	3	4
79	Think alcohol should be illegal	1	2	3	4
80	Have been tested for HIV	1	2	3	4

Norming study

Please pretend or assume that all the items are true for you when you do the ratings.

I regard the following as so sensitive that **if it were true about me**, I would not want anyone to know about it

1. True for me 2. Partially true for me 3. Partially NOT true for me 4. Not true at all for me

81	Have gone to the chemist when sick	1	2	3	4
82	Am at risk for HIV	1	2	3	4
83	Support legalising drugs	1	2	3	4
84	Think sex is ok in a committed relationship	1	2	3	4
85	Live in shared accommodation	1	2	3	4
86	Know my HIV status	1	2	3	4
87	Often watch television late at night	1	2	3	4
88	Have often drunk alcohol	1	2	3	4
89	Don't mix with people who drink alcohol	1	2	3	4
90	Would consider myself a fan of pop music	1	2	3	4
91	Have seen a dentist in the last two years	1	2	3	4
92	Smoke cigarettes in social situations	1	2	3	4
93	Have more than one sister	1	2	3	4
94	Had sex when I was younger than 14	1	2	3	4
95	Always use condoms when having sex	1	2	3	4
96	Have watched the movie "Tsotsi"	1	2	3	4
97	Am entitled to have my partner pay for things for me	1	2	3	4
98	Never exercise	1	2	3	4
99	Never drink fizzy drinks	1	2	3	4
100	Own at least one cell phone	1	2	3	4
101	Don't drive when I have been drinking	1	2	3	4
102	Have an internet connection at home	1	2	3	4
103	Watch the news on TV at least 3 times a week	1	2	3	4
104	Reading is a hobby	1	2	3	4
105	Think smoking cigarettes is more harmful than smoking dagga	1	2	3	4
106	Regularly get health check-ups	1	2	3	4
107	Don't normally eat breakfast	1	2	3	4
108	Know what a "conversion" is in rugby	1	2	3	4
109	Have a favourite TV show	1	2	3	4
110	Have a dog as a pet	1	2	3	4
111	Have my own vehicle	1	2	3	4
112	Have seen any kind of health practitioner in the last year	1	2	3	4
113	Can speak more than 2 languages reasonably well	1	2	3	4
114	Have had diagnostic tests done in the last year	1	2	3	4
115	Went to a private high school	1	2	3	4
116	Subscribe to electronic newsletters	1	2	3	4
117	Have had sex after drinking	1	2	3	4
118	Have not had sex	1	2	3	4
119	Have had more than two sexual partners in the last three months	1	2	3	4
120	Have gone to a local clinic when sick	1	2	3	4

Norming study

Please pretend or assume that all the items are true for you when you do the ratings.

I regard the following as so sensitive that **if it were true about me**, I would not want anyone to know about it

1. True for me 2. Partially true for me 3. Partially NOT true for me 4. Not true at all for me

121	Have taken antibiotics in the last year	1	2	3	4
122	Take vitamins almost everyday	1	2	3	4
123	There's a handgun in my house	1	2	3	4
124	Only use condoms with a new partner	1	2	3	4
125	Have lived outside of South Africa	1	2	3	4
126	Am sexually active	1	2	3	4
127	Have refused to use a condom	1	2	3	4
128	Have never been in hospital	1	2	3	4
129	Have watched the movie "Jerusalema"	1	2	3	4
130	Had sex the first time with someone when I did not really feel like doing it	1	2	3	4
131	Have had sex with someone who isn't a regular partner because I've needed material things (e.g. rent, food, cosmetics).	1	2	3	4
132	Have weekend/after hours work for money	1	2	3	4
133	Had asthma as a child	1	2	3	4
134	Have felt peer pressure to drink alcohol.	1	2	3	4
135	Can drive quite well after two drinks	1	2	3	4
136	Regularly post items on Facebook	1	2	3	4
137	Have been forced to have sex	1	2	3	4
138	Have had to slap, kick or bite to stop someone having sex with me	1	2	3	4
139	Have engaged in sexual intercourse while under the influence of alcohol that I later regretted.	1	2	3	4
140	Regret having had sex	1	2	3	4
141	Have lived in at least three different provinces	1	2	3	4
142	Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection	1	2	3	4
143	Don't mix with people who use drugs	1	2	3	4
144	Am careful about risky sex	1	2	3	4
145	Have a student loan from a bank	1	2	3	4
146	Have tried to get someone else intoxicated in the hopes of having sexual intercourse with them.	1	2	3	4
147	Am comfortable receiving gifts from my sexual partner	1	2	3	4
148	Have been sexually active but not had intercourse (vaginal or anal)	1	2	3	4
149	Have been coerced or forced to have sexual intercourse by someone who was under the influence of alcohol.	1	2	3	4
150	Am a virgin	1	2	3	4
151	Sometimes drink alcohol socially	1	2	3	4
152	Have been pressurised to have sex without a condom	1	2	3	4
153	Have been to Durban	1	2	3	4
154	Drink tea	1	2	3	4

Norming study

Please pretend or assume that all the items are true for you when you do the ratings.

I regard the following as so sensitive that **if it were true about me**, I would not want anyone to know about it

1. True for me 2. Partially true for me 3. Partially NOT true for me 4. Not true at all for me

155	Drink alcohol in moderation	1	2	3	4	
-----	-----------------------------	---	---	---	---	--

156	Have forced someone to have sex with me	1	2	3	4
157	Have had sexual intercourse when so under the influence of alcohol that I was unable to consent.	1	2	3	4
158	Felt ready when I had sex the first time	1	2	3	4
159	Own a laptop computer	1	2	3	4
160	Have had sex with a teacher or lecturer	1	2	3	4
161	Have been in an accident as driver (car/motorcycle/bicycle)	1	2	3	4
162	Have blacked out from drinking too much alcohol	1	2	3	4
163	Smoke dagga occasionally	1	2	3	4
164	Have drunk alcohol	1	2	3	4
165	Have allergies	1	2	3	4
166	Have a shoe size over 7	1	2	3	4
167	Have had sex with someone when I was so drunk that I do not remember it	1	2	3	4
168	Often watch television late at night	1	2	3	4
169	First had sex between the ages of 14 and 18	1	2	3	4
170	Have had sexual intercourse without a condom being used while under the influence of alcohol.	1	2	3	4
171	Know the name of the premier of KwaZulu-Natal	1	2	3	4
172	Have a cat as a pet	1	2	3	4
173	Had the usual childhood illnesses	1	2	3	4
174	Live with my family	1	2	3	4
175	Have been/am in a sexual relationship mainly for material benefits (e.g. gifts, food, clothes).	1	2	3	4
176	Am careful about what I put into my body	1	2	3	4
177	Have had sex with someone who was in an authority position in relation to me	1	2	3	4
178	Use the internet from my cellphone	1	2	3	4
179	Have watched the movie "Argo"	1	2	3	4
180	Have consumed alcohol until intoxicated/drunk	1	2	3	4
181	Dagga is not harmful	1	2	3	4
182	Read the local paper almost everyday	1	2	3	4
183	Became aware of sexual feelings from 13 years onwards	1	2	3	4
184	Have read the book "Lord of the files"	1	2	3	4
185	Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to have sexual intercourse with me.	1	2	3	4
186	Look after my body	1	2	3	4

Appendix 2 – 2013 Norming Study – Factor loadings

Rotated Component Matrix	a	
	Compo	nent
	1	2
Have gone to the chemist when sick	.662	
Use the internet from my cellphone	.655	
Have been to Durban	.649	
Own at least one cell phone	.641	
Own a laptop computer	.636	
Drink tea	.635	

Have seen any kind of health practitioner in the last year Often watch television late at night Drink coffee Had the usual childhood illnesses Can type reasonably well	.623 .619 .615 .610 .605 .604	
Drink coffee Had the usual childhood illnesses Can type reasonably well	.615 .610 .605	
Had the usual childhood illnesses Can type reasonably well	.610 .605 .604	
Can type reasonably well	.605	
	.604	
Often watch television late at night	.601	
Have watched the movie "Tsotsi"		
Can speak more than 2 languages reasonably well	.599	
Have an internet connection at home	.597	
Don't normally eat breakfast	.595	
Have allergies	.592	
Have gone to the doctor when sick	.591	
Reading is a hobby	.587	
Know my HIV status	.584	
Drink alcohol in moderation	.584	
Know the name of the premier of KwaZulu-Natal	.572	
Am on Facebook	.567	
Don't drive when I have been drinking	.563	
Use the internet almost every week	.563	
Went to a private high school	.562	
Know what a "conversion" is in rugby	.561	
Subscribe to electronic newsletters	.560	
Have taken antibiotics in the last year	.559	
Live with my family		
Have a favourite soccer team	.558	
Think sex is ok in a committed relationship	.556	
Have my own vehicle	.556	
Like documentaries	.555	
Know about the "morning after" pill	.555	
Have a dog as a pet	.548	
Never drink fizzy drinks	.546	
Am careful about what I put into my body	.546	
Would consider myself a sports fan	.534	
Always have sugar in tea or coffee	.532	
Have seen a dentist in the last two years	.531	
Live in shared accommodation	.530	
Have my driver's license	.514	
Can drive quite well after two drinks	.513	
Have a brother	.512	
Work to earn money while I am studying full time	.512	
Have seen a doctor in the last year	.511	
Have had dental work done	.510	
Had asthma as a child	.510	

Would consider myself a fan of pop music	.504
Have had diagnostic tests done in the last year	.501
Think smoking cigarettes is more harmful than smoking dagga	.500
Try to eat healthily	.500
Have a favourite TV show	.497
Have been tested for HIV	.487
Have sinus problems	.486
Read the local paper almost everyday	.485
Have gone to a local clinic when sick	.483
Like reading the editorial section of the local newspaper	.481
Have a shoe size over 7	.480
Went to a government high school	.480
Am careful with my diet	.479
Have often drunk alcohol	.474
Sometimes drink alcohol socially	.474
Have hay fever	.473
Have been slightly drunk	.468
Have been in a car accident as a passenger	.468
Know the name of a Maritzburg United soccer player	.466
Know where to get condoms for free	.465
Have more than one sister	.462
Have been in an accident as driver (car/motorcycle/bicycle)	.459
Use sms's more than email	.457
Always read before going to sleep	.452
Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling)	.448
Know where to get the contraceptive pill	.446
Have watched the movie "Argo"	.445
Have asthma	.438
Have watched the movie "Jerusalema"	.438
Am careful about risky sex	.437
Take vitamins almost everyday	.433
Have used a condom the last time I had sex	.431
Have read the book "Lord of the files"	.431
Live alone	.430
Don't mix with people who use drugs	.429
Regularly post items on Facebook	.429
Have been to London	.428
Have felt peer pressure to drink alcohol.	.422
Always use condoms when having sex	.411
Have drunk alcohol	.408
Have one or more pets	.407
Regularly get health check-ups	
Have a student loan from a bank	
Have broken a limb	

Felt ready when I had sex the first time		
Have weekend/after hours work for money		
Visit the Library more than once a week		
Have never been in hospital		
Know where to buy condoms		
Have lived in at least three different provinces		
Am a vegetarian		
Am comfortable receiving gifts from my sexual partner		
Had at least one parent who smoked cigarettes		
Never exercise		
Don't mix with people who drink alcohol		
Am sexually active		
Won't go in a car with a driver who has been drinking		
Usually choose sugar free soft drinks		
Have travelled outside South Africa		
Have had a wound that needed stitches		
Am comfortable with my sexual desires		
Have an ipad or tablet		
Became aware of sexual feelings from 13 years onwards		
Have consumed alcohol until intoxicated/drunk		
Am concerned about contracting a sexually transmitted disease		
Have lived outside of South Africa		
Have a cat as a pet		
Think one alcoholic drink a day is healthy		
Am waiting till marriage to have sex		
Know the name of the Kenyan president		
Am waiting for the right partner before having sex		
Look after my body	.411	417
Exercise regularly		404
Am at risk for HIV		.+0+
Know what's going on in SA politics		
Have more than one sibling		
Am comfortable with casual sex		
Sometimes smoke cigarettes		
Have been aware of sexual feelings between 10 and 12 years		
Support legalising drugs		
Smoke cigarettes in social situations		
Have not had sex		
Have had sex with someone who wasn't my regular partner		
Am a virgin		
Have blacked out from drinking too much alcohol		
First had sex between the ages of 14 and 18		
-		
Dagga is not harmful		
Have had sex after drinking		

Don't drink alcohol	
Have taken illegal drugs	
Am entitled to have my partner pay for things for me	
Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to	
Have a shoe size smaller than size 6	
Have engaged in heavy petting (including genital contact)	
Have gone to a traditional healer when sick	
Regret the first time I had sex	
Had sex when I was emotionally ready	
Think alcohol should be illegal	
There's a handgun in my house	
Regret having had sex	.645
Have forced someone to have sex with me	.772
Have been forced to have sex	713
	.658
Have raped someone	.651
Have raped someone together with one or more of my friends	
Have had to slap, kick or bite to stop someone having sex with me	.649
Had sex the first time with someone when I did not really feel like doing it	.465
Have tried to get someone else intoxicated in the hopes of having sexual intercourse with them.	.745
Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to have sexual intercourse with me.	.640
Have been coerced or forced to have sexual intercourse by someone who was under the influence of alcohol.	.518
Have taken drugs intravenously (injectable)	.666
Smoke dagga occasionally	.585
Have experimented casually with various drugs	.513
Have had more than two sexual partners in the last three months	.633
Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	.462
Have been sexually active but not had intercourse (vaginal or anal)	.630
Have had sex with a partner who was 10 or more years older than me at the time	.657
Have had sex with a teacher or lecturer	.651
Have had sex with someone who was in an authority position in relation to me	.640
First had sex between the ages of 14 and 16	.507
Had sex when I was younger than 14	.466
Have refused to use a condom	.641
Have been pressurised to have sex without a condom	.462
Only use condoms with a new partner	.445
Use the contraceptive pill	.435
Have had sex with someone when I was so drunk that I do not remember it	.773
Have engaged in sexual intercourse while under the influence of alcohol that I later regretted.	.746
Have had sexual intercourse without a condom being used while under the influence of alcohol.	.688
Have had sexual intercourse when so under the influence of alcohol that I was unable to consent.	.761
Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	.631
Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection	.702
Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop)	.659

Am HIV positive	.519
Have had sex with someone who isn't a regular partner because I've needed material things (e.g. rent, food, cosmetics).	.718
Have been in a sexual relationship in exchange for goods (e.g. cell phone, fashionable clothes).	.693
Have been/am in a sexual relationship mainly for material benefits (e.g. gifts, food, clothes).	.693
Have been/ am in a sexual relationship in exchange for things I need (e.g. food, transport, accommodation, fees).	.564
Extraction Method: Principal Component Analysis. Rotation Method: Varimax with Kaiser Normalization.	
a. Rotation converged in 3 iterations.	

Appendix 3 – Pilot Study

Appendix 3 A - Questionnaire

Norming Study Scaling Sensitive Items

Thank you for participating in this study.

INSTRUCTIONS:

We ask you to complete the following questionnaires. As explained in the information sheet we are interested to know how sensitive you think the items on the list are for you. By **sensitive** we mean that you see it as important that no one should know this about you, *IF it were true*.

For example:			
(cross a box)	eating pizza	1	X

Please make sure the option you select best represents your perception of what is sensitive (rather than what you think friends/ others regard as sensitive).

Norming study - Control 1

We ask you to rate each item on a scale according to how sensitive you perceive the item to be for you. We ask you to rate the items on the following scale:

These items are (for me):

Options:		1. Sensitive	2. Not Sensitive		
1	Have had more	than one sexual partner in the last	,	appropriate bo	ox)

2	Use the contraceptive pill	1	2
3	Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	1	2
4	Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop)	1	2
5	Have gone to the local clinic when sick	1	2
6	Am comfortable with my sexual desires	1	2
7	Have raped someone	1	2
8	Am HIV positive	1	2
9	Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling)	1	2
10	Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection	1	2
11	Have used a condom the last time I had sex	1	2
12	Know how to prevent pregnancy	1	2
13	Have been drunk then more than one occasion	1	2
14	Look after my body	1	2
15	Sometimes drink alcohol socially	1	2

Norming study – Control 2

We ask you to *rate each item* on a scale according to *how sensitive you perceive the item to be for you*. We ask you to rate the items on the following scale:

These items are (for me):

(cross the appropriate box)

	(or occ in capping)		,
1	Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	1	2
2	Use the contraceptive pill	1	2
3	Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	1	2
4	Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop)	1	2

5	Have gone to the local clinic when sick	1	2
6	Am comfortable with my sexual desires	1	2
7	Have raped someone	1	2
8	Am HIV positive	1	2
9	Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling)	1	2
10	Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection	1	2
11	Have used a condom the last time I had sex	1	2
12	Know how to prevent pregnancy	1	2
13	Have been drunk then more than one occasion	1	2
14	Look after my body	1	2
15	Sometimes drink alcohol socially	1	2

Norming study 1

We ask you to *rate each item* on a scale according to *how sensitive you perceive the item to be for you*. We ask you to rate the items on the following scale:

I regard the following as so sensitive that if it were true about me, I would not want anyone to know about it:

Options:

1. Strongly Agree	2. Agree	3. Disagree	4. Strongly Disagree
			(cross the appropriate box)

		P P . •			
1	Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	1	2	3	4
2	Use the contraceptive pill	1	2	3	4
3	Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	1	2	3	4
4	Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop)	1	2	3	4
5	Have gone to the local clinic when sick	1	2	3	4
6	Am comfortable with my sexual desires	1	2	3	4
7	Have raped someone	1	2	3	4

8	Am HIV positive	1	2	3	4
9	Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling)	1	2	3	4
10	Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection	1	2	3	4
11	Have used a condom the last time I had sex	1	2	3	4
12	Know how to prevent pregnancy	1	2	3	4
13	Have been drunk then more than one occasion	1	2	3	4
14	Look after my body	1	2	3	4
15	Sometimes drink alcohol socially	1	2	3	4

Appendix 3 B – Pilot study data

Observations based on descriptives and Spearman's Rho correlation

Descriptives:

Perceptions on sensitivity:

	Based on Criterion 1			
Questions	Consider it	Consider it		
	<u>Sensitive</u>	<u>Non -</u>		
		<u>sensitive</u>		
1. Have had more than one sexual	159	187		
partner in the last month				
2. Use the contraceptive pill	126	214		
3. Have had sexual intercourse with	182	159		
someone who was too intoxicated to				
give consent.				
4. Have been treated for a sexually	190	157		
transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis,				
gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer,				
idrop)				
5. Have gone to the local clinic when	87	261		
sick				
6. Am comfortable with my sexual	155	193		
desires				
7. Have raped someone	189	151		
8. Am HIV positive	186	160		
9. Have engaged in light petting	120	225		
(kissing, fondling)				

10. Have had unprotected sex while	203	144
knowing I am HIV positive and/or have		
a sexually transmitted infection		
11. Have used a condom the last time I	158	190
had sex		
12. Know how to prevent pregnancy	97	245
13. Have been drunk then more than	74	269
one occasion		
14. Look after my body	113	230
15. Sometimes drink alcohol socially	74	269

Based on the perceptions of sensitivity above, the following number of people are willing to disclose their involvement in these behaviours:

	Based on	Criterion 2
<u>Questions</u>	<u>True</u>	<u>False</u>
1. Have had more than one sexual	42	304
partner in the last month		
2. Use the contraceptive pill	63	279
3. Have had sexual intercourse with	29	317
someone who was too intoxicated to		
give consent.		
4. Have been treated for a sexually	28	319
transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis,		
gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer,		
idrop)		
5. Have gone to the local clinic when	194	151
sick		
6. Am comfortable with my sexual	253	93
desires		
7. Have raped someone	13	333
8. Am HIV positive	21	324
9. Have engaged in light petting	266	79
(kissing, fondling)		
10. Have had unprotected sex while	15	332
knowing I am HIV positive and/or have		
a sexually transmitted infection		
11. Have used a condom the last time I	188	148
had sex		
12. Know how to prevent pregnancy	300	44
13. Have been drunk then more than	209	133
one occasion		
14. Look after my body	307	37
15. Sometimes drink alcohol socially	232	113

	Based on N	orming Optio	n 1: . I regard the	following as:
	sensitive th	at if it were tr	ue about me, I w	ould not want
	anyone to l	know about it		
<u>Questions</u>	Strongly	<u>Agree</u>	<u>Disagree</u>	Strongly
	<u>Agree</u>			<u>Disagree</u>
1. Have had more than one sexual	8	14	13	35
partner in the last month				
2. Use the contraceptive pill	1	13	17	38
3. Have had sexual intercourse with	7	11	9	42
someone who was too intoxicated to				
give consent.				
4. Have been treated for a sexually	11	4	11	43
transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis,				
gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer,				
idrop)				
5. Have gone to the local clinic when	17	12	13	27
sick				
6. Am comfortable with my sexual	24	17	11	16
desires				
7. Have raped someone	9	2	4	54
8. Am HIV positive	8	5	7	50
9. Have engaged in light petting	27	22	9	12
(kissing, fondling)				
10. Have had unprotected sex while	8	5	9	48
knowing I am HIV positive and/or have				
a sexually transmitted infection				
11. Have used a condom the last time I	22	12	13	23
had sex				
12. Know how to prevent pregnancy	35	13	5	17
13. Have been drunk then more than	18	20	15	17
one occasion				
14. Look after my body	35	16	7	12
15. Sometimes drink alcohol socially	24	19	10	17

	Based on Norming Option 2: I would not want anyone to know the following about me, because it is so sensitive			
Questions	Strongly Agree	<u>Agree</u>	<u>Disagree</u>	<u>Strongly</u> <u>Disagree</u>
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	11	11	9	37
2. Use the contraceptive pill	13	14	4	38
3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	12	9	7	41
4. Have been treated for a sexually	11	12	4	42

transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis,				
gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer,				
idrop)				
5. Have gone to the local clinic when	16	16	15	22
sick				
6. Am comfortable with my sexual	21	17	11	19
desires				
7. Have raped someone	11	7	0	51
8. Am HIV positive	9	8	3	48
9. Have engaged in light petting	27	18	8	16
(kissing, fondling)				
10. Have had unprotected sex while	12	9	2	45
knowing I am HIV positive and/or have				
a sexually transmitted infection				
11. Have used a condom the last time I	25	15	8	20
had sex	_			
12. Know how to prevent pregnancy	35	14	7	13
13. Have been drunk then more than	20	13	11	25
one occasion				
14. Look after my body	38	12	10	8
15. Sometimes drink alcohol socially	17	14	12	26
13. 30 metimes armix alcohol socially	11	1 1 1		
	I regard th	 Jorming Optio e following as disclose to an	sensitive informa	ation that one
Questions	I regard th should not	e following as	sensitive informa	Strongly
	I regard the should not Strongly Agree	e following as disclose to an Agree	sensitive informa yone. <u>Disagree</u>	Strongly Disagree
Have had more than one sexual	I regard th should not	e following as disclose to an	sensitive informa yone.	Strongly
Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	I regard th should not Strongly Agree 3	e following as disclose to an Agree	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11	Strongly Disagree 41
Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month Use the contraceptive pill	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3	e following as disclose to an Agree 11 12	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11 9	Strongly Disagree
Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	I regard th should not Strongly Agree 3	e following as disclose to an Agree	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11	Strongly Disagree 41
Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month Use the contraceptive pill	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3	e following as disclose to an Agree 11 12	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11 9	Strongly Disagree 41 37
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7	e following as disclose to an Agree 11 12 8	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11 9 5	Strongly Disagree 41 37
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3	e following as disclose to an Agree 11 12	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11 9	Strongly Disagree 41 37
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis,	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7	e following as disclose to an Agree 11 12 8	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11 9 5	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer,	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7	e following as disclose to an Agree 11 12 8	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11 9 5	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop)	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7	e following as disclose to an Agree 11 12 8	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11 9 5	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7	e following as disclose to an Agree 11 12 8	sensitive informa yone. Disagree 11 9 5	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick	I regard th should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7	e following as disclose to an area disclose to a area d	sensitive informaryone. Disagree 11 9 5	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick 6. Am comfortable with my sexual	I regard th should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7	e following as disclose to an area disclose to a area d	sensitive informaryone. Disagree 11 9 5	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick	I regard th should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7 8	e following as disclose to an disclo	sensitive informatyone. Disagree 11 9 5 7	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45 42 27 17
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick 6. Am comfortable with my sexual	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7 8	e following as disclose to an disclo	sensitive informatyone. Disagree 11 9 5 7	<u>Strongly</u> <u>Disagree</u> 41 37 45 42
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick 6. Am comfortable with my sexual desires 7. Have raped someone 8. Am HIV positive	I regard th should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7 8	e following as disclose to an disclo	Disagree	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45 42 27 17
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick 6. Am comfortable with my sexual desires 7. Have raped someone 8. Am HIV positive 9. Have engaged in light petting	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7 8 22 6	e following as disclose to an disclo	Disagree	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45 42 27 17 52
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick 6. Am comfortable with my sexual desires 7. Have raped someone 8. Am HIV positive	I regard th should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7 8 18 22 6 7	e following as disclose to an disclose to a disclose t	Disagree	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45 42 27 17 52 49 49
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick 6. Am comfortable with my sexual desires 7. Have raped someone 8. Am HIV positive 9. Have engaged in light petting	I regard th should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7 8 18 22 6 7	e following as disclose to an disclose to a disclose t	Disagree	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45 42 27 17 52 49 49
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick 6. Am comfortable with my sexual desires 7. Have raped someone 8. Am HIV positive 9. Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling)	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7 8 22 6 7 18	e following as disclose to an disclo	Disagree	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45 42 27 17 52 49 21
1. Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month 2. Use the contraceptive pill 3. Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent. 4. Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop) 5. Have gone to the local clinic when sick 6. Am comfortable with my sexual desires 7. Have raped someone 8. Am HIV positive 9. Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling) 10. Have had unprotected sex while	I regard the should not Strongly Agree 3 6 7 8 22 6 7 18	e following as disclose to an disclo	Disagree	Strongly Disagree 41 37 45 42 27 17 52 49 21

had sex				
12. Know how to prevent pregnancy	37	5	10	14
13. Have been drunk then more than	14	16	12	23
one occasion				
14. Look after my body	26	15	9	14
15. Sometimes drink alcohol socially	19	12	11	24
	Based on N	lorming Optio	n 4:	•
	I regard the	following as	—— non-sensitive in tl	hat I would be
	willing to d	isclose this inf	ormation to anyo	ne
Questions	Strongly	<u>Agree</u>	<u>Disagree</u>	<u>Strongly</u>
	<u>Agree</u>			<u>Disagree</u>
1. Have had more than one sexual	6	12	12	39
partner in the last month				
2. Use the contraceptive pill	7	7	15	40
3. Have had sexual intercourse with	4	3	13	49
someone who was too intoxicated to				
give consent.				
4. Have been treated for a sexually	4	2	9	54
transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis,				
gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer,				
idrop)				
5. Have gone to the local clinic when	33	14	6	16
sick				
6. Am comfortable with my sexual	28	20	10	11
desires				
7. Have raped someone	5	1	5	58
8. Am HIV positive	3	3	7	54
9. Have engaged in light petting	35	22	3	8
(kissing, fondling)				
10. Have had unprotected sex while	5	2	8	54
knowing I am HIV positive and/or have				
a sexually transmitted infection				
11. Have used a condom the last time I	20	20	8	19
had sex				
12. Know how to prevent pregnancy	49	13	3	4
13. Have been drunk then more than	34	7	11	15
one occasion				
14. Look after my body	50	13	2	4
15. Sometimes drink alcohol socially	32	14	7	16
	Based on N	orming Optio	n 5:	
	·		sensitive informa	tion that one
	-	disclose to res		
Questions	Strongly	Agree	<u>Disagree</u>	Strongly
	Agree			Disagree
1. Have had more than one sexual	8	12	10	40
partner in the last month				

2. Use the contraceptive pill	13	8	13	34
3. Have had sexual intercourse with	7	6	13	42
someone who was too intoxicated to				
give consent.				
4. Have been treated for a sexually	6	6	11	47
transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis,				
gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer,				
idrop)				
5. Have gone to the local clinic when	22	18	9	21
sick				
6. Am comfortable with my sexual	15	21	14	19
desires				
7. Have raped someone	11	2	9	48
8. Am HIV positive	13	4	9	44
9. Have engaged in light petting	24	22	7	16
(kissing, fondling)				
10. Have had unprotected sex while	13	3	11	43
knowing I am HIV positive and/or have				
a sexually transmitted infection				
11. Have used a condom the last time I	18	14	8	29
had sex				
12. Know how to prevent pregnancy	30	17	6	16
13. Have been drunk then more than	17	13	10	29
one occasion				
14. Look after my body	30	17	4	19
15. Sometimes drink alcohol socially	13	17	10	30
,				

Social desirability scales

Hays

Reliability Statistics							
	ronbach's pha	Cronbach's Alpha Based on Standardized Items		N of Items			
	.599		.597		5		
	AN	OVA with Fried	lman's Test a	nd Tukey's T	est for Nonac	ditivity	
			Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	Friedman's Chi- Square	Sig
Betweer	n People		89.982	174	.517		
Within	Between I	tems	16.885ª	4	4.221	73.320	.000
People	Residual	Nonadditivity	2.051b	1	2.051	10.018	.002
		Balance	142.265	695	.205		
		Total	144.315	696	.207		
	Total	1	161.200	700	.230		

Total	251.182	874	.287		
Grand Mean = 1.40					
a. Kendall's coefficient of concordance W = .067.					
b. Tukey's estimate of power to which observations must be raised to achieve additivity =517.					

Reynolds

	Reliability Statistics						
Cronbach's Alp	pha		onbach's Alpha Based on N of Items Standardized Items				
	.664		.687		13		
	AN	OVA with Friedma	ın's Test and Tuk	ey's Test fo	or Nonadditiv	vity	
			Sum of Squares	df	Mean Square	Friedman's Chi- Square	Sig
Between Peopl	le		134.767	165	.817		
Within	Between I	Items	24.125ª	12	2.010	84.677	.000
People	Residual	Nonadditivity	.601 ^b	1	.601	2.193	.139
		Balance	542.812	1979	.274		
		Total	543 413	1980	274		

567.538

702.306

1992

2157

.285

.326

Grand Mean = 1.38

Total

Total

Appendix 4 – Information Form

Norming Study – Information Sheet

Who we are and what we are doing?

Hello, we are a group of Psychology Honours, Masters and PhD students involved in a study investigating what behaviours students see as being sensitive. We are also investigating the effect that different ways of asking this question has on participant's responses. In addition we are trying to compare two different ways of measuring how participants present themselves in response to questions in a survey. This study is designed to help inform researchers on how to go about researching sensitive behaviours that may affect students. This information can be used to improve research on these issues and intervention and prevention programmes to address them.

In this first part of the study, we want to know from students how sensitive or how private, they think a list of behaviours is. In the second part of the study, we want to be able to compare two different measures of how participants respond to the questionnaire. We are also

a. Kendall's coefficient of concordance W = .034.

b. Tukey's estimate of power to which observations must be raised to achieve additivity = .126.

going to compare participants' responses to perceptions of sensitivity with those participants who answer questions based on whether an item is true for them or not.

Invitation to participate and implications of participation

We invite you to participate in this study, which will involve completing a tick-box questionnaire that asks you to identify how sensitive an issue is. We will be asking you to rate a list of items that concern matters related to alcohol, drugs and sex in terms of how sensitive you think they are for you, assuming they were true for you. We will be asking this question in a range of different ways and comparing these. We will ask you each to only answer one of the ways and these will be randomly distributed amongst all the participants. We will also ask you to answer whether the items are true and sensitive for you. Each of you will also be asked to answer a short tick-box questionnaire that measures how participants tend to answer or respond to surveys' like this.

There are no direct benefits for your participation in this part of the study.

Should you decide to participate, you may withdraw at any time without any consequence

You will only need to sign an informed consent form, for your participation in the study. We will ask you to complete a section on your demographics, like age and sex. None of your responses will be linked to you personally. It should take you between 45 and 60 minutes or less to complete the questionnaire. As a token of our appreciation for your participation we would like to offer you the opportunity to enter your name and contact details on a *separate* sheet to enter into a lucky draw for a monetary prize. 23 of these are on offer and are of different values: 1 x R100.00; 2 x R50.00; 10 x R20.00 and 10 x R10.00

If you would like to participate in the lucky draw, please seek the researcher about the entering the draw.

Please note that after the raffle and prizes are awarded, this raffle sheet will be disposed of appropriately.

How your data will be used

The data that arises from your participation will be entered into a database and analyzed statistically. This will be used to inform further research that will be done later investigating what behaviours students regard as sensitive and also in studies that compares different methods of interviewing and surveying participants. The data may also be presented at conferences or be published. The data will also be written up as part of a series of Honours, Masters and PhD dissertations by all the participating researchers.

How you are protected.

It will not be possible to identify personal details of any participant so your participation and your responses will be entirely protected and confidential. This data will be entered into the database and stored electronically for 5 years after which it will be destroyed.

You may withdraw at any time without any consequence.

In the unlikely event that participation causes you any personal discomfort or distress, you may contact any of the researchers (listed below) for a referral to the counselling service of your College or to our School's Child and Family Centre. All these contact details are provided below.

If you have complaints or concerns about the study, you may contact the supervisor of the research, Vernon Solomon, (Solomon@ukzn.ac.za), supervisor of Mr. Solomon's PhD, Prof. Kevin Durrheim (durrheim@ukzn.ac.za) or the Chairperson of the UKZN Social Science research Ethics Committee through the secretary Ms. P. Ximba (ximbap@ukzn.ac.za).

Consent

By signing the consent form, you give your consent to participate in the study as described above and indicate that you have understood and agree to the conditions of participation. You also confirm by participation that you are over 18 years of age and legally entitled to give your informed consent to participate in this research.

Thank you for your willingness to consider this and for your participation!

Researchers:

Honours: Jenna-lee Phillip

Nadia Kikia

Masters: Hafsah Shaik

Supervisors:

PhD: Vernon Solomon

PhD Kevin Durrheim

Contact Details for concerns and questions:

	Researcher	Email Addresses	Cellphone Numbers
Honours:	Nadia Kikia	211525944@stu.ukzn.ac.za	083 381 7864
	Jenna-lee Phillip	210548741@stu.ukzn.ac.za	083 276 4637
Masters:	Hafsah Shaik	hafsahshaik@yahoo.co.uk	
PhD &	Mr Vernon Solomon	Solomon@ukzn.ac.za	
Supervisor:			
PhD Supervisor:	Prof. Kevin Durrheim	durrheim@ukzn.ac.za	

Appendix 5 - Consent form

Declaration of Consent

I (full names) hereby confirm that I understand the contents
of this document and the nature of the research project, and I consent to participating in the
research project.

I understand that I am at liberty to withdraw from the project at any time, should I so desire. I
understand that I may choose to give my contact details on a separate sheet in order to be entered
into the lucky draw for a monetary prize.
Signature of Participant Date Date
Please complete the section on demographics:
Please tick the applicable block:
Age (please write):
Gender: Male:
Year of study at university: 1 st 2 nd 3 rd 4 th +
What population group/race would you describe yourself as?
Black Coloured Indian White Other
To what religion do you belong?
African (traditional) Christian Hinduism
Islamic U Judaism U Other (please specify):
Please rate your agreement/disagreement with the following statement concerning your
commitment to your religion:
I am strongly committed to my religion.
1. Strongly disagree
2. Disagree
3. Neither agree nor disagree
4. Agree
5. Strongly agree

Appendix 6 – 2015 Norming Study Questionnaire

Norming Study

78 | Page

Scaling Sensitive Items

Thank you for participation in this study.

INSTRUCTIONS:

We ask you to complete the following questionnaire. As explained in the information sheet we are interested to know the following from you regarding each item in the list:

- ➤ How sensitive you think the items on the list are for you.
- > If the item is true or false for you
- And if you would NOT want anyone to know about it.

By **sensitive** we mean that you see it as important that no one should know this about you, *IF* it were true.

Therefore each item requires that you tick three response options for it.

For example:

(Cross Three boxes)

Item	1-These items are	2-These items	3 - I would NOT want anyone to know the			
(for me):		are (for me): following about me, because it is so sensiti				
1. Eating	Sensitive Non-	True False	Strongly Agree Disagree Strongly			
Pizza	Sensitive		Agree Disagree			

Please make sure the options you select best represent your perception of:

- **▶** What is sensitive (rather than what you think friends/ others regard as sensitive)
- **▶** Whether the item applies to you
- ➤ And if you would NOT want anyone to know about it

Norming Study Questionnaire

Please complete the section on demographics:
Age (please write):
Please tick the applicable block:
Gender: Male:
Year of study at university: $1^{st} \square 2^{nd} \square 3^{rd} \square 4^{th} + \square$
What population group/race would you describe yourself as?

Black Coloured Indian White Other
To what religion do you belong?
African (traditional) Christian Hinduism
Islamic U Judaism U Other (please specify):
Please rate your agreement/disagreement with the following statement concerning your
commitment to your religion:
I am strongly committed to my religion.
6. Strongly disagree
7. Disagree —
8. Neither agree nor disagree
9. Agree
10. Strongly agree

Item	1-These items are	2-These items	3 - I would NOT want anyone to know the				
	(for me):		following about me, because it is so sensitive				
1. Eating	Sensitive Non-	True False	Strongly Agree Disagree Strongly				
Pizza	Sensitive		Agree Disagree				

No.	Item		1		2				3
	Choose 3 of these options (1 from each category)		Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
1	Have had dental work done	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
2	Know where to buy condoms	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
3	Have more than one sibling	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
4	Have a favourite soccer team	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
5	Would consider myself a sports fan	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
6	Think one alcoholic drink a day is healthy	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
7	Have seen a doctor in the last year	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
8	Have been/ am in a sexual relationship in exchange for	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

	things I need (e.g. food,								
	transport, accommodation, fees).								
9	Visit the Library more than once a week	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
10	Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
11	Am on Facebook	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
12	Know where to get condoms for free	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
13	Know what's going on in SA politics	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
14	Know where to get the contraceptive pill	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
15	Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
16	Am comfortable with my sexual desires	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
17	Have broken a limb	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
18	Have raped someone	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
19	Use the internet almost every week	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
20	Have hay fever	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

Item	1-These items are	2-These items	3 - I would NOT want anyone to know the					
	(for me):	are (for me):	following about me, because it is so sensitive					
1. Eating	Sensitive Non-	True False	Strongly Agree Disagree Strongly					
Pizza	Sensitive		Agree Disagree					

No.	Item		1		2			3	3
	Choose 3 of these options (1 from each category)		Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
21	Have an ipad or tablet	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
22	Like reading the editorial section of the local newspaper	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
23	Have a shoe size smaller than size 6	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
24	Work to earn money while I am studying full time	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
25	Always read before going to sleep	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
26	Am HIV positive	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

27	Always have sugar in tea or coffee	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
28	Can type reasonably well	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
29	Have gone to a traditional healer when sick	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
30	Have been slightly drunk	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
31	Am concerned about contracting a sexually transmitted disease	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
32	Exercise regularly	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
33	Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling)	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
34	Try to eat healthily	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
35	Have taken illegal drugs	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
36	Know the name of a Maritzburg United soccer player	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
37	Have been aware of sexual feelings between 10 and 12 years	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
38	Have engaged in heavy petting (including genital contact)	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
39	Have used a condom the last time I had sex	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
40	Know about the "morning after" pill	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

Item 1-These items are			2-Thes	e items	3 - I would NOT want anyone to know the					
		(for me):		are (for me):		following about me, because it is so sens			so sensitive	
1. Eat	ing	Sensitive	Non-	True/	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly	
Pizz	za		Sensitive	\checkmark		Agree			Disagree	

No.	Item		1		2				3
Choose 3 of these options (1 from each category)		Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
41	Have gone to the doctor when sick	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
42	Use the contraceptive pill	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
43	Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
44	Know the name of the Kenyan president	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

45	Have raped someone	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	together with one or more of		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
	my friends								
46	Am waiting for the right	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	partner before having sex		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
47	Won't go in a car with a	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	driver who has been drinking		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
48	Sometimes smoke cigarettes	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
49	Have been in a sexual	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	relationship in exchange for		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
	goods (e.g. cell phone,								
	fashionable clothes).								
50	Regret the first time I had sex	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
51	Have had a wound that	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	needed stitches		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
52	Have experimented casually	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	with various drugs		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
53	Have asthma	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	<u> </u>	Sensitive	sensitive Non-	True	False	Agree	A 2422	Disagras	Disagree Strongly
54	Am a vegetarian	Sensitive	sensitive	True	raise	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Disagree
55	Have one or more pets	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	•	Sensitive	sensitive Non-	True	False	Agree Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Disagree Strongly
56	Have had sex with a partner	Sensitive	sensitive	iiue	raise	Agree	Agree	Disagree	Disagree
	who was 10 or more years								
	older than me at the time			<u> </u>					
57	Don't drink alcohol	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
58	Usually choose sugar free	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	soft drinks		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
59	Have travelled outside South	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	Africa		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
60	Use sms's more than email	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
			sensitive			Agree			Disagree

Item	1-These item	ns are	2-These items 3 - I would NOT want anyone to I					know the	
	(for me):		are (fo	r me):	following about me, because it is so sensitive				
1. Eating	Sensitive A	Von-	*True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly	
Pizza	3	Sensitive	/		Agree			Disagree	

No.	Item	1			2				3
	Choose 3 of these options (1 from each category)		Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
61	First had sex between the ages of 14 and 16	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
62	Had sex when I was emotionally ready	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
63	Had at least one parent who	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

	smoked cigarettes								
64	Am comfortable with casual sex	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
65	Am waiting till marriage to have sex	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
66	Have been treated for a sexually transmitted infection (e.g. syphilis, gonorrhoea, herpes, genital ulcer, idrop)	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
67	Drink coffee	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
68	Have been in a car accident as a passenger	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
69	Have taken drugs intravenously (injectable)	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
70	Have sinus problems	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
71	Am careful with my diet	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
72	Have been to London	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
73	Live alone	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
74	Have my driver's license	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
75	Like documentaries	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
76	Went to a government high school	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
77	Have had sex with someone who wasn't my regular partner	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
78	Have a brother	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
79	Think alcohol should be illegal	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
80	Have been tested for HIV	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

Item	Item 1-These items are		2-These items 3 - I would NOT want anyone to kno					know the	
	(for me):		are (fo	or me):	following about me, because it is so sensitive				
1. Eating	Sensitive	Non-	True/	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly	
Pizza		Sensitive	× \		Agree			Disagree	

No.	Item	1 2 3						3	
Choose 3 of these options (1 from each category)		Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
81	Have gone to the chemist when sick	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
82	Am at risk for HIV	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
83	Support legalising drugs	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

84	Think sex is ok in a	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
85	committed relationship Live in shared accommodation	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
86	Know my HIV status	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
87	Often watch television late at night	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
88	Have often drunk alcohol	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
89	Don't mix with people who drink alcohol	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
90	Would consider myself a fan of pop music	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
91	Have seen a dentist in the last two years	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
92	Smoke cigarettes in social situations	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
93	Have more than one sister	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
94	Had sex when I was younger than 14	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
95	Always use condoms when having sex	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
96	Have watched the movie "Tsotsi"	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
97	Am entitled to have my partner pay for things for me	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
98	Never exercise	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
99	Never drink fizzy drinks	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
100	Own at least one cell phone	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

Item	1-These items are	2-These items	3 - I would NOT want anyone to know the				
	(for me):	are (for me):	following about me, because it is so sensitive				
1. Eating	Sensitive Non-	True False	Strongly Agree	Disagree Strongly			
Pizza	Sensitive		Agree	Disagree			

No.	Item	1			2				3
	Choose 3 of these options (1 from each category)		Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
101	Don't drive when I have been drinking	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
102	Have an internet connection at home	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
103	Watch the news on TV at	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

	least 3 times a week								
104	Reading is a hobby	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
105	Think smoking cigarettes is more harmful than smoking dagga	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
106	Regularly get health check- ups	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
107	Don't normally eat breakfast	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
108	Know what a "conversion" is in rugby	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
109	Have a favourite TV show	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
110	Have a dog as a pet	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
111	Have my own vehicle	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
112	Have seen any kind of health practitioner in the last year	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
113	Can speak more than 2 languages reasonably well	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
114	Have had diagnostic tests done in the last year	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
115	Went to a private high school	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
116	Subscribe to electronic newsletters	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
117	Have had sex after drinking	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
118	Have not had sex	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
119	Have had more than two sexual partners in the last three months	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
120	Have gone to a local clinic when sick	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

Item	1-These items are	2-These items	3 - I would NOT want anyone to know the					
	(for me):	are (for me):	following about me, because it is so sensitive					
1. Eating	Sensitive Non-	True False	Strongly Agree	Disagree Strongly				
Pizza	Sensitive		Agree	Disagree				

No.	Item	1		2				3		
Choose 3 of these options (1 from each category)		Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
121	Have taken antibiotics in the last year	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	
122	Take vitamins almost	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly	

	everyday		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
123	There's a handgun in my house	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
124	Only use condoms with a new partner	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
125	Have lived outside of South Africa	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
126	Am sexually active	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
127	Have refused to use a condom	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
128	Have never been in hospital	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
129	Have watched the movie "Jerusalema"	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
130	Had sex the first time with someone when I did not really feel like doing it	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
131	Have had sex with someone who isn't a regular partner because I've needed material things (e.g. rent, food, cosmetics).	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
132	Have weekend/after hours work for money	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
133	Had asthma as a child	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
134	Have felt peer pressure to drink alcohol.	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
135	Can drive quite well after two drinks	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
136	Regularly post items on Facebook	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
137	Have been forced to have sex	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
138	Have had to slap, kick or bite to stop someone having sex with me	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
139	Have engaged in sexual intercourse while under the influence of alcohol that I later regretted.	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
140	Regret having had sex	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly

Item	1-These ite	2-Thes	e items	3 - I would NOT want anyone to know the				
	(for me):		are (fo	r me):): following about me, because it is so sen			
1. Eating	Sensitive	Non-	₹rue/	False	Strongly Agree Disagree Stron			
Pizza		Sensitive	/		Agree			Disagree

No.	Item		1		2				3
Choo	ose 3 of these options (1 from	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
each	category)		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
141	Have lived in at least three	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	different provinces		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
142	Have had unprotected sex	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	while knowing I am HIV		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
	positive and/or have a								
	sexually transmitted								
	infection								
143	Don't mix with people who	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	use drugs		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
144	Am careful about risky sex	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
145	Have a student loan from a	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	bank		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
146	Have tried to get someone	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	else intoxicated in the hopes		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
	of having sexual intercourse								
	with them.								
147	Am comfortable receiving	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	gifts from my sexual partner		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
148	Have been sexually active	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	but not had intercourse		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
	(vaginal or anal)								
149	Have been coerced or forced	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	to have sexual intercourse		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
	by someone who was under								
	the influence of alcohol.								
150	Am a virgin	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
151	Sometimes drink alcohol	Sensitive	sensitive Non-	True	False	Agree Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Disagree Strongly
131	socially		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
152	Have been pressurised to	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
132	have sex without a condom		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
153	Have been to Durban	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
		Compition	sensitive	T	Falsa	Agree	A	Discourse	Disagree
154	Drink tea	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
155	Drink alcohol in moderation	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
156	Have forced someone to	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	have sex with me		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
157	Have had sexual intercourse	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	when so under the influence		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
	of alcohol that I was unable								
	to consent.								
158	Felt ready when I had sex	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
	the first time		sensitive			Agree			Disagree
159	Own a laptop computer	Sensitive	Non-	True	False	Strongly	Agree	Disagree	Strongly
		Constal	sensitive	T	Fals:	Agree	Δ	Dieser	Disagree
160	Have had sex with a teacher	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
	or lecturer		SCHORE			7.5.00			Disagree

Item	1-These ite	ms are	2-Thes	e items	3 - I would NOT want anyone to know the				
	(for me):		are (fo	r me):	following about me, because it is so sens				
1. Eating	Sensitive	Non-	*True	False	Strongly Agree Disagree Strongly				
Pizza		Sensitive	\checkmark		Agree			Disagree	

No.	Item		1		2				3
	se 3 of these options (1 from category)	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
161	Have been in an accident as driver (car/motorcycle/bicycle)	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
162	Have blacked out from drinking too much alcohol	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
163	Smoke dagga occasionally	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
164	Have drunk alcohol	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
165	Have allergies	Sensitive Sensitive	Non- sensitive Non-	True	False False	Strongly Agree Strongly	Agree	Disagree Disagree	Strongly Disagree Strongly
166	Have a shoe size over 7 Have had sex with someone when I was so drunk that I do not remember it	Sensitive	sensitive Non- sensitive	True	False	Agree Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Disagree Strongly Disagree
168	Often watch television late at night	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
169	First had sex between the ages of 14 and 18	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
170	Have had sexual intercourse without a condom being used while under the influence of alcohol.	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
171	Know the name of the premier of KwaZulu-Natal	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
172	Have a cat as a pet	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
173	Had the usual childhood illnesses	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
174	Live with my family	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
175	Have been/am in a sexual relationship mainly for material benefits (e.g. gifts, food, clothes).	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
176	Am careful about what I put into my body	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
177	Have had sex with someone who was in an authority position in relation to me	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

178	Use the internet from my cellphone	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
179	Have watched the movie "Argo"	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
180	Have consumed alcohol until intoxicated/drunk	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

(Cross Three boxes, 1 from each category)

Item	1-These items	2-These	e items	3 - I would	<i>NOT</i> wan	t anyone to l	know the							
	(for me):		are (fo	r me):	following about me, because it is so sensitiv									
1. Eating	Sensitive N	Von-	*True	False	Strongly Agree Disagree Strongl									
Pizza	50	ensitive					Agree		Agree		Agree			Disagree

No.	Item		1		2				3
_	se 3 of these options (1 from category)	Sensitive Non- sensitive		True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
181	Dagga is not harmful	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
182	Read the local paper almost everyday	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
183	Became aware of sexual feelings from 13 years onwards	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
184	Have read the book "Lord of the files"	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
185	Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to have sexual intercourse with me.	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree
186	Look after my body	Sensitive	Non- sensitive	True	False	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree

Thank you for your patience, please rate the following statements based on your level of agreement with each of the statements.

Social Desirability Scale

1. Strongly Agree	2. Agree	3. Disagree	4. Strongly Disagree
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(cross the appropriate box)

No.	Item	Sc	ale		
1.	I sometimes feel resentful when I don't get my way.	1	2	3	4
2.	On a few occasions, I have given up doing something because I thought too little of my ability.	1	2	3	4

3.	There have been times when I felt like rebelling against people in authority even though I knew	1	2	3	4
	they were right.				
4.	No matter who I'm talking to, I'm always a good listener.	1	2	3	4
5.	I can remember "playing sick" to get out of something.	1	2	3	4
6.	There have been occasions when I took advantage of someone.	1	2	3	4
7.	I'm always willing to admit it when I make a mistake.	1	2	3	4
8.	I sometimes try to get even rather than forgive and forget.	1	2	3	4
9.	I am always courteous (polite), even to people who are disagreeable (unpleasant).	1	2	3	4
10.	I have never been irked (irritated) when people expressed ideas very different from my own.	1	2	3	4
11.	There have times when I was quite jealous of the good fortune of others.	1	2	3	4
12.	I am sometimes irritated by people who ask favours of me.	1	2	3	4
13.	I have never deliberately said something that hurt someone's feelings.	1	2	3	4

Thank you for your participation!

Appendix 7 – Letter from CFC



2014 March 12

To whom it may concern

This letter serves to provide the assurance that should any interviewee require psychological assistance as a result of any distress arising from the approved research process for a study onit will be provided by psychologists and intern psychologists at the UKZN Child and Family Centre. This project is conducted by a research team of Honours and

Masters' students at the School of Applied Human Sciences, University of KwaZulu-Natal Pietermaritzburg campus.

Yours sincerely,

Nontobeko Buthelezi

Child and Family Centre Director



Appendix 8 – SHREC Approval

20 May 2015

Ms Hafsah Shaik 209504814 School of Applied Human Sciences Pietermaritzburg Campus

Dear Ms Shaik

Protocal reference number: HSS/0040/015M

Project title: Norming and scaling sensitive behaviour in a student population at the University of KwaZulu-Natal

Full Approval - Full Committee Reviewed

In response to your application received on 22 January 2015, the Humanities & Social Sciences Research Ethics Committee has considered the abovementioned application and the protocol have been granted FULL APPROVAL.

Any alteration/s to the approved research protocol i.e. Questionnaire/Interview Schedule, Informed Consent Form, Title of the Project, Location of the Study, Research Approach and Methods must be reviewed and approved through the amendment/modification prior to its implementation. In case you have further queries, please quote the above reference number.

PLEASE NOTE: Research data should be securely stored in the discipline/department for a period of 5 years.

The ethical clearance certificate is only valid for a period of 3 years from the date of issue. Thereafter Recertification must be applied for on an annual basis.

I take this opportunity of wishing you everything of the best with your study.

Yours faithfully

Dr Shenuka Singh (Chair)

Humanities & Social Sciences Research Ethics Committee

/px

cc Supervisor: Mr Vernon Solomon

cc Academic Leader Research: Professor D McCracken

cc School Administrator: Mr Sbonelo Duma

Humanities & Social Sciences Research Ethics Committee

Or Shonuka Singh (Chair)

Westville Campus, Govan Mbeki Building

Postal Address: Private Bag X54001, Durban 4000

Telephone: +27 (3) 37 260 3587/8350/4557 Facsimile: -27 (0) 31 260 4809 Email: xmhan@ukzn.sc.za / sc/math@ukzn.sc.za / mohuno@ukzn.sc.za / mohuno@ukzn.sc.za

Website: www.ukzn.ac.za

1910 - 2010 100 YEARS OF ACADEMIC EXCELLENCE

Founding Campusas: 🐞 Edgewood









Appendix 9 – Gatekeeper Approval

17 October 2014

Ms Hafsah Shaik School of Applied Human Sciences College of Humanities Pietermaritzburg Campus UKZN

Email: 209504814@stu,ukzn.ac.za

Solomon@ukzn.ac.za

Dear Ms Shaik

RE: PERMISSION TO CONDUCT RESEARCH

Gatekeeper's permission is hereby granted for you to conduct research at the University of KwaZulu-Natal (UKZN) towards your postgraduate studies, provided Ethical clearance has been obtained. We note the title of your research project is:

"Norming and scaling sensitive behaviour in a student population at the University of KwaZulu-Natal".

It is noted that you will be constituting your sample by randomly handing out questionnaires to students inviting them to participate in the study on the Pietermaritzburg Campus.

Data collected must be treated with due confidentiality and anonymity.

Yours sincerely

MR MC BALOYI REGISTRAR

Office of the Registrar

Postal Address: Private Bag X54001, Durban, South Africa

Telephone: +27 (0) 31 260 8005/2206 Facsimile: +27 (0) 31 260 7824/2204 Email: registrar@ukzn.ac.aa

Website: www.ukzn.ac.za

Appendix 10 – Current Norming Study Factor Loadings

Appendix: Norming		scriptive Statist	
	Mean	Std.	Analysis
		Deviation	N
Have had dental work	1.76	.433	314
done			
Know where to buy	1.62	.492	314
condoms			
Have more than one	1.72	.464	314
sibling			
Have a favourite soccer	1.74	.454	314
team			
Would consider myself a	1.80	.414	314
sports fan			
Think one alcoholic drink	1.80	.417	314
a day is healthy			
Have seen a doctor in the	1.67	.498	314
last year			
Have been/ am in a	1.67	.479	314
sexual relationship in			
exchange for things I			
need (e.g. food, transport,			
accommodation, fees).			
Visit the Library more than	1.80	.411	314
once a week			
Have had sexual	1.64	.487	314
intercourse with someone			
who was too intoxicated to			
give consent.			
Am on Facebook	1.71	.461	314
Know where to get	1.63	.490	314
condoms for free			
Know what's going on in	1.78	.424	314
SA politics			
Know where to get the	1.62	.500	314
contraceptive pill	-		
Often have had sex with	1.52	.519	314
my boyfriend/girlfriend		.0.0	011
because I feel that I have			
to			
Am comfortable with my	1.51	.507	314

sexual desires			
Have broken a limb	1.85	.383	314
Have raped someone	1.77	.421	314
Use the internet almost	1.74	.440	314
every week			
Have hay fever	1.83	.413	314
Have an ipad or tablet	1.86	.348	314
Like reading the editorial	1.82	.400	314
section of the local			
newspaper			
Have a shoe size smaller	1.76	.433	314
than size 6			
Work to earn money while	1.86	.360	314
I am studying full time			
Always read before going	1.78	.432	314
to sleep			
Am HIV positive	1.63	.496	314
Always have sugar in tea	1.75	.444	314
or coffee			
Can type reasonably well	1.73	.445	314
Have gone to a traditional	1.70	.457	314
healer when sick			
Have been slightly drunk	1.69	.463	314
Am concerned about	1.56	.497	314
contracting a sexually			
transmitted disease			
Exercise regularly	1.79	.418	314
Have engaged in light	1.60	.497	314
petting (kissing, fondling)			
Try to eat healthily	1.72	.457	314
Have taken illegal drugs	1.66	.475	314
Know the name of a	1.85	.369	314
Maritzburg United soccer			
player	4.04	400	044
Have been aware of	1.61	.490	314
-			
	1 51	F04	24.4
	1.51	.501	314
	1 55	505	211
	1.00	.505	31 4
sexual feelings between 10 and 12 years Have engaged in heavy petting (including genital contact) Have used a condom the last time I had sex	1.51	.501	314

Know about the "morning after" pill	1.58	.513	314
Have gone to the doctor	1.72	.465	314
Use the contraceptive pill	1.70	.472	314
Have had more than one	1.58	.501	314
sexual partner in the last		.551	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
month			
Know the name of the	1.86	.351	314
Kenyan president			
Have raped someone	1.70	.460	314
together with one or more			
of my friends			
Am waiting for the right	1.64	.494	314
partner before having sex			
Won't go in a car with a	1.70	.467	314
driver who has been			
drinking			
Sometimes smoke	1.79	.414	314
cigarettes			
Have been in a sexual	1.69	.468	314
relationship in exchange			
for goods (e.g. cell phone,			
fashionable clothes).			
Regret the first time I had	1.50	.513	314
sex			
Have had a wound that	1.85	.369	314
needed stitches	4.70	470	04.4
Have experimented	1.70	.472	314
casually with various			
drugs Have asthma	1.85	360	314
	1.93	.369	
Am a vegetarian Have one or more pets	1.88	.323	314 314
Have had sex with a	1.68	.476	314
partner who was 10 or	1.00	.470	314
more years older than me			
at the time			
Don't drink alcohol	1.78	.417	314
Usually choose sugar free	1.85	.354	314
soft drinks			
Have travelled outside	1.86	.351	314
		· ·	

South Africa			
Use sms's more than	1.78	.415	314
email			
First had sex between the	1.64	.486	314
ages of 14 and 16			
Had sex when I was	1.57	.509	314
emotionally ready			
Had at least one parent	1.75	.447	314
who smoked cigarettes			
Am comfortable with	1.61	.508	314
casual sex			
Am waiting till marriage to	1.67	.470	314
have sex			
Have been treated for a	1.63	.484	314
sexually transmitted			
infection (e.g. syphilis,			
gonorrhoea, herpes,			
genital ulcer, idrop)			
Drink coffee	1.76	.429	314
Have been in a car	1.85	.354	314
accident as a passenger			
Have taken drugs	1.77	.423	314
intravenously (injectable)			
Have sinus problems	1.83	.375	314
Am careful with my diet	1.76	.425	314
Have been to London	1.90	.303	314
Live alone	1.86	.348	314
Have my driver's license	1.90	.294	314
Like documentaries	1.84	.363	314
Went to a government	1.76	.433	314
high school			
Have had sex with	1.56	.504	314
someone who wasn't my			
regular partner			
Have a brother	1.78	.417	314
Think alcohol should be	1.79	.410	314
illegal			
Have been tested for HIV	1.61	.490	314
Have gone to the chemist	1.75	.444	314
when sick			
Am at risk for HIV	1.60	.492	314
Support legalising drugs	1.82	.386	314

Think sex is ok in a committed relationship	1.65	.478	314
Live in shared	1.80	.417	314
accommodation			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Know my HIV status	1.58	.495	314
Often watch television late	1.80	.409	314
at night			
Have often drunk alcohol	1.77	.419	314
Don't mix with people who	1.84	.372	314
drink alcohol			
Would consider myself a	1.85	.357	314
fan of pop music			
Have seen a dentist in the	1.83	.372	314
last two years			
Smoke cigarettes in social	1.83	.389	314
situations			
Have more than one sister	1.79	.406	314
Had sex when I was	1.71	.461	314
younger than 14			
Always use condoms	1.65	.492	314
when having sex			
Have watched the movie	1.76	.427	314
"Tsotsi"			
Am entitled to have my	1.80	.409	314
partner pay for things for			
me			
Never exercise	1.82	.397	314
Never drink fizzy drinks	1.87	.356	314
Own at least one cell	1.79	.416	314
phone			
Don't drive when I have	1.73	.458	314
been drinking			
Have an internet	1.87	.334	314
connection at home			
Watch the news on TV at	1.87	.341	314
least 3 times a week			
Reading is a hobby	1.84	.363	314
Think smoking cigarettes	1.81	.394	314
is more harmful than			
smoking dagga			
Regularly get health	1.81	.404	314
check-ups			

Don't normally eat breakfast	1.80	.403	314
Know what a "conversion" is in rugby	1.86	.348	314
Have a favourite TV show	1.80	.411	314
Have a dog as a pet	1.87	.334	314
Have my own vehicle	1.90	.319	314
Have seen any kind of	1.82	.389	314
health practitioner in the last year			
Can speak more than 2 languages reasonably well	1.77	.421	314
Have had diagnostic tests done in the last year	1.82	.386	314
Went to a private high school	1.87	.334	314
Subscribe to electronic newsletters	1.89	.319	314
Have had sex after drinking	1.61	.500	314
Have not had sex	1.72	.451	314
Have had more than two sexual partners in the last three months	1.64	.486	314
Have gone to a local clinic when sick	1.74	.442	314
Have taken antibiotics in the last year	1.75	.438	314
Take vitamins almost everyday	1.83	.384	314
There's a handgun in my house	1.76	.434	314
Only use condoms with a new partner	1.70	.479	314
Have lived outside of South Africa	1.90	.305	314
Am sexually active	1.61	.488	314
Have refused to use a condom	1.64	.486	314
Have never been in hospital	1.81	.412	314

Have watched the movie "Jerusalema"	1.79	.408	314
Had sex the first time with someone when I did not really feel like doing it	1.58	.500	314
Have had sex with someone who isn't a regular partner because I've needed material things (e.g. rent, food, cosmetics).	1.66	.481	314
Have weekend/after hours work for money	1.87	.356	314
Had asthma as a child	1.89	.325	314
Have felt peer pressure to drink alcohol.	1.72	.458	314
Can drive quite well after two drinks	1.87	.350	314
Regularly post items on Facebook	1.81	.394	314
Have been forced to have sex	1.69	.471	314
Have had to slap, kick or bite to stop someone having sex with me	1.65	.483	314
Have engaged in sexual intercourse while under the influence of alcohol that I later regretted.	1.62	.485	314
Regret having had sex	1.57	.502	314
Have lived in at least three different provinces	1.90	.303	314
Have had unprotected sex while knowing I am HIV positive and/or have a sexually transmitted infection	1.67	.484	314
Don't mix with people who use drugs	1.78	.420	314
Am careful about risky sex	1.61	.494	314
Have a student loan from a bank	1.83	.381	314
Have tried to get someone	1.70	.464	314

else intoxicated in the			
hopes of having sexual			
intercourse with them.			
Am comfortable receiving gifts from my sexual partner	1.70	.471	314
Have been sexually active but not had intercourse (vaginal or anal)	1.64	.494	314
Have been coerced or forced to have sexual intercourse by someone who was under the influence of alcohol.	1.68	.473	314
Am a virgin	1.68	.469	314
Sometimes drink alcohol socially	1.79	.433	314
Have been pressurised to have sex without a condom	1.64	.499	314
Have been to Durban	1.78	.413	314
Drink tea	1.78	.415	314
Drink alcohol in moderation	1.84	.378	314
Have forced someone to have sex with me	1.78	.420	314
Have had sexual intercourse when so under the influence of alcohol that I was unable to consent.	1.64	.481	314
Felt ready when I had sex the first time	1.61	.496	314
Own a laptop computer	1.79	.414	314
Have had sex with a teacher or lecturer	1.75	.433	314
Have been in an accident as driver (car/motorcycle/bicycle)	1.88	.323	314
Have blacked out from drinking too much alcohol	1.78	.415	314
Smoke dagga occasionally	1.78	.417	314

Have drunk alcohol	1.72	.451	314
Have allergies	1.82	.383	314
Have a shoe size over 7	1.86	.351	314
Have had sex with someone when I was so drunk that I do not remember it	1.68	.481	314
	4.00	204	24.4
Often watch television late at night	1.82	.394	314
First had sex between the ages of 14 and 18	1.68	.472	314
Have had sexual intercourse without a condom being used while under the influence of alcohol.	1.63	.504	314
Know the name of the premier of KwaZulu-Natal	1.81	.402	314
Have a cat as a pet	1.90	.323	314
Had the usual childhood illnesses	1.81	.407	314
Live with my family	1.83	.375	314
Have been/am in a sexual relationship mainly for material benefits (e.g. gifts, food, clothes).	1.75	.435	314
Am careful about what I put into my body	1.75	.444	314
Have had sex with someone who was in an authority position in relation to me	1.71	.463	314
Use the internet from my cellphone	1.77	.419	314
Have watched the movie	1.92	.276	314
Have consumed alcohol until intoxicated/drunk	1.73	.451	314
Dagga is not harmful	1.84	.369	314
Read the local paper almost everyday	1.87	.343	314
Became aware of sexual	1.68	.469	314

feelings from 13 years onwards			
Have read the book "Lord of the files"	1.90	.303	314
Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to have sexual intercourse with me.	1.77	.438	314
Look after my body	1.73	.461	314

Component Loadings

Component L	oadings	
	Dime	nsion
	1	2
Have had dental work done	.476	240
Know where to buy condoms	.503	087
Have more than one sibling	.467	359
Have a favourite soccer team	.484	364
Would consider myself a sports fan	.507	298
Think one alcoholic drink a day is healthy	.433	.038
Have seen a doctor in the last year	.553	191
Have been/ am in a sexual	.262	.521
relationship in exchange		
for things I need (e.g. food,		
transport, accommodation,		
fees).		
Visit the Library more than once a week	.565	293
Have had sexual	.226	.607
intercourse with someone		
who was too intoxicated to		
give consent.		
Am on Facebook	.676	444
Know where to get condoms	.621	156

for free		
Know what's going on in SA	.562	299
politics		00
Know where to get the	.566	048
contraceptive pill		
Often have had sex with my	.288	.448
boyfriend/girlfriend		
because I feel that I have to		
Am comfortable with my	.382	.167
sexual desires		
Have broken a limb	.482	.053
Have raped someone	.347	.541
Use the internet almost every	.634	433
week		
Have hay fever	.484	.047
Have an ipad or tablet	.539	069
Like reading the editorial	.519	184
section of the local		
newspaper		
Have a shoe size smaller	.596	257
than size 6		
Work to earn money while I	.519	070
am studying full time		
Always read before going to	.586	285
sleep		
Am HIV positive	.269	.608
Always have sugar in tea or	.625	485
coffee		
Can type reasonably well	.690	416
Have gone to a traditional	.503	.124
healer when sick		
Have been slightly drunk	.525	.016
Am concerned about	.528	.058
contracting a sexually		
transmitted disease		
Exercise regularly	.594	301
Have engaged in light petting	.493	.031
(kissing, fondling)		
Try to eat healthily	.591	332
Have taken illegal drugs	.353	.428
Know the name of a	.583	190

	l	
Maritzburg United soccer		
player		
Have been aware of sexual	.513	.240
feelings between 10 and 12		
years		
Have engaged in heavy	.192	.377
petting (including genital		
contact)		
Have used a condom the last	.384	.256
time I had sex		
Know about the "morning	.479	.029
after" pill		
Have gone to the doctor	.647	367
when sick		
Use the contraceptive pill	.444	.285
Have had more than one	.323	.526
sexual partner in the last		
month		
Know the name of the	.507	042
Kenyan president		
Have raped someone	.379	.546
together with one or more		
of my friends		
Am waiting for the right	.395	.239
partner before having sex		
Won't go in a car with a driver	.578	222
who has been drinking		
Sometimes smoke cigarettes	.468	.110
Have been in a sexual	.387	.577
relationship in exchange		
for goods (e.g. cell phone,		
fashionable clothes).		
Regret the first time I had	.441	.309
sex		
Have had a wound that	.503	.040
needed stitches		
Have experimented	.353	.430
casually with various drugs		
Have asthma	.499	.181
Am a vegetarian	.624	043
Have one or more pets	.597	039
riave one or more pers	.597	000

who was 10 or more years		
older than me at the time		
Don't drink alcohol	.538	191
Usually choose sugar free	.612	154
soft drinks		
Have travelled outside South	.585	117
Africa		
Use sms's more than email	.653	380
First had sex between the	.388	.501
ages of 14 and 16		
Had sex when I was	.421	.385
emotionally ready		
Had at least one parent who	.445	.196
smoked cigarettes		
Am comfortable with casual	.455	.429
sex		
Am waiting till marriage to	.418	.251
have sex		
Have been treated for a	.341	.621
sexually transmitted		
infection (e.g. syphilis,		
gonorrhoea, herpes, genital		
ulcer, idrop)		
Drink coffee	.662	479
Have been in a car accident	.542	013
as a passenger		
Have taken drugs	.366	.422
intravenously (injectable)		
Have sinus problems	.590	148
Am careful with my diet	.513	099
Have been to London	.612	051
Live alone	.621	178
Have my driver's license	.591	109
Like documentaries	.612	211
11	-	
Went to a government high	.637	393
Went to a government high school	.637	393
-	.637	393 .511
school		
school Have had sex with		
school Have had sex with someone who wasn't my		
school Have had sex with someone who wasn't my regular partner	.393	.511

Have been tested for HIV	.634	005
Have gone to the chemist	.644	354
when sick		
Am at risk for HIV	.465	.435
Support legalising drugs	.450	.255
Think sex is ok in a	.686	.017
committed relationship		
Live in shared	.632	243
accommodation		
Know my HIV status	.615	.012
Often watch television late at	.681	264
night		
Have often drunk alcohol	.566	.061
Don't mix with people who	.521	122
drink alcohol		
Would consider myself a fan	.631	231
of pop music		
Have seen a dentist in the	.571	065
last two years		
Smoke cigarettes in social	.533	.176
situations		
Have more than one sister	.622	352
Had sex when I was	.424	.556
younger than 14		
Always use condoms when	.482	.267
having sex		
Have watched the movie	.676	493
"Tsotsi"		
Am entitled to have my	.602	.094
partner pay for things for me		
Never exercise	.570	.030
Never drink fizzy drinks	.582	108
Own at least one cell phone	.644	427
Don't drive when I have been	.605	084
drinking		
Have an internet connection	.613	164
at home		
Watch the news on TV at	.608	224
least 3 times a week		
Reading is a hobby	.602	204
Think smoking cigarettes is	.636	148
-		

more harmful than smoking		
dagga		
Regularly get health check-	.655	080
ups		
Don't normally eat breakfast	.624	261
Know what a "conversion" is	.625	090
in rugby		
Have a favourite TV show	.635	447
Have a dog as a pet	.622	154
Have my own vehicle	.515	.074
Have seen any kind of health	.653	151
practitioner in the last year		
Can speak more than 2	.649	389
languages reasonably well		
Have had diagnostic tests	.563	.097
done in the last year		
Went to a private high school	.597	064
Subscribe to electronic	.589	201
newsletters		-
Have had sex after drinking	.512	.433
Have not had sex	.420	.211
Have had more than two	.353	.507
sexual partners in the last	.555	.501
three months		
Have gone to a local clinic	.626	288
when sick	.020	.200
Have taken antibiotics in the	.619	145
last year	.010	
Take vitamins almost	.525	032
everyday	.020	.002
There's a handgun in my	.387	.361
house	.507	.501
Only use condoms with a	.506	206
•	.506	.386
new partner	F00	000
Have lived outside of South	.589	.022
Africa		
A	=	
Am sexually active	.523	.292
Have refused to use a	.523 . 386	.292 .480
Have refused to use a condom	.386	.480
Have refused to use a		

"Jerusalema"		
Had sex the first time with	.391	.569
someone when I did not		
really feel like doing it		
Have had sex with	.344	.633
someone who isn't a		
regular partner because		
I've needed material things		
(e.g. rent, food, cosmetics).		
Have weekend/after hours	.576	006
work for money		
Had asthma as a child	.534	.002
Have felt peer pressure to	.395	.232
drink alcohol.		
Can drive quite well after two	.511	.133
drinks	2	
Regularly post items on	.618	330
Facebook		
Have been forced to have	.376	.555
sex		
Have had to slap, kick or	.396	.540
bite to stop someone		
having sex with me		
Have engaged in sexual	.402	.601
intercourse while under the		
influence of alcohol that I		
later regretted.		
Regret having had sex	.380	.507
Have lived in at least three	.605	089
different provinces		
Have had unprotected sex	.397	.610
while knowing I am HIV		
positive and/or have a		
sexually transmitted		
infection		
Don't mix with people who	.519	018
use drugs		
Am careful about risky sex	.593	.121
Have a student loan from a	.490	.206
bank		
Have tried to get someone	.366	.587
else intoxicated in the		

hopes of having sexual		
intercourse with them.		
Am comfortable receiving	.569	.189
gifts from my sexual partner		
Have been sexually active	.467	.377
but not had intercourse		
(vaginal or anal)		
Have been coerced or	.410	.609
forced to have sexual		
intercourse by someone		
who was under the		
influence of alcohol.		
Am a virgin	.401	.293
Sometimes drink alcohol	.519	.110
socially		
Have been pressurised to	.407	.482
have sex without a condom		
Have been to Durban	.634	474
Drink tea	.656	502
Drink alcohol in moderation	.564	.037
Have forced someone to	.462	.506
have sex with me		
Have had sexual	.354	.667
intercourse when so under		
the influence of alcohol		
that I was unable to		
consent.		
Felt ready when I had sex the	.433	.400
first time		
Own a laptop computer	.612	309
Have had sex with a	.424	.601
teacher or lecturer		
Have been in an accident as	.530	.016
driver		
(car/motorcycle/bicycle)		
Have blacked out from	.466	.346
drinking too much alcohol		
Smoke dagga occasionally	.420	.357
Have drunk alcohol	.507	.032
Have allergies	.542	167
Have a shoe size over 7	.534	.052
Have had sex with	.357	.587

someone when I was so		
drunk that I do not		
remember it		
Often watch television late at	.582	305
night		
First had sex between the	.549	.364
ages of 14 and 18		
Have had sexual	.358	.562
intercourse without a		
condom being used while		
under the influence of		
alcohol.		
Know the name of the	.568	255
premier of KwaZulu-Natal		
Have a cat as a pet	.565	096
Had the usual childhood	.571	132
illnesses		
Live with my family	.596	339
Have been/am in a sexual	.373	.514
relationship mainly for		
material benefits (e.g. gifts,		
food, clothes).		
Am careful about what I put	.571	249
into my body		
Have had sex with	.418	.553
someone who was in an		
authority position in		
relation to me		
Use the internet from my	.645	388
cellphone		
Have watched the movie	.570	047
"Argo"		
Have consumed alcohol until	.514	.203
intoxicated/drunk		
Dagga is not harmful	.546	.134
Read the local paper almost	.517	098
everyday		
	.575	.207
Became aware of sexual		
feelings from 13 years		
feelings from 13 years	.595	141

Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to have sexual intercourse with me.	.448	.531
Look after my body	.611	340
Look and my body	.011	.0+0

Sensitivity - Descriptive Statistics			
	Mean	Std. Deviation	Analysis N
Have had dental work done	1.88	.333	314
Know where to buy condoms	1.78	.417	314
Have more than one sibling	1.94	.245	314
Have a favourite soccer team	1.95	.214	314
Would consider myself a sports fan	1.96	.200	314
Think one alcoholic drink a day is healthy	1.87	.347	314
Have seen a doctor in the last year	1.82	.400	314
Have been/ am in a sexual relationship in exchange for things I need (e.g. food, transport, accommodation, fees).	1.59	.493	314
Visit the Library more than once a week	1.93	.256	314
Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	1.54	.505	314
Am on Facebook	1.91	.292	314
Know where to get condoms for free	1.83	.384	314
Know what's going on in SA politics	1.91	.292	314
Know where to get the contraceptive pill	1.77	.429	314

Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to	1.48	.507	314
Am comfortable with my sexual desires	1.53	.506	314
Have broken a limb	1.88	.330	314
Have raped someone	1.61	.489	314
Use the internet almost every week	1.91	.301	314
Have hay fever	1.86	.383	314
Have an ipad or tablet	1.94	.252	314
Like reading the editorial section of the local newspaper	1.95	.214	314
Have a shoe size smaller than size 6	1.89	.319	314
Work to earn money while I am studying full time	1.91	.285	314
Always read before going to sleep	1.90	.305	314
Am HIV positive	1.53	.500	314
Always have sugar in tea or coffee	1.92	.283	314
Can type reasonably well	1.92	.271	314
Have gone to a traditional healer when sick	1.75	.435	314
Have been slightly drunk	1.82	.386	314
Am concerned about contracting a sexually transmitted disease	1.60	.492	314
Exercise regularly	1.89	.307	314
Have engaged in light petting (kissing, fondling)	1.67	.479	314
Try to eat healthily	1.86	.351	314
Have taken illegal drugs	1.63	.483	314
Know the name of a Maritzburg United soccer player	1.95	.227	314
Have been aware of sexual feelings between 10 and 12 years	1.63	.483	314

Have engaged in heavy petting (including genital contact)	1.48	.501	314
Have used a condom the last time I had sex	1.52	.513	314
Know about the "morning after" pill	1.68	.473	314
Have gone to the doctor when sick	1.85	.360	314
Use the contraceptive pill	1.64	.499	314
Have had more than one sexual partner in the last month	1.53	.500	314
Know the name of the Kenyan president	1.92	.276	314
Have raped someone together with one or more of my friends	1.64	.482	314
Am waiting for the right partner before having sex	1.63	.483	314
Won't go in a car with a driver who has been drinking	1.81	.394	314
Sometimes smoke cigarettes	1.82	.394	314
Have been in a sexual relationship in exchange for goods (e.g. cell phone, fashionable clothes).	1.60	.490	314
Regret the first time I had sex	1.50	.513	314
Have had a wound that needed stitches	1.87	.341	314
Have experimented casually with various drugs	1.68	.472	314
Have asthma	1.84	.369	314
Am a vegetarian	1.92	.278	314
Have one or more pets	1.91	.292	314
Have had sex with a	1.63	.491	314
partner who was 10 or			
more years older than me			
at the time			

Don't drink alcohol	1.88	.336	314
Usually choose sugar free	1.92	.283	314
soft drinks			
Have travelled outside	1.93	.273	314
South Africa			
Use sms's more than email	1.91	.296	314
First had sex between the	1.58	.507	314
ages of 14 and 16			
Had sex when I was	1.54	.505	314
emotionally ready			
Had at least one parent	1.79	.410	314
who smoked cigarettes			
Am comfortable with	1.61	.500	314
casual sex			
Am waiting till marriage to	1.67	.471	314
have sex			
Have been treated for a	1.58	.495	314
sexually transmitted			
infection (e.g. syphilis,			
gonorrhoea, herpes,			
genital ulcer, idrop)			
Drink coffee	1.89	.329	314
Have been in a car	1.85	.369	314
accident as a passenger			
Have taken drugs	1.73	.452	314
intravenously (injectable)			
Have sinus problems	1.84	.375	314
Am careful with my diet	1.83	.386	314
Have been to London	1.94	.252	314
Live alone	1.93	.263	314
Have my driver's license	1.93	.268	314
Like documentaries	1.94	.257	314
Went to a government high	1.88	.336	314
school			
Have had sex with	1.57	.496	314
someone who wasn't my			
regular partner			
Have a brother	1.89	.325	314
Think alcohol should be	1.85	.366	314
illegal			
Have been tested for HIV	1.66	.480	314
Have gone to the chemist	1.87	.350	314

when sick			
Am at risk for HIV	1.60	.490	314
Support legalising drugs	1.81	.391	314
Think sex is ok in a	1.69	.463	314
committed relationship			
Live in shared	1.90	.305	314
accommodation			
Know my HIV status	1.62	.485	314
Often watch television late	1.92	.283	314
at night			
Have often drunk alcohol	1.81	.399	314
Don't mix with people who	1.89	.325	314
drink alcohol			
Would consider myself a	1.94	.252	314
fan of pop music			
Have seen a dentist in the	1.87	.350	314
last two years			
Smoke cigarettes in social	1.85	.372	314
situations			
Have more than one sister	1.90	.294	314
Had sex when I was	1.61	.490	314
younger than 14			
Always use condoms when	1.61	.502	314
having sex			
Have watched the movie	1.91	.281	314
"Tsotsi"			
Am entitled to have my	1.86	.344	314
partner pay for things for			
me			
Never exercise	1.87	.334	314
Never drink fizzy drinks	1.93	.256	314
Own at least one cell	1.91	.285	314
phone			
Don't drive when I have	1.83	.384	314
been drinking			
Have an internet	1.93	.261	314
connection at home			
Watch the news on TV at	1.94	.245	314
least 3 times a week			
Reading is a hobby	1.94	.245	314
Think smoking cigarettes is	1.86	.351	314
more harmful than			

smoking dagga			
Regularly get health	1.85	.354	314
check-ups			
Don't normally eat	1.87	.347	314
breakfast			
Know what a "conversion"	1.95	.227	314
is in rugby			
Have a favourite TV show	1.93	.250	314
Have a dog as a pet	1.95	.227	314
Have my own vehicle	1.92	.276	314
Have seen any kind of	1.89	.315	314
health practitioner in the			
last year			
Can speak more than 2	1.89	.315	314
languages reasonably well			
Have had diagnostic tests	1.86	.344	314
done in the last year			
Went to a private high	1.92	.278	314
school			
Subscribe to electronic	1.95	.214	314
newsletters			
Have had sex after	1.67	.486	314
drinking			
Have not had sex	1.71	.461	314
Have had more than two	1.59	.500	314
sexual partners in the last			
three months			
Have gone to a local clinic	1.84	.372	314
when sick			
Have taken antibiotics in	1.86	.344	314
the last year			
Take vitamins almost	1.86	.344	314
everyday			
There's a handgun in my	1.77	.429	314
house			
Only use condoms with a	1.65	.498	314
new partner			
Have lived outside of	1.94	.245	314
South Africa			
Am sexually active	1.62	.492	314
Have refused to use a	1.58	.508	314
condom			

Have never been in	1.85	.363	314
hospital			
Have watched the movie	1.93	.261	314
"Jerusalema"			
Had sex the first time with	1.54	.505	314
someone when I did not			
really feel like doing it			
Have had sex with	1.61	.490	314
someone who isn't a			
regular partner because			
I've needed material things			
(e.g. rent, food,			
cosmetics).			
Have weekend/after hours	1.91	.292	314
work for money			
Had asthma as a child	1.88	.340	314
Have felt peer pressure to	1.74	.447	314
drink alcohol.			
Can drive quite well after	1.88	.333	314
two drinks			
Regularly post items on	1.93	.250	314
Facebook			
Have been forced to have	1.62	.493	314
sex			
Have had to slap, kick or	1.61	.490	314
bite to stop someone			
having sex with me			
Have engaged in sexual	1.60	.498	314
intercourse while under the			
influence of alcohol that I			
later regretted.			
Regret having had sex	1.55	.511	314
Have lived in at least three	1.94	.233	314
different provinces			
Have had unprotected sex	1.59	.493	314
while knowing I am HIV			
positive and/or have a			
sexually transmitted			
infection			
Don't mix with people who	1.80	.411	314
use drugs			
Am careful about risky sex	1.61	.507	314
Have a student loan from a	1.82	.394	314

bank			
	1.62	402	24.4
Have tried to get someone else intoxicated in the	1.02	.493	314
hopes of having sexual intercourse with them.			
Am comfortable receiving	1.75	.442	314
gifts from my sexual	1.75	.442	314
partner			
Have been sexually active	1.63	.490	314
but not had intercourse	1.00	. 100	011
(vaginal or anal)			
Have been coerced or	1.61	.496	314
forced to have sexual			
intercourse by someone			
who was under the			
influence of alcohol.			
Am a virgin	1.66	.474	314
Sometimes drink alcohol	1.83	.384	314
socially			
Have been pressurised to	1.59	.505	314
have sex without a			
condom			
Have been to Durban	1.92	.276	314
Drink tea	1.92	.276	314
Drink alcohol in	1.89	.325	314
moderation			
Have forced someone to	1.71	.456	314
have sex with me			
Have had sexual	1.61	.490	314
intercourse when so under			
the influence of alcohol			
that I was unable to			
consent.			
Felt ready when I had sex	1.55	.504	314
the first time			
Own a laptop computer	1.90	.309	314
Have had sex with a	1.68	.468	314
teacher or lecturer	4.05	0.15	•
Have been in an accident	1.86	.348	314
as driver			
(car/motorcycle/bicycle)		10-	
Have blacked out from	1.77	.423	314
drinking too much alcohol			

Smoke dagga occasionally	1.78	.417	314
Have drunk alcohol	1.82	.381	314
Have allergies	1.84	.372	314
Have a shoe size over 7	1.88	.323	314
Have had sex with	1.64	.486	314
someone when I was so			
drunk that I do not			
remember it			
Often watch television late	1.90	.315	314
at night			
First had sex between the	1.67	.473	314
ages of 14 and 18			
Have had sexual	1.61	.501	314
intercourse without a			
condom being used while			
under the influence of			
alcohol.			
Know the name of the	1.90	.294	314
premier of KwaZulu-Natal			
Have a cat as a pet	1.95	.234	314
Had the usual childhood	1.88	.323	314
illnesses			
Live with my family	1.89	.319	314
Have been/am in a sexual	1.69	.470	314
relationship mainly for			
material benefits (e.g. gifts,			
food, clothes).			
Am careful about what I	1.82	.386	314
put into my body			
Have had sex with	1.69	.468	314
someone who was in an			
authority position in			
relation to me			
Use the internet from my	1.92	.276	314
cellphone			
Have watched the movie	1.95	.214	314
"Argo"			
Have consumed alcohol	1.81	.402	314
until intoxicated/drunk			
Dagga is not harmful	1.83	.372	314
Read the local paper	1.93	.268	314
almost everyday		-200	J
oct ovoryddy			

Became aware of sexual feelings from 13 years onwards	1.73	.447	314
Have read the book "Lord of the files"	1.96	.200	314
Have coerced or forced someone who was under the influence of alcohol to have sexual intercourse with me.	1.71	.463	314
Look after my body	1.84	.386	314

Norming Option - Communalities		
restrining option	Initial	Extractio n
Have had dental work done	1.000	.779
Know where to buy condoms	1.000	.749
Have more than one sibling	1.000	.763
Have a favourite soccer team	1.000	.756
Would consider myself a sports fan	1.000	.777
Think one alcoholic drink a day is healthy	1.000	.785
Have seen a doctor in the last year	1.000	.735
Have been/ am in a sexual relationship in exchange for things I need (e.g. food, transport, accommodation, fees).	1.000	.801
Visit the Library more than once a week	1.000	.787
Have had sexual intercourse with someone who was too intoxicated to give consent.	1.000	.685

Am on Facebook1.000.824Know where to get condoms for free1.000.784Know what's going on in SA politics1.000.725Know where to get the contraceptive pill1.000.765Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to1.000.700Am comfortable with my sexual desires1.000.750Have broken a limb1.000.750Have raped someone1.000.740Use the internet almost every week1.000.757Have hay fever1.000.766Like reading the editorial section of the local newspaper1.000.783Have a shoe size smaller than size 61.000.783
Condoms for free Know what's going on in SA politics Know where to get the contraceptive pill Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to Am comfortable with my sexual desires Have broken a limb 1.000 1.700 Have raped someone 1.000 1.750 Have raped someone 1.000 1.765 every week Have hay fever 1.000 1.757 Have an ipad or tablet Like reading the editorial section of the local newspaper Have a shoe size smaller 1.000 1.783
Know what's going on in SA politics Know where to get the contraceptive pill Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to Am comfortable with my sexual desires Have broken a limb 1.000 .750 Have raped someone 1.000 .740 Use the internet almost 1.000 .765 every week Have hay fever 1.000 .757 Have an ipad or tablet 1.000 .734 section of the local newspaper Have a shoe size smaller 1.000 .783
SA politics Know where to get the contraceptive pill Often have had sex with my boyfriend/girlfriend because I feel that I have to Am comfortable with my sexual desires Have broken a limb 1.000 .750 Have raped someone 1.000 .740 Use the internet almost 1.000 .765 every week Have hay fever 1.000 .757 Have an ipad or tablet 1.000 .766 Like reading the editorial section of the local newspaper Have a shoe size smaller 1.000 .783
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section of the local newspaper Have a shoe size smaller 1.000 .783
newspaper Have a shoe size smaller 1.000 .783
Have a shoe size smaller 1.000 .783
than size 6
แเตม จเรอ บ
Work to earn money while 1.000 .764
I am studying full time
Always read before going 1.000 .785
to sleep
Am HIV positive 1.000 .729
Always have sugar in tea 1.000 .850
or coffee
Can type reasonably well 1.000 .829
Have gone to a traditional 1.000 .718
healer when sick
Have been slightly drunk 1.000 .781
Am concerned about 1.000 .712
contracting a sexually
transmitted disease
Exercise regularly 1.000 .809
Have engaged in light 1.000 .727
petting (kissing, fondling)
Try to eat healthily 1.000 .774

1.000	.744
1.000	.796
1.000	.721
1.000	.637
1.000	.710
1.000	.706
1.000	.774
1.000	.728
1.000	.635
1.000	.774
1.000	.764
1.000	.750
1.000	.733
1.000	.744
1.000	.745
1.000	.716
1.000	.738
1.000	.659
	1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000

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Went to a government	1.000	.764
high school		
Have had sex with	1.000	.725
someone who wasn't my		
regular partner		
Have a brother	1.000	.832
Think alcohol should be	1.000	.782
illegal		
Have been tested for HIV	1.000	.764
Have gone to the chemist	1.000	.745
when sick		
Am at risk for HIV	1.000	.694
Support legalising drugs	1.000	.731
Think sex is ok in a	1.000	.796
committed relationship		
Live in shared	1.000	.801
accommodation		
Know my HIV status	1.000	.743
Often watch television late	1.000	.821
at night		
Have often drunk alcohol	1.000	.772
Don't mix with people who	1.000	.758
drink alcohol		
Would consider myself a	1.000	.717
fan of pop music		
Have seen a dentist in the	1.000	.722
last two years		
Smoke cigarettes in social	1.000	.700
situations		
Have more than one sister	1.000	.782
Had sex when I was	1.000	.721
younger than 14	1.000	
Always use condoms	1.000	.751
when having sex	1.000	
Have watched the movie	1.000	.850
"Tsotsi"	1.000	.000
Am entitled to have my	1.000	.769
partner pay for things for	1.000	.109
me		
Never exercise	1.000	.736
Never drink fizzy drinks	1.000	.754

Own at least one cell	1.000	.837
phone		
Don't drive when I have	1.000	.801
been drinking		
Have an internet	1.000	.825
connection at home		
Watch the news on TV at	1.000	.797
least 3 times a week		
Reading is a hobby	1.000	.741
Think smoking cigarettes	1.000	.780
is more harmful than		
smoking dagga		
Regularly get health	1.000	.727
check-ups		
Don't normally eat	1.000	.743
breakfast		
Know what a "conversion"	1.000	.795
is in rugby		
Have a favourite TV show	1.000	.812
Have a dog as a pet	1.000	.754
Have my own vehicle	1.000	.787
Have seen any kind of	1.000	.803
health practitioner in the	1.000	.000
last year		
Can speak more than 2	1.000	.788
languages reasonably	1.000	.700
well		
Have had diagnostic tests	1.000	.797
done in the last year	1.000	.191
•	1.000	.811
Went to a private high school	1.000	.011
Subscribe to electronic	4.000	700
	1.000	.769
newsletters	4 000	770
Have had sex after	1.000	.770
drinking		
Have not had sex	1.000	.750
Have had more than two	1.000	.706
sexual partners in the last		
three months		
Have gone to a local clinic	1.000	.781
when sick		
Have taken antibiotics in	1.000	.788

the last year		
Take vitamins almost	1.000	.758
everyday		
There's a handgun in my	1.000	.726
house		
Only use condoms with a	1.000	.780
new partner		
Have lived outside of	1.000	.749
South Africa		
Am sexually active	1.000	.736
Have refused to use a	1.000	.729
condom		
Have never been in	1.000	.734
hospital		
Have watched the movie	1.000	.800
"Jerusalema"		
Had sex the first time with	1.000	.770
someone when I did not		
really feel like doing it		
Have had sex with	1.000	.753
someone who isn't a		
regular partner because		
I've needed material		
things (e.g. rent, food,		
cosmetics).		
Have weekend/after hours	1.000	.807
work for money		
Had asthma as a child	1.000	.805
Have felt peer pressure to	1.000	.737
drink alcohol.		
Can drive quite well after	1.000	.791
two drinks		
Regularly post items on	1.000	.757
Facebook		
Have been forced to have	1.000	.772
sex		
Have had to slap, kick or	1.000	.813
bite to stop someone		
having sex with me		
Have engaged in sexual	1.000	.764
intercourse while under		
the influence of alcohol		

that I later regretted.		
Regret having had sex	1.000	.767
Have lived in at least	1.000	.760
	1.000	.760
three different provinces	4.000	750
Have had unprotected sex	1.000	.750
while knowing I am HIV		
positive and/or have a		
sexually transmitted		
infection		
Don't mix with people who	1.000	.746
use drugs		
Am careful about risky sex	1.000	.738
Have a student loan from	1.000	.815
a bank		
Have tried to get someone	1.000	.804
else intoxicated in the		
hopes of having sexual		
intercourse with them.		
Am comfortable receiving	1.000	.733
gifts from my sexual		
partner		
Have been sexually active	1.000	.749
but not had intercourse		
(vaginal or anal)		
Have been coerced or	1.000	.795
forced to have sexual		
intercourse by someone		
who was under the		
influence of alcohol.		
Am a virgin	1.000	.809
Sometimes drink alcohol	1.000	.770
socially		
Have been pressurised to	1.000	.741
have sex without a		
condom		
Have been to Durban	1.000	.839
Drink tea		
Drink alcohol in	1.000	.781
	1,000	.785
		00
	1 000	802
influence of alcohol. Am a virgin Sometimes drink alcohol socially Have been pressurised to have sex without a condom Have been to Durban Drink tea	1.000 1.000 1.000 1.000	.770 .741 .839 .863

intercourse when so		
under the influence of		
alcohol that I was unable		
to consent.		
Felt ready when I had sex	1.000	.747
the first time		
Own a laptop computer	1.000	.778
Have had sex with a	1.000	.768
teacher or lecturer		
Have been in an accident	1.000	.734
as driver		
(car/motorcycle/bicycle)		
Have blacked out from	1.000	.685
drinking too much alcohol		
Smoke dagga	1.000	.728
occasionally		
Have drunk alcohol	1.000	.718
Have allergies	1.000	.726
Have a shoe size over 7	1.000	.784
Have had sex with	1.000	.769
someone when I was so		
drunk that I do not		
remember it		
Often watch television late	1.000	.785
at night		
First had sex between the	1.000	.734
ages of 14 and 18		
Have had sexual	1.000	.737
intercourse without a		
condom being used while		
under the influence of		
alcohol.		
Know the name of the	1.000	.755
premier of KwaZulu-Natal		00
Have a cat as a pet	1.000	.742
Had the usual childhood	1.000	.761
illnesses	1.500	.701
Live with my family	1.000	.729
Have been/am in a sexual	1.000	.729
	1.000	.130
relationship mainly for		
material benefits (e.g.		
gifts, food, clothes).		

Am careful about what I	1.000	.767
put into my body		
Have had sex with	1.000	.817
someone who was in an		
authority position in		
relation to me		
Use the internet from my cellphone	1.000	.765
Have watched the movie	1.000	.826
"Argo"		
Have consumed alcohol	1.000	.747
until intoxicated/drunk		
Dagga is not harmful	1.000	.737
Read the local paper	1.000	.808
almost everyday		
Became aware of sexual	1.000	.761
feelings from 13 years		
onwards		
Have read the book "Lord	1.000	.782
of the files"		
Have coerced or forced	1.000	.762
someone who was under		
the influence of alcohol to		
have sexual intercourse		
with me.		
Look after my body	1.000	.732
Extraction Method: Principal	Component i	Analysis.

Disclosure - Descriptive Statistics			
	Mean	Std.	Analysis
		Deviation	N
Have had dental work done	1.52	.507	315
Know where to buy condoms	1.18	.383	315
Have more than one sibling	1.18	.386	315
Have a favourite soccer team	1.35	.476	315
Would consider myself a sports fan	1.48	.507	315

Think one alcoholic drink	1.61	.489	315
a day is healthy			
Have seen a doctor in the	1.38	.486	315
last year			
Have been/ am in a	1.86	.344	315
sexual relationship in			
exchange for things I			
need (e.g. food, transport,			
accommodation, fees).			
Visit the Library more than	1.41	.492	315
once a week			
Have had sexual	1.82	.391	315
intercourse with someone			
who was too intoxicated to			
give consent.			
Am on Facebook	1.14	.344	315
Know where to get	1.13	.333	315
condoms for free			
Know what's going on in	1.32	.466	315
SA politics			
Know where to get the	1.22	.420	315
contraceptive pill			
Often have had sex with	1.60	.497	315
my boyfriend/girlfriend			
because I feel that I have			
to			
Am comfortable with my	1.29	.452	315
sexual desires			
Have broken a limb	1.76	.445	315
Have raped someone	1.95	.226	315
Use the internet almost	1.09	.296	315
every week			
Have hay fever	1.80	.429	315
Have an ipad or tablet	1.59	.493	315
Like reading the editorial	1.57	.502	315
section of the local			
newspaper			
Have a shoe size smaller	1.58	.495	315
than size 6			
Work to earn money while	1.79	.405	315
I am studying full time			
Always read before going	1.47	.506	315
, aways road before going	1.47	.500	313

to sleep			
Am HIV positive	1.89	.331	315
Always have sugar in tea	1.16	.372	315
or coffee			
Can type reasonably well	1.16	.366	315
Have gone to a traditional	1.69	.464	315
healer when sick			
Have been slightly drunk	1.40	.491	315
Am concerned about	1.26	.441	315
contracting a sexually			
transmitted disease			
Exercise regularly	1.43	.503	315
Have engaged in light	1.17	.383	315
petting (kissing, fondling)			
Try to eat healthily	1.18	.396	315
Have taken illegal drugs	1.70	.458	315
Know the name of a	1.70	.467	315
Maritzburg United soccer			
player			
Have been aware of	1.59	.493	315
sexual feelings between			
10 and 12 years			
Have engaged in heavy	1.41	.493	315
petting (including genital			
contact)			
Have used a condom the	1.42	.501	315
last time I had sex			
Know about the "morning	1.22	.437	315
after" pill			
Have gone to the doctor	1.10	.309	315
when sick			
Use the contraceptive pill	1.77	.441	315
Have had more than one	1.80	.409	315
sexual partner in the last			
month			
Know the name of the	1.81	.396	315
Kenyan president			
Have raped someone	1.95	.226	315
together with one or more			
of my friends			
Am waiting for the right	1.66	.482	315
partner before having sex			

Won't go in a car with a	1.44	.498	315
driver who has been			
drinking			
Sometimes smoke	1.66	.474	315
cigarettes			
Have been in a sexual	1.91	.285	315
relationship in exchange			
for goods (e.g. cell phone,			
fashionable clothes).			
Regret the first time I had	1.57	.508	315
sex			
Have had a wound that	1.74	.447	315
needed stitches			
Have experimented	1.78	.412	315
casually with various			
drugs			
Have asthma	1.83	.386	315
Am a vegetarian	1.91	.290	315
Have one or more pets	1.81	.391	315
Have had sex with a	1.85	.369	315
partner who was 10 or			
more years older than me			
at the time			
Don't drink alcohol	1.52	.500	315
Usually choose sugar free	1.81	.391	315
soft drinks	1.01	.591	313
Have travelled outside	1.65	477	215
	1.65	.477	315
South Africa	4.40	200	045
Use sms's more than	1.19	.393	315
email			2.12
First had sex between the	1.74	.447	315
ages of 14 and 16			
Had sex when I was	1.50	.513	315
emotionally ready			
Had at least one parent	1.59	.505	315
who smoked cigarettes			
Am comfortable with	1.66	.487	315
casual sex			
Am waiting till marriage to	1.77	.425	315
have sex			
Have been treated for a	1.86	.350	315
sexually transmitted			

infection (e.g. syphilis,			
gonorrhoea, herpes,			
genital ulcer, idrop)			
Drink coffee	1.17	.377	315
Have been in a car	1.73	.446	315
accident as a passenger			
Have taken drugs	1.90	.305	315
intravenously (injectable)			
Have sinus problems	1.52	.500	315
Am careful with my diet	1.59	.493	315
Have been to London	1.90	.298	315
Live alone	1.72	.451	315
Have my driver's license	1.62	.487	315
Like documentaries	1.47	.500	315
Went to a government	1.31	.464	315
high school			
Have had sex with	1.57	.502	315
someone who wasn't my			
regular partner			
Have a brother	1.21	.410	315
Think alcohol should be	1.57	.496	315
illegal			
Have been tested for HIV	1.17	.380	315
Have gone to the chemist	1.20	.401	315
when sick			
Am at risk for HIV	1.70	.457	315
Support legalising drugs	1.82	.386	315
Think sex is ok in a	1.16	.369	315
committed relationship			
Live in shared	1.57	.497	315
accommodation			
Know my HIV status	1.16	.369	315
Often watch television late	1.45	.505	315
at night			
Have often drunk alcohol	1.56	.498	315
Don't mix with people who	1.81	.404	315
drink alcohol			
Would consider myself a	1.64	.481	315
fan of pop music			
Have seen a dentist in the	1.68	.469	315
last two years			

Smoke cigarettes in social	1.73	.460	315
situations	1.75	.400	010
Have more than one sister	1.37	.484	315
Had sex when I was	1.88	.339	315
younger than 14			
Always use condoms	1.56	.510	315
when having sex			
Have watched the movie	1.26	.438	315
"Tsotsi"			
Am entitled to have my	1.79	.405	315
partner pay for things for			
me			
Never exercise	1.79	.405	315
Never drink fizzy drinks	1.86	.344	315
Own at least one cell	1.15	.354	315
phone			
Don't drive when I have	1.48	.507	315
been drinking			
Have an internet	1.60	.491	315
connection at home			
Watch the news on TV at	1.51	.501	315
least 3 times a week			
Reading is a hobby	1.55	.499	315
Think smoking cigarettes	1.53	.500	315
is more harmful than			
smoking dagga			
Regularly get health	1.72	.449	315
check-ups			
Don't normally eat	1.57	.496	315
breakfast			
Know what a "conversion"	1.61	.489	315
is in rugby			
Have a favourite TV show	1.23	.421	315
Have a dog as a pet	1.78	.414	315
Have my own vehicle	1.87	.350	315
Have seen any kind of	1.56	.497	315
health practitioner in the			
last year	4.00	450	045
Can speak more than 2	1.29	.452	315
languages reasonably			
Well	1 70	157	245
Have had diagnostic tests	1.70	.457	315

done in the last year			
Went to a private high	1.67	.471	315
school			0.0
Subscribe to electronic	1.58	.501	315
newsletters			
Have had sex after	1.63	.490	315
drinking			
Have not had sex	1.76	.430	315
Have had more than two	1.80	.406	315
sexual partners in the last			
three months			
Have gone to a local clinic	1.29	.454	315
when sick			
Have taken antibiotics in	1.40	.491	315
the last year			
Take vitamins almost	1.75	.436	315
everyday			
There's a handgun in my	1.84	.369	315
house			
Only use condoms with a	1.78	.439	315
new partner			
Have lived outside of	1.90	.307	315
South Africa			
Am sexually active	1.34	.473	315
Have refused to use a	1.77	.430	315
condom			
Have never been in	1.71	.461	315
hospital			
Have watched the movie	1.37	.483	315
"Jerusalema"			
Had sex the first time with	1.72	.455	315
someone when I did not			
really feel like doing it			
Have had sex with	1.90	.309	315
someone who isn't a			
regular partner because			
I've needed material			
things (e.g. rent, food,			
cosmetics).			
Have weekend/after hours	1.81	.404	315
work for money			
Had asthma as a child	1.84	.377	315

	l I		
Have felt peer pressure to drink alcohol.	1.60	.491	315
Can drive quite well after	1.87	.337	315
two drinks			
Regularly post items on	1.50	.501	315
Facebook			
Have been forced to have	1.84	.366	315
sex			
Have had to slap, kick or	1.82	.388	315
bite to stop someone			
having sex with me			
Have engaged in sexual	1.82	.388	315
intercourse while under			
the influence of alcohol			
that I later regretted.			
Regret having had sex	1.63	.489	315
Have lived in at least	1.83	.377	315
three different provinces			
Have had unprotected sex	1.90	.315	315
while knowing I am HIV			
positive and/or have a			
sexually transmitted			
infection			
Don't mix with people who	1.65	.491	315
use drugs			
Am careful about risky sex	1.23	.445	315
Have a student loan from	1.80	.403	315
a bank			
Have tried to get someone	1.87	.343	315
else intoxicated in the			
hopes of having sexual			
intercourse with them.			
Am comfortable receiving	1.48	.513	315
gifts from my sexual			
partner			
Have been sexually active	1.78	.431	315
but not had intercourse			
(vaginal or anal)			
Have been coerced or	1.86	.353	315
forced to have sexual			3.3
intercourse by someone			
who was under the			

influence of alcohol.			
	4.75	424	245
Am a virgin	1.75	.434	315
Sometimes drink alcohol	1.50	.513	315
socially	4.70	450	245
Have been pressurised to	1.73	.459	315
have sex without a			
condom			
Have been to Durban	1.05	.226	315
Drink tea	1.10	.307	315
Drink alcohol in	1.54	.512	315
moderation			
Have forced someone to	1.94	.251	315
have sex with me			
Have had sexual	1.85	.357	315
intercourse when so			
under the influence of			
alcohol that I was unable			
to consent.			
Felt ready when I had sex	1.55	.504	315
the first time			
Own a laptop computer	1.24	.429	315
Have had sex with a	1.94	.238	315
teacher or lecturer			
Have been in an accident	1.86	.350	315
as driver			
(car/motorcycle/bicycle)			
Have blacked out from	1.73	.446	315
drinking too much alcohol			
Smoke dagga	1.78	.414	315
occasionally			
Have drunk alcohol	1.38	.486	315
Have allergies	1.44	.503	315
Have a shoe size over 7	1.67	.472	315
Have had sex with	1.85	.366	315
someone when I was so			
drunk that I do not			
remember it			
Often watch television late	1.47	.506	315
at night			
First had sex between the	1.59	.499	315
ages of 14 and 18			
Have had sexual	1.77	.441	315
. Idvo Had Jonaal	1.77	ו דד.	313

intercourse without a			
condom being used while			
under the influence of			
alcohol.			
Know the name of the	1.31	.471	315
premier of KwaZulu-Natal			
Have a cat as a pet	1.84	.380	315
Had the usual childhood	1.38	.494	315
illnesses			
Live with my family	1.38	.493	315
Have been/am in a sexual	1.89	.311	315
relationship mainly for			
material benefits (e.g.			
gifts, food, clothes).			
Am careful about what I	1.29	.452	315
put into my body			
Have had sex with	1.90	.294	315
someone who was in an			
authority position in			
relation to me			
Use the internet from my	1.12	.326	315
cellphone			
Have watched the movie	1.75	.436	315
"Argo"			
Have consumed alcohol	1.63	.485	315
until intoxicated/drunk			
Dagga is not harmful	1.81	.396	315
Read the local paper	1.75	.443	315
almost everyday	-	-	
Became aware of sexual	1.42	.494	315
feelings from 13 years			
onwards			
Have read the book "Lord	1.76	.427	315
of the files"	1.70	.421	313
Have coerced or forced	1.02	202	215
someone who was under	1.92	.293	315
the influence of alcohol to			
have sexual intercourse			
with me.			
	4.04	4 4 4	245
Look after my body	1.24	.441	315

Social Desirability - Item Statistics			
	Mean	Std. Deviation	N
I sometimes feel resentful when I don't get my way.	1.41	.493	314
On a few occasions, I have given up doing something because I thought too little of my	1.42	.494	314
ability. There have been times when I felt like rebelling against people in authority even though I knew they were right.	1.50	.501	314
No matter who I'm talking to, I'm always a good listener.	1.22	.415	314
I can remember "playing sick" to get out of something.	1.31	.461	314
There have been occasions when I took advantage of someone.	1.58	.495	314
I'm always willing to admit it when I make a mistake.	1.40	.490	314
I sometimes try to get even rather than forgive and forget.	1.45	.499	314
I am always courteous (polite), even to people who are disagreeable (unpleasant).	1.34	.475	314
I have never been irked (irritated) when people expressed ideas very different from my own.	1.46	.500	314
There have times when I was quite jealous of the good fortune of others.	1.57	.496	314
I am sometimes irritated by people who ask	1.56	.497	314

favours of me.			
I have never deliberately	1.37	.483	314
said something that hurt			
someone's feelings.			

Social Desirability Descriptive Statistics			
	Mean	Std. Deviation	Analysis N
I sometimes feel resentful when I don't get my way.	1.41	.493	314
On a few occasions, I have given up doing something because I thought too little of my ability.	1.42	.494	314
There have been times when I felt like rebelling against people in authority even though I knew they were right.	1.50	.501	314
No matter who I'm talking to, I'm always a good listener.	1.22	.415	314
I can remember "playing sick" to get out of something.	1.31	.461	314
There have been occasions when I took advantage of someone.	1.58	.495	314
I'm always willing to admit it when I make a mistake.	1.40	.490	314
I sometimes try to get even rather than forgive and forget.	1.45	.499	314
I am always courteous (polite), even to people who are disagreeable (unpleasant).	1.34	.475	314
I have never been irked (irritated) when people expressed ideas very	1.46	.500	314

different from my own.			
There have times when I	1.57	.496	314
was quite jealous of the			
good fortune of others.			
I am sometimes irritated	1.56	.497	314
by people who ask			
favours of me.			
I have never deliberately	1.37	.483	314
said something that hurt			
someone's feelings.			

Social Desirability - Scale Statistics						
Mean	Varianc	Std.	N of			
	е	Deviation	Items			
18.59	5.176	2.275	13			

Social Desirability - Intraclass Correlation Coefficient							
	Intraclass	95% Confidence Interval		F Test with True Value 0			
	Correlationb	Lower	Upper	Value	df1	df2	Sig
		Bound	Bound				
Single	.058ª	.040	.080	1.797	313	3756	.000
Measures							
Average	.444	.349	.530	1.797	313	3756	.000
Measures							

Two-way random effects model where both people effects and measures effects are random.

b. Type C intraclass correlation coefficients using a consistency definition-the between-measure variance is excluded from the denominator variance.

Social Desirability - Item-Total Statistics					
	Scale	Scale	Corrected	Squared	Cronbach's
	Mean if	Variance if	Item-Total	Multiple	Alpha if Item
	Item	Item	Correlation	Correlation	Deleted
	Deleted	Deleted			
I sometimes feel resentful	17.18	4.292	.314	.317	.376
when I don't get my way.					
On a few occasions, I	17.17	4.237	.342	.304	.367
have given up doing					
something because I					

a. The estimator is the same, whether the interaction effect is present or not.

thought too little of my					
ability.					
There have been times	17.09	4.462	.219	.155	.405
when I felt like rebelling					
against people in authority					
even though I knew they					
were right.	47.07	4.000	20.4		110
No matter who I'm talking	17.37	4.833	.094	.066	.440
to, I'm always a good					
listener.	47.00	4.000		20.4	100
I can remember "playing	17.28	4.662	.151	.084	.426
sick" to get out of					
something.	47.04	1.0.10	222		20.4
There have been	17.01	4.342	.286	.175	.384
occasions when I took					
advantage of someone.	.=				
I'm always willing to admit	17.19	4.441	.240	.148	.399
it when I make a mistake.					
I sometimes try to get	17.13	4.500	.202	.060	.410
even rather than forgive					
and forget.					
I am always courteous	17.25	4.748	.098	.139	.440
(polite), even to people					
who are disagreeable					
(unpleasant).					
I have never been irked	17.12	5.033	048	.083	.482
(irritated) when people					
expressed ideas very					
different from my own.					
There have times when I	17.02	4.489	.210	.134	.408
was quite jealous of the					
good fortune of others.					
I am sometimes irritated	17.02	4.559	.175	.123	.418
by people who ask					
favours of me.					
I have never deliberately	17.22	5.399	203	.158	.520
said something that hurt					
someone's feelings.					